# fourth edition English File Pre-intermediate

Workbook

WITH KEY

Christina Latham-Koenig Clive Oxenden Jerry Lambert

> Paul Seligson with Michael Duckworth



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> > Paul Seligson and Clive Oxenden are the original co-authors of English File 1 and English File 2

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## Are you? Can you? Do you? Did you?

Sometimes questions are more important than answers. Nancy Willard, American writer

**G** word order in questions **V** common verb phrases **P** the alphab

1 VOCABULARY	common verb	phrases	2
--------------	-------------	---------	---

#### Match verbs 1-9 to the nouns. a a film, a TV series 1 be born i b in a house, with friends 2 do c an email, a magazine 3 listen to 4 read d two sisters, a pet e to the cinema, on holiday 5 speak 6 live f exercise, sport 7 watch g a foreign language, English h dance music, R&B 8 go i in Kraków, Poland, in 1997 9 have

## b Complete the conversations with the missing

A	What time do you usually go to bed?
В	At about 10.30, and I get up at 7.00.
Α	What did you last weekend?
	I went to the cinema with some friends.
	Do you do any or exercise?
В	Yes, I love football and tennis.
Δ	What kind of do you listen to?
	Hove pop and rock.
0	There pop and rock.
Α	What do you usually have for?
	Just a sandwich and some crisps normally.
2	With the William Control of the Cont
	Do you have any?
В	Yes, we have two cats.
А	Where do you?
	In a small flat near the railway station.
Α	Where did you English before
В	At school.
Α.	140 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	What does your father?
В	He's a teacher.
A	Where were you?
	B AB AB AB AB AB AB

#### **GRAMMAR** word order in questions

#### Circle the correct form. 1 Does your sister have / Your sister has a job?

2 Hello, I can / can I help you?

3 Where were you / you were born?

4 Do the children want / Want the children a drink?

5 Did you see / Saw you the football match on TV last night?

6 What does do your boyfriend / does your boyfriend do?

7 Where she learnt / did she learn to speak English?

8 What time do you get up / get you up in the morning?

#### Re-order the words to make questions.

	do / do / parents / what / your	
	What do your parents do?	
2	girlfriend / student / is / a / your	
		?
3	what / at / you / do / the / weekend / do	
		?
4	out / how / you / go / often / do	
		?
5	did / go / last / where / you / Saturday	
		?
6	a / did / time / nice / you / have	



c Write questions in the present or past simple.

1	Where do you live	?
	(you / live)	
2	What	?
	(you / do last night)	
3	What	?
	(TV series / you / watch)	
4	When	?
	(your birthday)	
5	Where	?
	(you / from)	
6	Where	?
	(you / go / on holiday last year)	
7	What kind of books	?
	(you / read)	



d Answer the questions in c about you.

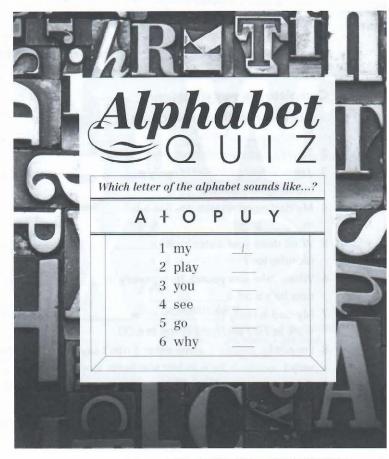
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	

#### 3 **PRONUNCIATION** the alphabet

a Circle the letter with a different vowel sound.

train	1 A K (E)	
tree	2 G V R	
egg egg	3 N B F	1
train	4 H P J	
egg egg	5 X S K	
tree	6 M C D	
us boot	7 Q I U	

- b @1.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the letters.
- c Complete the alphabet quiz.



## The perfect date?

Every love story is beautiful, but ours is my favourite. Unknown.

G present simple V describing people: appearance and personality P final -s and -es

1 VOCABULARY	describing peop	e
--------------	-----------------	---

Э		oss out the un.	word wh	nich can't	be used wi	th the <b>bold</b>
	1	hair	red curl	y straight	t tall	
	2	eyes	blonde	big blue	brown	
		man			overweight	
	4	woman			m beautifu	
b		rder the let ntences.	ters to m	ake word	s that com	plete the
	1	Thanks for p			at was very	
	2	Sarah's reall	У	(nynft	u). She make	es me laugh.
	3	Sam's very		(rdfylne	i). Everybod	y likes him.
	4	John never (alzy).	does his h	omework. I	He's very	
	5	Imogen is a exams.		(eervlc	) girl. She'll	do well in her
	6	That was a	very	(di	nukn) thing	to say.
	7	David is qui	ite intellige (updits)		netimes he	says really
	8	Paula is real meeting ne			– she doesr	n't like
	9	Laura's usua very much.	ally very _		_ (iuetq) – sh	ne doesn't talk
С	C	omplete th	e sentenc	ces.		
	1	Does your b			ey	yes or
	2	Tanya's dad			ir. He's b	
			v girlfriend			_ – she loves
	4	My dad nev		He has a b	)	_ and a
	5	What does		look I	? Is	she tall and
	6		was young		ery th	, but
	7				V	– he starts
	,	work at 7.00				10-10 Statement of 1999 (
	8					nuch, but she's
					never stops	
	9	-	a very s			works hard
	10				e never pays	for anything.

#### **GRAMMAR** present simple

Complete the conversation with the present simple form of the verbs in brackets.

1	A	<u>Do</u> your parents <u>live</u>
		together? (live)
	В	No, they don't. They're divorced now.
2	Α	Louisa to marry
		her boyfriend? (want)
	В	In a few years perhaps.
3	A	What's the weather like where you live?
	В	It rains a lot in the winter, but it
		often in the summer. (not
		rain)
4	A	What does José do in the evenings?
1	В	He a lot of TV. (watch)
		75/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05/05
5	Α	your sister
		Spanish? (speak)
	В	No, but she speaks English and Italian.
6	А	you Monday to
		Friday? (work)
	В	
7	A	How often do you play tennis in winter?
		We very often
		because it's cold and wet. (not play)
8	Δ	Does your sister like living in Italy?
0		Yes, she it. (love)
	D	165, 51161t. (10 vc)

b	in	ewrite the sentences with the words in brackets the correct place. Use contractions where ossible.
	1	My dad lives alone and he does not go out. (often)  My dad lives alone and he doesn't often go out.
	2	You are too old to get married. (never)
	3	Candice sees her boyfriend. (every day)
	4	Alice meets people on the internet. (sometimes)
	5	It is fun to go on a date. (always)
	6	I see my wife these days. (hardly ever)

c Complete the text with the correct form of the words from the list.

7 I go out during the week. (never)

earn get on have live not come not like not see prefer share study want work



## My boyfriend Jamie

I'm very different from my boyfriend, Jamie. Jamie  $^1$ works as a vet, and he  $^2$  quite a lot of money. I'm a student, and I  $^3$  music at university. I  $^4$  to be a music teacher when I finish.

Jamie  $^5$  alone in a small house in the country, and I  $^6$ 

the country, and I  $^6$  \_\_\_\_\_ a flat with some friends in the city centre. We often  $^7$  \_\_\_\_ He's quite shy, so he  $^9$  \_\_\_\_ being with other people. I'm quite extrovert, so I  $^{10}$  \_\_\_ being in a group.

I  $^{11}$  \_\_\_\_\_ Jamie very often because he's usually busy. But when we're together, we always  $^{12}$  \_\_\_\_\_ really well. Some people say that opposites attract, and for Jamie and me, it's true.

d	Write	questions	about	you	and	your	best	friend
	Anna							

1	а	What / you / do?
		What do you do?
	b	What / Anna / do?
		What does Anna do?
2	а	Where / you / live?
	b	Where / Anna / live?
3	а	Who / you live / with?
	b	Who / Anna / live with?
4	а	you / like going to parties?
	b	Anna / like going to parties?
5	a	you / be shy or extrovert?
	b	Anna / be shy or extrovert?

е	Think about a good friend. Write a paragraph
	about the differences between you. Use the text
	in <b>c</b> and the questions in <b>d</b> to help you.

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION final -s and -es

a Circle the verb with a different final sound.

S	S	a R	A	/IZ/	/IZ/
1 <b>s</b> nake	2 <b>s</b> nake	3 <b>z</b> ebra	4 <b>z</b> ebra	5	6
works laughs watches	lives thinks drinks	knows rains likes	run <b>s</b> start <b>s</b> go <b>es</b>	leav <b>es</b> dress <b>es</b> wash <b>es</b>	teaches cooks uses

b ①1.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

G present continuous V clothes, prepositions of place P /3/ and /3//

#### **VOCABULARY** clothes, prepositions of place

Complete the words.









8 b lt \_n\_rs







10 dr ss

11 t

12 sh\_rts

#### Match descriptions 1–10 to a–j.

- 1 They keep your hands warm. 2 This is like a shirt, but for women. 3 They keep your feet warm. 4 This keeps your neck warm. 5 You wear this on your head. 6 You wear these in your ears. 7 People often wear this to a job interview. 8 You wear these when you go to bed. 9 You wear this under your trousers and top. \_ 10 People wear these shoes to the beach.
- a blouse b suit c earrings

e gloves

- f hat
- g pyjamas
- h scarf d flip-flops
  - i socks j underwear



Look at the photo, a remake of van Gogh's painting The bedroom. Complete the sentences with a preposition from the list.

next to on on the left under 1 There's a painting of a man on the left of the painting of

above behind between in front of

- the woman.
- 2 There are some clothes \_\_\_\_ the bed.
- 3 There's a chair \_\_\_\_\_ the bed and the table.
- 4 There's a small cup \_\_\_\_\_\_ the two jugs the table.
- 5 The two pillows on the bed are \_\_\_\_\_
- 6 There's a mirror \_\_\_\_\_\_ the table.
- 7 The chair by the bed is \_\_\_\_\_\_ the window.

#### PRONUNCIATION /a/ and /3:/

Write the words in the chart.

cardigan fashion prefer sandals shirt skirt sweater third trainers trousers T-shirt world

computer	cardigan
3 bird	prefer

b 1.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

#### 3 GRAMMAR present continuous

a Complete the conversation with the present continuous form of the verbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible.

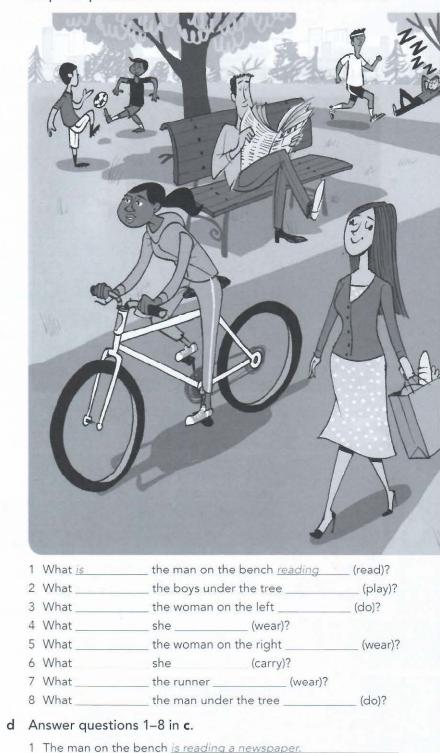
A	What <sup>1</sup> are you doing	(you / do),
	Stefan?	
В	1 <sup>2</sup> (lo	ok) at some
	paintings online. I want to of one for the living room	
A	My sister <sup>3</sup>	(do) an ar
	course at the moment. P paint something for us.	erhaps she can
В	Umperhaps. But look a really beautiful. It's by Ve there's a girl who	
		ar) a blue and
	yellow scarf on her head earring.	Charles (May and a second supplemental property of the control of
A	I'm not sure. She 5	*
	(not / smile).	
В	I know, but that makes it interesting.	more
A	OK. If you like it, order it	. My sister can

b Complete the sentences with the present simple or present continuous form of a verb from the list. Use contractions where possible.

paint something for the dining room.

-		
	rink drive <del>like</del> live	
ra	in sleep study wea	ir
1	We <u>like</u> much – it's really intere	
2	Charles alwayswork.	to
3	Shhhh! The children _	<b>4.</b> 2 * 4 * 1.
4	We can't play tennis to	oday.
5	Fiona coffee every day.	four cups of
6	Kathy always home.	jeans at
7	They can't come to the they	
	tomorrow.	
8	My parentshouse in the country.	in a big

c Look at the picture. Complete the questions with the present simple or present continuous form of the verb in brackets.



3 The woman on the left \_\_\_\_\_

C	Go	online	for	more	practice	
C	Go	online	for	more	practice	

2 The boys are \_\_\_\_\_

## 1

## Practical English Hotel problems

calling reception

#### 1 CALLING RECEPTION



a Complete the sentences with a word from the list.

bo	other have	's put send this	
1	I have	_ a problem with the wi-fi.	
2	1'11	you through to IT.	
3	1/11	somebody up right now.	
4	I'm sorry to _	you.	
5	Hello.	is room 315.	
6	There	a problem with the shower.	

b Complete the conversations with sentences 1-6 from a.

1	A B	Hello, reception. Hello. <sup>1</sup> This is room 315
	A B	How can I help you?
	٨	There isn't any hot water.  I'm sorry, madam. <sup>3</sup>
	В	Thank you.
2	A	Hello, reception.
	В	Hello, this is room 315 again. <sup>4</sup> but there's one more thing.
	Α	How can I help you?
	В	I can't get a signal.
	Α	I'm sorry, madam. 6
	В	Thanks.

#### 2 I'LL

Match	problems	1-4 to	offers	a-d
MIGICAL	PIODICITIS	1 7 10	011013	a u.

- 1 I have a problem with the wi-fi. \_\_\_\_\_\_
  2 This room is very noisy. \_\_\_\_\_
  3 I want to talk to the manager. \_\_\_\_\_
  4 There's no water in my mini-bar. \_\_\_\_\_
- a I'll see if we have a quieter one.
- b I'll send two bottles to your room right now.
- e I'll put you through to IT.
- d I'll ask her to call you.

#### **3 SOCIAL ENGLISH**

- a Circle the correct words.
  - 1 What's your room like? Do you have a good view/ look?
  - 2 It's great to be / be here.
  - 3 You can / must be really tired.
  - 4 I want / guess you're right.
  - 5 It's great to see you, too / two.
  - 6 By the way / On the way, Martha wants to see you while you're here.
- b Complete the conversation with the missing words.
  - 1 A Welcome to New York.
    - B Thanks. It's great to be here.
  - 2 A Do you have a g\_\_\_\_\_
    - B Yes. I can see the Empire State Building from my window.
  - 3 A It's time to go. You m\_\_\_\_\_\_ b really tired.
    - b\_\_\_\_\_ really tired.

      B | g\_\_\_\_\_ you're right.
  - - B Yes. It's great to see you, t\_\_\_\_\_

## Can you remember...? 1

#### GRAMMAR

Circle the correct form.

- 1 It's great to see you! But what you are doing / are you doing here in London?
- 2 Dan really likes that restaurant, but I think not / don't think the food's very good.
- 3 Excuse me, can I / I can sit here?
- 4 Don't worry about Anna. She's always / She always is late.
- 5 My dad's a teacher. What does / do your parents do?
- 6 Ask Jamie to help you. He works / work in IT, so he's really good with computers.

#### 2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

- 1 long curly straight slim
- 2 hair height beard moustache
- 3 stupid lazy unkind generous
- 4 kind behind above between
- 5 boots trainers jeans sandals
- 6 bracelet earrings tights necklace

#### **PRONUNCIATION**

Circle the word or letter with a different sound.

computer	1 sh <b>ir</b> t trous <b>er</b> s sweat <b>er</b> cardig <b>a</b> n
bird	2 university work curly painter
tree	3 A B C D
zebra	4 meals clothes balls dates
/IZ/	5 likes washes uses watches
snake	6 concerts hats glasses coats

#### **GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY**

Read the article. Circle a, b or c.

## THE INVISIBLE MAN

Liu Bolin is an artist from China who is now famous countries all over the world. He's called the 'Invisible Man' because in his pictures it's very hard to see him.

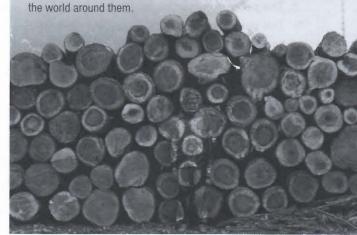
in Shandong, China, in 1973. He studied at the Shandong College of Art, and then he went to the Central Academy of Fine Arts in Beijing.

\_\_ and works in Beijing, but he 4\_\_ travels to other countries and he's shown his work in Asia, Europe and America.

In this photo, Liu 5\_ in front of some logs. He's in the of the photo, and if you look carefully, you can see his and jacket.

Liu's photos can take ten hours to prepare. He chooses a place to stand, and then his assistant 8\_\_\_\_ him paint his clothes and his face. When everything is ready, his assistant takes the photo. The results are amazing - sometimes people who are 9 him in the street don't know that he's there.

Liu's work is popular because it's different and fun, but his work also has a 10 message: he wants people to think about



- 1 a under
  - b in
- c on

- 2 a was born
- b was from
- c is born

- 3 a live
- **b** living **b** often
- c lives

- 4 a hardly ever 5 a standing
- **b** stands
- c never c is standing

- 6 a middle
- **b** left
- c front

- 7 a shorts
- **b** trousers
- c sweater

- 8 a is helping
  - **b** helps
- c helping

- 9 a walking
- **b** walk
- c walks

- 10 a serious
- **b** generous
- c funny
- Go online to check your progress

## OMG! Where's my passport?

To travel is to live. Hans Christian Andersen Danish author

G past simple: regular and irregular verbs V holidays P regular verbs: -

1	GRAMMAR	past	simple:	regular	and
	irregular verb	os			

Write the past simple of these verbs in the correct column.

argue begin arrive ask buy can choose eat feel invite rent say stay study

Regular	Irregular
argued	began
	* .

K	ewrite the sentend	ces with a negative verb
1	We stayed in a hos	tel.
	We didn't stay	_ in a hotel.
2	They bought some	postcards.
	They	any souvenirs.
3	The people were un	nfriendly.
	The people	very helpful.
4	I swam in the sea.	
		_ in the swimming pool.
5	We rented a flat.	
	We	a car.
6	He spent a month i	n Bangkok.

a week there.



Complete the text with the past simple form of verbs from the list.

arrive	ask	book	cannot	decide
go (x2)	100	k take	want	

#### THE HOLIDAY THAT WASN'T

Four years ago, v	we <sup>1</sup> decided	_ to go away fo	or the
weekend. We <sup>2</sup>	to g	o to Portugal,	so we
3	a beautiful apartn	nent online. A v	veek later, we
4	a taxi to the airpo	rt. We <sup>5</sup>	at
the airport at two	o o'clock, and we	6	_ to check-in.
The woman at th	e desk 7	us for ou	ir passports.
We 8	in our bags an	d in our coat p	ockets, but
we 9	find them. So	we <sup>10</sup>	home
again! It was a m	niserable weekend	1 🖘	

d Read the text in c again. Complete the questions.

1	When <u>did they decide</u> weekend?	to go away for the
	Four years ago.	
2	Where	to go?
	Portugal.	
3	How	_ the apartment?
	They booked it online.	
4	What time	at the airport?
	At two o'clock.	
5	What	_ at check-in ask for?
	The woman asked for th	eir passports.
6	Where	in the end?
	They went home.	

#### **PRONUNCIATION** -ed endings

Circle the verb which has a different -ed sound.

			ar se	1
1	wa	ked	asked	rented

- 2 argued wanted stayed
- 3 booked started decided
- 4 arrived invited phoned
- 5 waited cooked watched
- 2.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

#### 3 VOCABULARY holidays

a Complete the phrases.

1 go camping	2 go	3a flight online	4 go	5swimming
6 go at night	7 in a	8 go	9 on the beach	16 In Brighton 17 10 go for the weekend

b Complete the sentences with an adjective.

1	We loved our room. It was very comfortable.
2	The weather was warm and s every day.
3	There were a lot of people on the beach. It was very cr
4	The hotel was on a busy road, so it was really n
5	The staff in the hotel were very unh and sometimes quite unfriendly.
6	There wasn't much in the apartment. It was very b It didn't even have a fridge.
7	The other people on the trip were very fr We made some good friends.
8	The town was I All the houses had flowers on the balcony and were painted different colours.
9	It was cl all day, so we couldn't sunbathe.
0	The apartment was very I – it was full of expensive furniture and very comfortable!

c Look at the chart. Write the questions and Lucy's answers.

Last year's holiday	Lucy	You
1 Where / you go Where did you go?	Greece I went to Greece.	On my last holiday, I went to
2 How/you/get there	plane	
3 Where / you / stay	hotel	
4 How long / you / stay	ten days	
5 What / you / do	went swimming	
6 What / be / weather like	sunny	

d Write sentences about your last holiday in the You column in c.

## That's me in the picture!

A good photograph is knowing where to stand. Ansel Adams, American photographer

**G** past continuous **V** prepositions of time and place: at, in, on **P** weak forms: was, were

1	VOCABULARY at, in, on	d	Match the beginnings of the sentences $1-8$ to the endings in $c$ .
a	Complete the sentences with prepositions of time:		1 I think Jen's birthday is d
	<ul> <li>at, in, or on.</li> <li>1 This photo shows me in Berlin in February – it was really cold.</li> <li>2 Henri Cartier-Bresson was born 1908, and he died August 2004.</li> <li>3 We have an exam Monday morning.</li> <li>4 We never get any snow the winter.</li> <li>5 Our flight is leaving Wednesday 9.30 the evening and arriving 12.00 Thursday.</li> <li>6 In the UK, offices are closed Christmas and New Year's Day.</li> <li>7 I hate driving night, getting up early the morning, and working weekends.</li> </ul>	<b>2</b> a	2 Between 9.00 and 5.00, my dad's usually 3 I usually get up 4 The office is closed 5 I come from Brussels, but I live 6 My grandfather was born 7 I saw you yesterday. You were waiting 8 There's a letter for you. I put it
	8 Easter, we went to Greece, and we're going again the summer, probably the last two weeks July.		Amy was walking in the park at 10.30 yesterday.  you and Jack in the same office when you first met?
Ь	Complete the sentences with prepositions of place: at, in, or on.  1 We took some great photos at the party.  2 I can't read books the bus or a car.  3 We want to put some shelves the wall the living room. We're going to put all our old books the shelves.  4 My family are from Ireland, but we live New York, the 11th floor of a tall building.  5 I'll meet you the station.  6 The children all sat the floor.  7 They spent the morning the museum and then went for a walk the park.  8 I met my boyfriend school.	b	<ul> <li>3 Why didn't you answer the phone last night? What?</li> <li>4 It when I left home this morning.</li> <li>5 I in Prague in 2017.</li> <li>6 I dropped my passport when I into the taxi.</li> </ul>
С	Complete the phrases with at, in, or on.  a at work b 1948 c Amsterdam d 9th May e Saturday and Sunday f the bus stop g the table h 7.15		The children / play computer games / the visitors arrive  We / have a barbecue / it start to rain  I / write a report / my computer crash

c The police are at an art gallery because someone stole a famous painting at 5.30 yesterday afternoon. What were the people in the pictures doing at the time? Write sentences.



1 clean Gallery 6 I was cleaning Gallery 6.



2 try to find the exit We



3 close the windows

What were you doing at 5.30 yesterday afternoon?



4 wash the coffee cups We



5 count the money



6 What were <u>you</u> doing at 5.30 yesterday?

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION weak forms: was, were

- a Read the sentences. Are was and were stressed or unstressed? Write S for stressed and U for unstressed.
  - 1 My mum took this photo when we were travelling in Malaysia. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
  - 2 We met our new neighbours yesterday they weren't very friendly. \_\_
  - 3 What were you doing when I phoned you? \_\_\_\_

  - 4 A Was Matt at home last night? \_\_\_
    - B No, he wasn't.
  - 5 A It was a great party. \_\_
    - B Was it at Kim's house? \_\_\_
    - A Yes, it was. \_\_\_
  - 6 There were lots of people at the supermarket. \_\_\_\_
- b @2.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the sentences.



## One dark October evening

The driver is the most dangerous part of the car. Leo Campion, French humourist

G time sequencers and connectors V verb phrases P word stress

#### **GRAMMAR** time sequencers and connectors

a Complete the text with phrases from the list.

After that One summer Suddenly The next day Two minutes later when



# An Almah holiday

<sup>1</sup> One summer	, I decided to travel to Peru. I flev	V
to Lima and then	travelled to a town near Machu Picch	ıu
to spend the nigh	t. <sup>2</sup> , I climbed th	ie
mountain to visit	the monument. I was quite tired	
3	I reached the top!	
4	, I saw a man who was at the san	ne
university as me.	, he came over	to
speak to me, and	he was just as surprised as I was.	
6	, we decided to travel together.	We
had a great sumn	er, and we carried on seeing each ot	her
when we got hor	e. In fact, we got married two years	
later, and we now	have a beautiful daughter called Be	th.

#### b Circle the correct ending, a or b.

- 1 Although James was very late,
  - a) his boss didn't say anything.
  - b his boss got very angry.
- 2 I got up late, so
  - a I didn't have time for breakfast.
  - b I didn't hear the alarm clock.
- 3 The tickets were really expensive, but
  - a I decided not to buy one.
  - b I decided to buy one.
- 4 Laura ran to the station because
  - a she was late.
  - **b** she missed the train.
- 5 Although my flat is small,
  - a I need a bigger one.
  - b it's perfect for me.

Complete the sentences with a word from the list.

al	though (x2) because but (x2) so (x2)	
1	I didn't have time, <u>so</u> I didn't have any breakfast.	
2	It was really hot, I had a great holiday in Egyp	ot.
3	I don't really like Ryan, I went on a date with	nim
4	The door to my flat was open, I called the po	lice
5	Mark has a lot of money, he's really mean.	
6	Mandy cancelled her credit cards she couldn find her purse.	't
7	We wanted to go for a meal after the cinema all the restaurants were closed.	

#### 2 PRONUNCIATION word stress

a Write the words in the chart.

a cross after a gain a long all though aw ful be cause be fore be hind birth day evening hurry in vite perfect quickly summer

1 First syllable stressed	2 Second syllable stressed
after	across
	DOTE TATE
	and the second section is the

b ② 2.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

#### 3 VOCABULARY verb phrases

- a Match the sentence halves.
  - 1 Jamie and Hannah met <u>d</u>
  - 2 He played \_\_\_\_\_ 3 She left
  - 4 He waited
  - 5 She gave
  - 6 He invited \_\_\_\_\_ 7 He took her \_\_\_\_
  - 8 They had

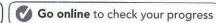
- a her to dinner.
- b for her at the door.
- c a great time.
- d in a club.
- e to a nice restaurant.
- f the club very late.
- g a song for her.
- h him her phone number.

b Complete the sentences with a verb from the list.

'm driving gave invited left played ran waiting

- 1 We had a great night at the club, and we only left \_\_\_\_\_ at about five in the morning.
- 2 Sally was alone in the restaurant, but I think she was \_\_\_\_\_ for somebody.
- 3 Oliver liked Helena, so he \_\_\_\_\_ her to dinner.
- 4 I can't talk now because I \_\_\_\_\_\_ in a hurry.
- 5 When I saw Harry, he was \_\_\_\_\_ along the high street in his new car.
- 6 Lara spoke to the DJ, and he \_\_\_\_\_ her favourite song.
- 7 The cat \_\_\_\_\_ across the road, but I stopped the car in time.
- 8 Jane wanted to stay in touch, so I \_\_\_\_\_ her my phone number.
- c Answer the questions about you. Write full sentences.
  - 1 When was the last time someone invited you to dinner?
  - 2 How often do you leave home late for work / class?
  - 3 When you go to parties, do you usually have a good time?
  - 4 Where do you usually meet your friends?
  - 5 Have you ever waited more than an hour for somebody who was late?





I'd like to be able to fly. Then I wouldn't have to wait in airport security lines. Jim Morris, American baseball player

**G** be going to (plans and predictions) **V** airports **P** the letter **g** 

#### **VOCABULARY** airports

a Complete the words with the missing vowels.



b Complete the sentences with a word from A and a word from B.

8 d\_p\_rt\_r\_s

A	В
bag	reclaim
baggage	control
gate	check
passport	drop
security	number

- 1 We can get a trolley in baggage reclaim when we pick up our bags.
- 2 If you have scissors in your hand luggage, you'll have problems at the \_\_\_
- 3 When I got to\_ , they only looked at my photo quickly.
- 4 In departures, the big screens show your departure time and \_
- 5 We've printed our boarding passes, so we just need to find the \_\_\_\_\_\_ to leave our suitcase.

#### Complete the text.

left from <sup>1</sup> Ter	, I flew to New Yor minal 1, and I We went inside ar	my brother dro	pped us outside
to take us up:	stairs to <sup>3</sup> d	We lef	t our suitcases
at the 4b	dr	, and th	nen we went to
the <sup>5</sup> g	to board or	ur plane. We ha	ad a good flight,
but we were v	landed in Nev	w York. There	
was a long qu	ueue at <sup>6</sup> p	C	, and they
asked us a lo	t of questions. Fir	ally, we went t	o <sup>7</sup> b
r	to pick up our ba	ags. We needed	d a <sup>8</sup> tr
this time bec	ause of all our sui	tcases. Nobod	y stopped us
at <sup>9</sup> c	, so we went	straight to 10 a	,
where our frie	ends were waiting	for us.	

#### **PRONUNCIATION** the letter g

Circle the word with a different sound.

d3 jazz	1 su <b>gg</b> est bagga <b>ge</b> jo <b>gg</b> ing
girl	2 chan <b>ge g</b> uess for <b>g</b> et
d3 jazz	3 di <b>g</b> ital a <b>ge</b> bi <b>gg</b> er
d3 jazz	4 <b>g</b> eneral fo <b>gg</b> y lar <b>ge</b>
girl	5 Au <b>g</b> ust <b>g</b> uest re <b>g</b> ion
d3 jazz	6 <b>g</b> ate villa <b>ge</b> a <b>g</b> ent

- b @3.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
- c Tick (✓) the sentences where all three g sounds are the same.
  - 1 We organized a big party for the guests.
  - 2 It's not usually foggy in Germany in August.
  - 3 This is one of the largest villages in the region.

  - 4 I forgot to get George a gift.
- d 3.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the sentences.

#### 3 **GRAMMAR** be going to (plans and predictions)

- a Match 1-7 to a-g.
  - 1 Wait here with the bags. \_c\_
  - 2 Take some warm clothes.
  - 3 Do you want anything from the bookshop? \_\_\_\_
  - 4 Your passport's nearly out of date. \_\_\_\_
  - 5 The traffic's really bad. \_\_\_\_
  - 6 Do you want me to take you to the airport? \_\_\_\_
  - 7 We don't need to book a taxi.
  - a I'm going to buy something to read on the plane.
  - b When are you going to get a new one?
  - c I'm going to get a trolley.
  - d It's going to be cold in New York.
  - e It's OK. I'm going to get the bus.
  - f My brother's going to pick us up at the airport.
  - g We're going to miss our flight.
- **b** Complete the sentences with *be going to* and a verb from the list. Use contractions where possible.

book get notfly miss notsleep stay













- 1 They 're going to miss their flight.
- 2 I \_\_\_\_\_ our flights to Milan with easyJet.
- 3 I'm sorry, but he \_\_\_\_\_ during the flight.
- 4 How long \_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ in Barcelona for?
- 5 That plane \_\_\_\_\_\_ anywhere today.
- 6 How \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the airport?

c Write sentences about what the people are going to do.



1 Jason's going to take Suzy to the airport tomorrow



2 Sam isn't



3 Dave's

fly from London to New York on Wednesday

4 Sally's \_\_\_\_\_



- 5 Esme's \_\_\_\_\_
- d Write three sentences about what you are going to do today, tomorrow, and next week.
  - 1 Later today, I'm going \_\_\_\_\_
  - 2 Tomorrow, I
  - 3 Next week,

a

b

## Put it in your calendar!

2

the words.

Organizing is what you do before you do something. A.A. Milne, British author

**G** present continuous (future arrangements) **V** verbs + prepositions, e.g. arrive in **P** linking

1 VOCABULARY verbs + preposition	V		VOCA	BU	LARY	verbs	+	prep	oosition	S
----------------------------------	---	--	------	----	------	-------	---	------	----------	---

ak	pout at for (x2) in of on to
1	What do you think of Jenny's new boyfriend?
2	What do you talk when you go out with your friends?
3	We'd like to go away at the weekend, but it depends the weather.
4	When you and Megan went out for dinner, who paid the meal?
5	Excuse me, I asked the fish, not the pasta.
6	We left home late, but we arrived the
	station in time to catch the train.
7	I don't believe ghosts, but I wouldn't
	like to sleep in that old house.
8	What's the name of the song you were listening? I really liked it.
1	3
2	I'm worried my flight because it's snowing.
3	I completely agree you.
4	They're waiting Anna. She's late.
5	She spends a lot of money clothes.
6	I'm going to speak my boss after lunch.
7	Does this book belong you?
	omplete the conversations with a verb from the st and a preposition.
aç	gree arrived asked depends think waiting
1	A Did you order the steak?  B No, I <u>asked for</u> the chicken.
	? A How's lan's cycling holiday going?
2	B Fine – he Paris yesterday.

3	A B	Are you going to come to Sam's party?  Maybe. It the day. I'm busy on Saturday.
4	A B	Hi, Jane! What are you doing here? I'm Sebastian, but he's late as usual.
5	Α	I think Manchester United are going to win the cup.
	В	you. They're playing well at the moment.
6	A B	Is your boss going to give you more money?  Maybe. I asked him, and he's going to  it.
P	RO	NUNCIATION linking
		the sentences. Do you think the <b>bold</b> words ked or not linked? Write <b>L</b> or <b>Not L</b> .
		t for me outside the station. <u>Not L</u>
		at did you <b>think of</b> the meal? w much do you <b>spend on</b> clothes?
		s listen to the songs we downloaded.
		you pay for this?
		Listen and check. Then listen again and the sentences.
		Listen to the sentences and write the g words.
1	Wha	at do you <u>think of</u> my new scarf?
2		rything the weather orrow.
3	25 1 1/2	mpletely the meeting.
		Amy.
5	Can	we your mother?
0	3.4	Listen again and repeat the sentences. Link

- 3 GRAMMAR present continuous (future arrangements)
- a Complete the conversation with the present continuous form of the verbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible.



A	Where <sup>1</sup> are you have	ing (you / have) your sales
	conference this year	9 9
В	In Poland - it's next	
Α	2	(you / stay) in Warsaw?
В	Only for a night, be	cause <sup>3</sup>
		erence in Krakow. So
	4	(I / fly) to Warsaw on Sunday,
	and then 5	(I / travel) to Krakow
	the next day.	
Α	How 6	(you / get) from the
	airport to the hotel?	
В	7	_ (Marika / come) to pick me up
A	Oh, I remember Ma	rika. Say hi to her from me.
	8	(she / go) to Krakow, too?
В	No, 9	(she / not go) to the
	conference.	
Α	So 10	(you / get) the train to
	Krakow?	

b Circle the correct verb form. If both forms are possible, tick (/) the sentence.

B Yes. It's easier than hiring a car.

- 1 A Do you know how to get to Andrew's house tomorrow?
  - B No. I'm sure I'm going to get I'm getting lost.
- 2 A Do you have any plans for this weekend?
  - B Yes, I'm going to visit / I'm visiting my grandparents on Sunday.
- 3 A It's very cold tonight.
  - B Do you think it's going to snow / it's snowing?
- 4 A My brother has a job interview in London.
  - B Oh. Do you think he's going to get / he's getting the job?

- 5 A What time's the train?
  - B At 7.15. Don't worry. We aren't going to miss / aren't missing it.
- 6 A We're going on holiday next month.
  - B Are you? Where are you going to go / are you going?
- 7 A What time are you leaving tomorrow?
  - B Early. I'm going to catch / I'm catching the 6.00 train.
- 8 A Your girlfriend drives too fast.
  - B I know. I'm sure she's going to have / she's having an accident one day.
- c Stefan is a music producer. Look at Stefan's calendar and write about what he's doing next week. Use contractions.

tefan's phone	
MONDAY meet Jack at the rec	ording studio
TUESDAY go to Cambridge	
WEDNESDAY work at home	
THURSDAY have dinner with C	assie
FRIDAY listen to a new pianist	
SATURDAY have a barbeque	

1	On Monday, he's <u>meeting Jack at the recording</u> studio.
2	On Tuesday,
3	
4	
5	
6	
100	rite sentences about any arrangements you have or next week. Use contractions.
1	Next Monday, I'm
	On Tuesday,
	On Wednesday,
	On Thursday,

d

5 On Friday,

6 Next weekend,

# Word games

G defining relative clauses V paraphrasing P silent e

#### 1 GRAMMAR defining relative clauses

#### Match the sentence halves.

- 1 That's the church f
- 2 I need a phone \_\_\_
- 3 My mum is the only person
- 4 I love the picture \_\_
- 5 That bus is the one
- 6 Glastonbury is the place
- 7 Vermeer is the artist
- 8 That's the restaurant
- a which has a good camera.
- b which goes to Trafalgar Square.
- c which has the fresh fish.
- d who remembers my birthday.
- e who painted The Milkmaid.
- f where we got married.
- g where they have a famous music festival.
- h which is on your bedroom wall.

#### b Circle the correct words.

- 1 Do you know the man who / which lives next door?
- 2 That's the gallery which / where they had the Leonardo da Vinci exhibition.
- 3 Are your neighbours the people which / that won the lottery last year?
- 4 Do you know a good restaurant that / where is open on Sunday night?
- 5 Is that the bus which / who goes to the
- 6 What was the name of the shop where / which you bought your jacket?
- 7 Maria is the woman that / which bought my old car.

c Complete the sentences with who, which, or wh	ere.
---	------

1	I like going to restaurants where	you can get interesting
	local food.	

- \_\_\_\_ my brother goes to has a great football team.
- 3 Yesterday I met a woman \_\_\_\_\_ knew my grandfather when he was young.
- 4 I'm reading the book \_\_\_\_\_ won the Booker prize this year.
- 5 My sister went to a party in New York \_\_\_\_\_ lot of famous people.
- 6 There's a shop in this street \_\_\_
- 7 I want to buy a car \_\_\_\_\_\_ doesn't use too much petrol.

#### In which sentences in c could you also use that?

#### e Complete the sentences about you.

- 1 I like going on holiday to places that \_
- 2 I don't like watching films which
- 3 I'd like to live in a house / flat which
- 4 In general, my friends are people who

#### 2 VOCABULARY paraphrasing

Complete the word puzzle and find the hidden word.

	1 <sub>F</sub>	А	S	T		
	2					
3						
	4	lod				
	5					
		6				
	7					
8						

- 1 It's the opposite of slow.
- 2 It's a verb you use with lots of sports, for example football and tennis.
- 3 It's a kind of hat.
- 4 It's similar to slim, but a bit less positive.
- 5 It's something which men use to keep money in.
- 6 It's like a shirt, but only for women.
- 7 It's somebody who works in a school.
- 8 It's somewhere where you can stay in a room for one or more nights.

b Complete the sentences for explaining words.



1	cardigan	It's a k <u>ind</u>	of jumper.
2	mean	It's the o	of generous.
3	hire	lt's s	to rent.
4	handsome	lt's l	beautiful, but it's used for men.
5	souvenir	lt's s	which you buy to remind you of your holiday.
6	sunbathe	You do this in	summer, for e on the beach.
7	waiter	lt's s	who works in a restaurant.
8	cinema	lt's s	where you can see a film.

Write the clues for the crossword using paraphrasing and / or which, who, or where.

							<sup>1</sup> P		$^{2}W$						
		<sup>3</sup> C	А	<sup>4</sup> M	Р	S	1	Т	Е						<sup>5</sup> F
		А		U	N.		L		<sup>6</sup> L	I	F	<sup>7</sup> T			U
		М		<sup>8</sup> S	С	Н	0	0	L			А			N
<sup>9</sup> Q	U	Ε	U	E			Т					L			N
		R		U								10 L	А	Z	Υ
		Α		<sup>11</sup> M	Е	N	U								

#### DOWN 1

1	It's someone who flies a plane.
2	It's the opposite of
3	
4	
5	
7	

A	CROSS →	
3	It's somewhere where	
6	It's something which	
8		
9		
10		
11		

#### **3 PRONUNCIATION**

silent e

a @3.5 Listen to the sentences. Write the word you hear from the list.

hate	not note	plan	plane
1 hat			
2			
3			
4			
5			
5			
7			
8			
9			

b @3.5 Listen again and repeat the sentences.

## Practical English Restaurant problems

at the restaurant V restaurants



#### **VOCABULARY** restaurants

Complete the sentences.

Can we have a table	for two, please?
What's on the m	today?
I'll have the steak for my	main c
Let's ask the w of water.	for another bottle
Can we have the b	, please?
Shall we leave a treally good.	? The waiter was
	What's on the m

#### **2 AT THE RESTAURANT**

Order the conversation.

μ	Are you ready to order? 1
В	Still.
A	Still or sparkling?
	Yes, please.
А	And how would you like your steak? Rare, medium
	or well done?
	A baked potato, please.
A	Can I get you something to start with?
В	Rare, please6
A	Here's your steak, madam.
	Water, please
A	Would you like that with fries or with a baked potato?
В	I'm sorry, but I asked for my steak rare, and this is well done
Α	OK. And to drink?
В	No, thank you. Just a main course. I'd like the steak please.
Α	I'm very sorry, madam. I'll take it back to the

#### **SOCIAL ENGLISH**

Complete the sentences with a phrase from the list.

st	art	take any suggestions be great could with <del>tell me</del> to go
1	В	So <u>tell me</u> , Adam, what are your plans Well, to, I'd like to visit the Empire State Building.
2	A	I'd like to go sightseeing this afternoon. Do you have?
	В	How about going to Central Park? I could take you.
	A	That would
3		Yes, of course. Here you are.
4	A	Excuse me. I think there's  I asked for tuna, not salmon.
	В	Oh, sorry. I'll take it back to the kitchen.
5		It's very late. OK, time
Co		lete the conversations with a phrase from <b>a</b> .
1	Α	OK, time to go.
		Can't we stay a little bit longer?
2	A B	Would you like to come to lunch on Sunday? Thanks,
3	A B	Where are you taking Hannah for dinner?  I don't know?
4	A B	Can I get you anything else? A coffee, maybe? No, thanks?
5		Is there a problem with the bill? Yes, I think
6	A	So,, how was your evening with Stacey?
	В	Well,, the food was awful.

kitchen. \_15

## Can you remember...? 1-3

#### 1 GRAMMAR

Circle a, b, or c.

- 1 I met a woman \_\_\_\_ went to school with you.
  - a who b which c where
- 2 How often \_\_\_\_ it snow here in the winter?
  - a is b do c does
- 3 We aren't going on holiday this year \_\_\_\_ it's too expensive.
  - a but b because c although
- 4 I didn't hear the phone because I \_\_\_\_ to music.
  - a listened b 'm listening c was listening
- 5 In the painting, the woman \_\_\_\_ a long black dress.
  - a is wearing b wears c wear
- 6 Look at those black clouds. It soon.
  - a rains b's raining c's going to rain

#### 2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

- 1 check-in baggage reclaim sightseeing passport control
- 2 comfortable cloudy foggy sunny
- 3 blouse shirt top leggings
- 4 gate lift terminal hire
- 5 campsite apartment station hotel
- 6 clever kind generous unfriendly

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word or letter with a different sound.

train	1 A J K R
jazz	2 agent forget large region
bird	3 skirt curly T-shirt clever
$S^{\mathcal{S}}$ snake	4 drinks likes misses works
computer	5 trous <b>er</b> s train <b>er</b> s sh <b>ir</b> t cardig <b>a</b> n
/Id/	6 arriv <b>ed</b> invit <b>ed</b> need <b>ed</b> want <b>ed</b>

#### 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Read the article. Circle a, b, or c.

## A question of love

One day last year, when I <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_ a coffee with my friend Jack, I told him about an interesting study. A psychologist, Dr Arthur Aron, said that two people could fall in love by asking 36 questions.

Dr Aron tested this idea on a number of men and women who <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_ know each other. They didn't all fall in love, but two of them later got married.

Jack and I decided to have dinner and ask each other the 36 questions, and so a few days later, we arranged to meet in a pub. I arrived a few minutes late, but Jack was waiting me. We sat at a quiet table the garden, and we each got out our piece of paper with the 36 questions.

We started with the easy questions, like 'When 5\_\_\_\_ you last sing to yourself?' 6\_\_\_\_ we asked questions 7\_\_\_ were a bit more interesting: 'In what three ways are you 8 \_\_\_\_ each other?' Other questions asked what we thought about important things like relationships – for 9\_\_\_\_: 'How well do you get on with your mother?'

When we finished, we tried the last part of the experiment. We left the pub and <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_ for a short walk along the river. Then we stood there, looking into each other's eyes, and we said nothing for four minutes.

So did it work? Well, yes, it did. And we are still very happy together.



- 1 a hadb was havingc have2 a don'tb doesn'tc didn't
- 3 a to b with c for
- 4 a at b in c on 5 a did b have c was
- 6 a Suddenly **b** After that **c** When
- 7 a who b which c where 8 a similar b opposite c like 9 a example b kind c sure
- 10 **a** go **b** went **c** were going

**G** present perfect + yet, just, already **V** housework, make or do? **P** the letters y and j

#### VOCABULARY housework, make or do?

a Complete the phrases.



1 do the washing



2 dust the f



3 do the sh



4 make l



5 do the v



6 lay the t



7 load the d



8 take out the r

#### b Complete the phrases with a verb from the list.

		make <del>pick up</del> put away tidy
1	pick up	dirty clothes
2	-	the beds, dinner
3		your room, your desk
4		the table after dinner
5		the floor, the bathroom
6		the ironing, the washing-up
7		your clothes
C	omplete the sen	tences with do or make.
1	I usually <u>do</u>	my homework in my room.
2	Don't	a noise! Mum's asleep.
3	My husband does	sn't oftenplans.
4		a Portuguese course
	before I go to Bra	ızil.
5	We always morning.	housework on Saturday
6	Some children	friends easily when they
	go to school.	and the second s
7	want to	more exercise, but I don't have
	much time.	
8	Sorry, I need to _	a phone call.

#### 2 GRAMMAR present perfect + yet, just, already

a Complete the conversations using the words in brackets in the present perfect form. Use contractions where possible.

1	Α	Has Peter arrived?	(Peter / arrive?)
	В	Yes, he has. He's in th	e kitchen.
2	A B	No, I haven't. I'm goin	you / do) your homework? g to do it later.
3		What's for lunch? I don't know. anything.	(I / not make)
4	A B	What's the matter?	(I / cut) my hand.
5	A B	Oh, no. What have yo	_ (I / make) a big mistake. u done?

2	I've done the washing.
	I've already done the washing.
3	Have you made any plans for the weekend?
	We haven't finished lunch.
4	Daniel has tidied his room.
5	I've done the ironing.
6	Have you been to the supermarket?
7	I haven't cleaned the bathroom.
Q	Edward has taken out the rubbish.
	Ma Ci Maria
3	

1 Sorry. You <u>'ve just missed</u> dinner.
2 He \_\_\_\_\_ off his bike.
3 They \_\_\_\_ the cup.
4 I \_\_\_\_ the floor.
5 She \_\_\_\_ the table.

the washing-up.

6 She\_

fl	Complete the conversation between two atmates. Use the present perfect and the words a brackets. Use contractions where possible.
	Mark Hey, Joe, where are you? Remember Matt and
	Tracey are coming for dinner in an hour.
	Joe Hi! <sup>1</sup> I've just got on the bus. (I / just /
	get on the bus) I'll be home in 20 minutes.  2? (You / make
	dinner / yet?)
-	Mark What? No! 3
	(I / not start / yet)
	Joe Why not? What's the problem?
	Mark We need some rice and onions.
	Joe Why didn't you tell me before?  4
	the shop)
9	Mark Well, don't worry. I can go now.
	(I / clean the flat),
	and <sup>6</sup> (I / already /
	lay the table)
,	Joe OK, great. See you soon.
e V	Vrite true sentences about:
1	three things you've already done today.
	a I've already
	b I've_
	c
2	three things you haven't done yet, but which you are
_	going to do today.
	a I haven't
	b I
~	c
3	one thing you've just done.
3 F	<b>PRONUNCIATION</b> the letters $y$ and $j$
1	4.1 Listen and write five sentences.
1	Yesterday, John got a jet to New York.
2	
3	
4	
5	taring was transfer
0	4.1 Listen again and repeat the sentences.

**G** present perfect or past simple? (1) **V** shopping **P** c and ch

#### **VOCABULARY** shopping

Complete the crossword.

				2			C
3							C
							0
		4	5				U
							N
			6				Т
	7.						
8							

#### DOWN 1

- 1 When you shop online, you normally have to create an account with your personal details.
- 2 Something you want to buy is called an it
- 5 eBay is an online au site, which sells things to the person who offers the most money.
- where you can 7 Amazon is a popular w buy things such as books, computers, and clothes.

#### ACROSS →

- 3 When you find something you want to buy on a website, you put it in your shopping b
- 4 You can make a p in different ways, e.g. using your debit or credit card, or Paypal.
- 6 When you are ready to buy something, you go to the
- 8 You have to enter your d address so they can send your things to the correct place.

b Complete the text.

1		
SHOP	PPING IN	
	POR S	
time to <sup>1</sup> try long queue t so I just take	on close for the <sup>2</sup> ch_ e them straight to the he <sup>4</sup> r	n break, so I don't have thes. There's always a, ne 3 ch to so I can change them if
and the clot		, I often to shops, but don't mind.

omplete the sentences with a word from the list

de	ebit	next-day	receipt	sales	shopping	bag till
1	200	ou're not ha		an iten	n, you can ta	ake or send
2	You	can buy th	ings with	50% o	ff in the	
3		en you've t	-		ns, <mark>yo</mark> u take	them to
4		hops in the y your item			for a	to
5		osites acce can also p			(	cards, and
6		st online st			elivery, but	you need to

#### PRONUNCIATION c and ch

Circle the word with a different sound.

key	1 <b>c</b> ustomer a <b>cc</b> ount pro <b>c</b> eed
chess	2 <b>ch</b> eckout <b>ch</b> emist's <b>ch</b> oose
snake	3 clothes city centre
chess	4 ma <b>ch</b> ine <b>ch</b> eap <b>ch</b> ange

- b @4.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
- **GRAMMAR** present perfect or past simple? (1)
- Write sentences and questions with the present perfect. Use contractions where possible.
  - 1 she / buy / a new pair of trousers + She's bought a new pair of trousers.
  - 2 1/bring / my credit card -
  - 3 Anna and Kay / go shopping ?
  - 4 your sister / ever work / as a model ?
  - 5 1/be/the shopping centre twice today +
  - 6 We / sell / anything on eBay recently 🖃
- Complete the conversations. Use the present perfect or past simple form of the verbs in brackets.
  - 1 A Have you ever had (you / ever / have) a problem with something you bought online?
    - B Yes, I have
    - A What \_\_\_\_\_ (you / buy)?
    - B I \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) some jeans, but they were too small.

  - 2 A \_\_\_\_\_ (you / ever / be) to Greece? B Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_. We \_\_\_ (go) to Kos last year.
    - A Where \_\_\_\_\_ (you / stay)?
    - B We (find) a great flat on Airbnb.

3	A		_ (you / ever / buy)
		something (you / n	
			?
	В	Yes, I	
		What	
			_ (buy) some sandals, but
		then I didn't like th	
4	A		(you / ever / lose)
		your passport?	() 54 / 5761 / 1036/
	В	Yes, I	v.
			it? (you / lose)
	В		_ (leave) it in a trolley in an
		airport car park last	t year.
5	A		(you / ever / do) any online
		dating?	Ligour ever / do, any online
		No, I,	but my sister
			(try) it a couple of years
		ago. That's how she	
		<u> </u>	(meet) her husband

c Write sentences about the things the people have done (✓) or have never done (✗). Use contractions where possible.

	Dan	Jon and Mia
1 buy something on eBay	Í	×
2 book a flight online	/	Х
3 stay in an Airbnb house or flat	×	/

- 1 Dan's bought something on eBay.
- 2 Dan \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Jon and Mia have \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 Jon and Mia \_\_\_\_\_ 6 Jon and Mia
- d Write questions about the experiences in c.
  - 1 Have you ever bought something on eBay? 2 Have you \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_
- Answers the questions in d about you. If you have done something, write a sentence about the last time you did it.

1	
2	
3	

to see us when

**G** something, anything, nothing, etc. **V** adjectives ending -ed and -ing

- 1 VOCABULARY adjectives ending -ed and -ing
- Circle the correct adjective.

# HOW TO SURVIVE

If you're in the middle of a long, dark winter and are beginning to feel a bit 'depressed | depressing about spending another cold weekend at home, don't worry - here are some things you can do to make yourself feel better.

#### \*Get moving

Exercise is one of the best things you can do. But remember that doing just one kind of exercise can get a bit 2bored / boring, so try different things. Go swimming, go for a walk, get on a bike, etc.

#### \* Eat chocolate

The newspapers all got very <sup>3</sup>exciting / excited recently about reports that chocolate is good for you - and it seems to be true. Chocolate contains tryptophan, which makes you feel happier and more 4relaxed / relaxing.

#### \*Book a holiday abroad or a weekend away

It always helps to do something different. A holiday somewhere hot – or a skiing holiday – can mean you get to see the sun. But if you don't have much money after Christmas or you're 5 frightened / frightening of flying, a weekend away close to home also gives you something to look forward to.

#### Read a book

Turn off your phone and the TV, and shut down your laptop. Go to your local bookshop - these usually have all kinds of binterested / interesting books you can read.

#### 3- See people

Not online, but in real life. Invite people to your house for dinner. In the middle of winter, an evening in front of the fire with family and friends is really <sup>7</sup>relaxed / relaxing.

b		omplete the sentence ed or -ing, e.g. interes	es with adjectives ending ted or interesting.
	1	I'm reading a really inte	eresting article.
	2	Going away for the wee	ekend is very r
	3	This film is really b	Turn the TV off.
	4	Helen's very d	because she's just lost
		her job.	
	5	My cousin is very i	in fashion.
	6	Congratulations! That's	really e news.
	7	The news is all very d_	at the moment.
	8	We had a very fr	experience yesterday
	9	Mum, I'm b	_! I have nothing to do!

#### 2 GRAMMAR something, anything, nothing, etc.

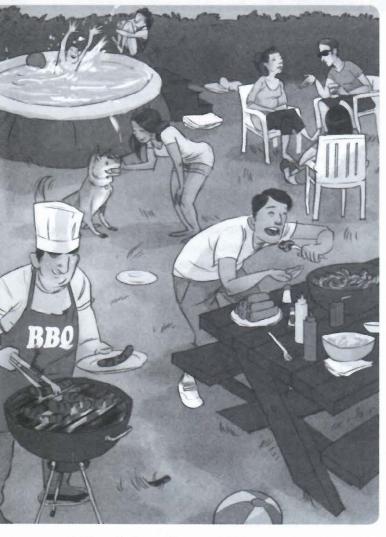
10 The dogs were very ex

we came home.

omplete the sentences with a word from the list

	nybody <del>any</del> omeone so					nowhere
1	We didn't c	lo <u>anythi</u>	ng	_ spe	cial last	weekend.
2	Did you kno	ow		_ at	the mee	ting today?
3	It's very borgo in the ev	_	is towi	n. Th	ere's	to
4	He couldn't	find his	keys _			
5	I met last night.		from n	ny olo	d school	at the party
6	Lucas has _		to	telly	ou.	
7	I phoned tv	vice, but			answ	ered.
8	We've foun little hotel.	d		to s	tay in Du	ublin. It's a nic

b Look at the picture. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false). Correct the false sentences. Use something, anything, etc.



Care Control of the C	
There's somewhere to sit.	
The man on the right is eating something.	
Nobody is dancing.	
There's nothing on the ground.	
Someone is playing with the dog.	
The man who's cooking isn't wearing anything on his head.	
There isn't anybody in the water.	
	The man on the right is eating something.  Nobody is dancing.  There's nothing on the ground.  Someone is playing with the dog.  The man who's cooking isn't wearing anything on his head.

C	Complete the sentences with a word from each
	list.

ar	yone anything nothing something
1	My friends did <u>something</u> unusual on holiday.  They swam with dolphins, and they said it was really exciting.
2	The children were because there was to do.
3	Claire thought the party was a bitbecause she didn't know
	Tim is because there isn't any
4	homework. He isn't doing
Α	
A	homework. He isn't doing  nswer the questions in full sentences so they are
A tr	homework. He isn't doing  nswer the questions in full sentences so they are ue for you.  When were you last bored because there was nothing
A tr 1	nswer the questions in full sentences so they are ue for you.  When were you last bored because there was nothing to do?  Have you ever done anything unusual on holiday?

#### 3 **PRONUNCIATION** /e/, /əʊ/, and /ʌ/

a Write the words in the chart.

anything clever elothes coat customer don't dress friendly funny gloves goes home lunch nothing photos something sweater website

e	503	
<b>e</b> gg	phone	<b>u</b> p
<b>a</b> nything	cl <b>o</b> thes	custome

d





## want it NOW!

Time is the coin of your life. Only you can decide ho to spend it. Don't let other people spend it for yo Carl Sandburg, American po

**G** comparative adjectives and adverbs, as...as **V** types of numbers

1	VOCABULA	RY	types	of num	bers
---	----------	----	-------	--------	------

- a Circle the correct way of saying the numbers.
  - 1 Nearly ¾ of students in our class say they are impatient. three-fourths / three-quarters
  - 2 Research shows 47% of web users wait for two seconds or less for a page to load. forty-seven per cent / forty-seven per cents
  - 3 More than 5,000 homes in our town now have superfast broadband. five thousands / five thousand
  - 4 A BMW M3 can go from 0-60 in 4.3 seconds. four point three / four dot three
  - 5 There are over 1,850 trees in the park. eighteen fifty / one thousand eight hundred and fifty
  - 6 The population of our city is 210,000. two hundred ten thousand / two hundred and ten thousand
- b Complete the sentences in two ways: in a with a number and in b with the exact words you would use.

1	New Year's Day is on January
	a <u>1st.</u>
	b the first.
2	Half of 56 is
	a
	b
3	Is 0.75 the same as ½?
	a No, it's the same as
	b No, it's the same as
4	Half of 3,500 is
	a
	b
5	As a percentage, ½ is
	a
	b

#### 2 GRAMMAR comparative adjectives and adverbs, as...as

- a Circle the correct words.
  - 1 I only have 20 minutes for lunch, so I always eat quick / quickly.
  - 2 I lived in Dubai for ten years, so I speak Arabic fluent / fluently.
  - 3 The meal was very good / well, but it was very
  - 4 When you've finished writing your article, go back an check it careful / carefully.
  - 5 It's easy / easily to lose weight if you do lots of exercise.
  - 6 It was a great holiday, but we had really bad / badly weather.
  - 7 I've met Matt a few times, but I don't know him good / well.
  - 8 I really like our new teacher because she explains everything very clear / clearly.
- b Complete the sentences with a correct comparative adjective or adverb.

1	My new boss is more p (patient)	atient than my old one
2	We aren't in a hurry. Yo	
3	The summers here are were in the past. (hot)	than they
4	I failed the exam. I'll wo time. (hard)	orknext
5	It's to my boyfriend's. (far)	to my parents' house than it
6	My husband is a (good)	cook than me.
7	A motorbike is (dangerous)	than a car.
8	You type	than me (quick)

- c Rewrite the sentences with as...as.
  - 1 My new car goes faster than my old one.
    My old car doesn't go as fast as my new one.
  - 2 Her shoes were more expensive than her handbag. Her handbag wasn't
  - 3 My sister's office is bigger than mine. My office isn't
  - 4 Spain played better than Germany. Germany didn't
  - 5 You drive more carefully than me.
  - 6 Harry looks more relaxed than Sally. Sally doesn't \_\_\_\_\_
- d Look at the chart comparing life today and five years ago. Complete the sentences.

	Daily life in num	bers
	Five years ago	Today
1	£85 per week	£112 per week
2	876 per 1,000 people	1,045 per 1,000 people
3	£24,000	£15,000
4	10/year	8/year
5	68 minutes/day	74 minutes/day
6	39%	38%

- 1 **expensive** Food is <u>more expensive than</u> it was five years ago.
- 2 **popular** Phones are \_\_\_\_\_\_ they were five years ago.
- 3 **expensive** Electric cars aren't as \_\_\_\_\_they were five years ago.
- 4 small Cinema audiences are \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 bad The traffic
- 6 happy People \_\_\_\_\_



#### 3 PRONUNCIATION /ə/

- a Circle the A sounds in these words and phrases.
  - 1 busier
  - 2 not as old as
  - 3 better
  - 4 as good as
  - 5 more than
  - 6 quicker
- b @5.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words and phrases.
- c Read the sentences and look at the **bold** letters. Circle the /ə/ sounds.
  - 1 The 10.15 train's much faster than the 9.55.
  - 2 His last book wasn't as good as his first one.
  - 3 I'm busier than I was last year.
  - 4 It's cheaper to buy that kind of thing online.
  - 5 I don't spend as much time working as before.
  - 6 This test isn't as easy as it looks.
- d 05.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the sentences.

## Twelve lost wallets

A great city is that which has the greatest men and women. Walt Whitman, American poet

G superlatives (+ ever + present perfect) V describing a town or city P sentence stress

#### **VOCABULARY** describing a town or city

Complete the email with words from the list. Use the map to help you.

coast east medium-sized north River south west

Hi Claire,

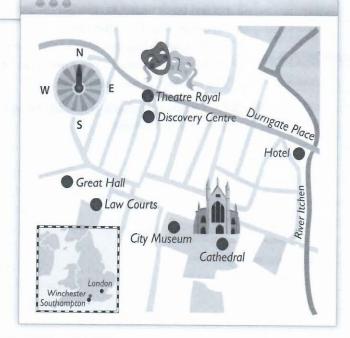
Sorry, I'm going to be away when you visit, but I hope you and the family have a great weekend here in Winchester. Here are a few ideas and a link to a map.

The cathedral is our main tourist attraction; it's in the <sup>1</sup>south of the city, and it's really lovely. There's a good museum near there, too. There are some other great places to see in the of the city, like the Law Courts and the Great Hall. In the evening, you can usually see something at the Theatre Royal, which is in the 3\_ of the city, near the Discovery Centre. Your hotel is in the 4 the city, near Durngate Place. It's a quiet area, and the hotel has a good view of the 5 hotel, with about 50 rooms.

I don't know if you want to go to the beach, but it's very easy. \_\_\_\_\_ is only about 20 minutes by train.

Have a great time!

Sarah



- b Complete the sentences with the opposite of the adjectives in brackets.
  - 1 Sydney has a lot of modern buildings. (historic)
  - 2 Los Angeles is a p\_\_\_\_\_ city. (clean)
  - \_\_\_\_ city these 3 New York is a s\_\_\_\_ days. (dangerous)
  - 4 Mumbai is a very n\_\_\_\_\_ city. (quiet)
  - 5 What's the most b\_\_\_\_\_ city you've ever been to? (interesting)
  - 6 The subway in Tokyo is very cr\_\_\_\_\_\_. (empty)
- c Complete the puzzle and find the name of a city.













1 <sub>M</sub>	0	S	Q	U	E	
	2					
3			- H			
4						
5						
			6			

d Look at the holiday photos and complete the texts with the missing words. Use plurals where necessary.







1		brovnik. We walked aro in the morning, bough	,
	lunch at the m	, and then	we walked to
	the top of the	h to get a	n amazing view
	of the city and	the sea.	
2	This is a photo	of a famous br	over one
	of the c	in Venice – it go	es from the
	palace to a pri	son on the other side.	
3	This is a place	called Sukhothai in Tha	iland – these
	r	are next to a beautiful l	
	and you can se	ee all sorts of lovely t	and
	st	as you walk around.	

	<b>GRAMMAR</b>	superlatives (+	ever+
	present perfe		

1 A What was the best

a	Compl	ete the	convers	ations	with	the	super	lative
	form o	f the ac	ljective i	n brac	kets.			

part of your trip

	-2	to Rio? (good)	
	В	The carnival, definitely.	
2	Α	What were the people like in Cana	da?
	В	They were peo	ople I've eve
		met. (friendly)	
3	A	Is it really dangerous to go out at r	night in this
	В	Yes place to b	e is here in
		the hotel. (safe)	
4	A	What was the hotel like?	

B Really awful. And it was in \_

part of the city. (less / attractive)

	В	No, that's	time of year. (w	
,		AA/II - +/	eren former seren	
0	) A	What's driven? (far)	you have ever	
	В		m Calais to Bordeaux in a day	
		Torree drove tro	The Calais to Bordeaux in a day	
Write sentences with the superlative + ever. Use contractions where possible.				
1	He	/ rude person / I /	/ meet	
	He's	s the rudest perso	on I've ever met.	
2	It / I	beautiful building	/ we / see	
3	Tha	t / expensive thin	g/I/buy	
4	It /	good photo / you	ı / take	
5	Tha	t / bad flight / we	/ have	
W	/rite	questions with	the superlative + ever.	
1	Wha	at / beautiful city	/ you / be to?	
	Wh	at's the most bea	utiful city you've ever been to?	
2	Wha	at / bad hotel / yo	ou / stay in?	
3	Wha	at / good holiday	/ you / have?	
4	Wha	at / interesting m	useum / you / visit?	
5	Wha	at / nice restaurar	nt / you / be to?	
Answer questions 1–5 in <b>c</b> about you.				
1	The	most beautiful c	ity I've ever been to is	
2	The			
3			No Line	
4			TATE OF THE PARTY	
5				

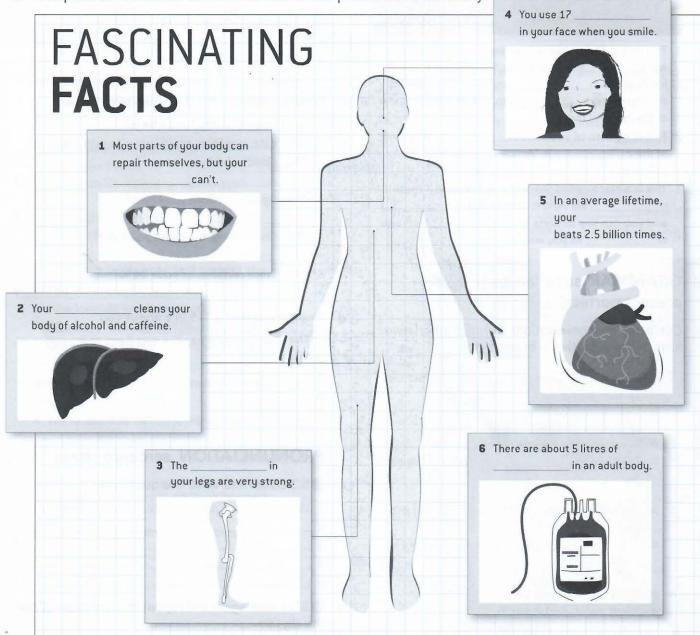
## How much is enough?

I've been on a diet for two weeks, and all I've lost is fourteen days. Totie Fields, American actress

**G** quantifiers, too, (not) enough **V** health and the body **P** //

#### VOCABULARY health and the body

- a Order the letters to make words that complete the sentences.
  - 1 A dentist looks after your (tteeh) teeth.
  - 2 Exercise helps to keep your (esslcum) \_\_\_\_\_ strong.
  - 3 Doing exercise every day can cut the risk of a (earth)
  - 4 Drinking a lot of alcohol is bad for your (viler) \_
  - 5 You can lose a lot of (dobol) \_\_\_\_\_\_ if you cut your hand badly.
  - 6 If you have a skiing accident, you can easily break a (nobe)
- b Complete the sentences with a word from a. Use plurals where necessary.



## 2 GRAMMAR quantifiers, too, (not) enough

a	Complete the sentences with a few, a little, much,
	many, or a lot of.

1	Max is quite overweight because he eats <u>a lot of</u>
	chocolate.

2	Excuse me! Can I ask you	questions
	about your diet?	

- \_\_\_\_\_ pieces of fruit do you eat a day?
- 4 How \_\_\_\_ sugar do you have in your coffee?
- 5 Could I have \_\_\_\_ more tea, please?
- TV usually four or five hours 6 I watch a day.
- 7 \_\_\_\_\_ sunshine is good for you, but no more than 15 minutes a day.
- 8 I only drink cups of coffee a day maybe two or three.

### Match 1-6 to a-f to make sentences.

- 1 The problem with your diet is that you eat 'c
- 2 You're probably having problems sleeping because you drink
- 3 If you want to lose weight, make sure you do
- 4 I don't like the gym because there are \_
- 5 I know I need to do more exercise, but when I finish work, I'm just
- 6 Jason's dad had a heart attack, but luckily they got to the hospital
- a too tired.
- b early enough.
- c too much sugar.
- d too much coffee late at night.
- e enough exercise.
- f too many people and not enough machines.

### Rewrite the sentences with the words in brackets.

- 1 You need to do more exercise. (enough) You don't do enough exercise.
- 2 You need to drink less beer. (too much) You drink
- 3 You go to bed too late. (early enough) You don't
- 4 Are you getting all the sleep that you need? (enough) Are you getting \_\_\_
- 5 You need to stop eating all those biscuits they're bad for your teeth. (too many) You eat
- 6 I think my diet includes the right amount of fruit and vegetables. (enough) I think I eat

## PRONUNCIATION /A/

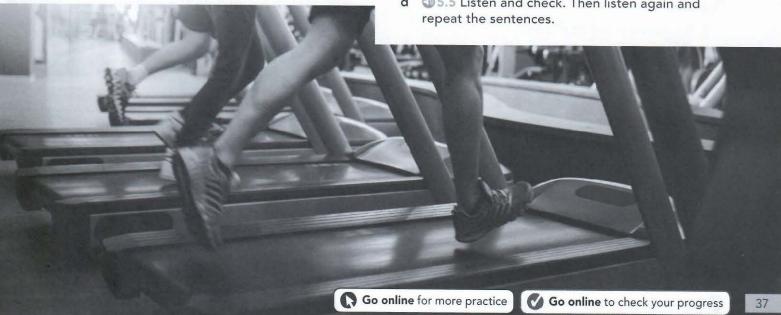
Tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the word that has an  $/ \wedge$  sound.



- 1 cut put
- 2 muscle
- 3 through enough
- 4 food blood
- 5 none bone
- 5.4 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

cute

- c Circle the TWO bold letters in each sentence that have an / sound.
  - 1 Did it hurt when you cut your thumb?
  - 2 Being in hospital wasn't much fun.
  - 3 I like to give blood every few months.
  - 4 We all need to get enough sun.
  - 5 I don't really do much running.
- 5.5 Listen and check. Then listen again and



3

# Practical English The wrong shoes

taking something back to a shop V shopping

### 1 WHY DON'T YOU...?

Make suggestions with a phrase from the list.

buy her some flowers buy two pairs get something from the chemist take it back try it on

- 1 A These boots are lovely, and they're so cheap!
  - B Why don't you buy two pairs?
- 2 A I bought this yesterday, but it doesn't work.
  - B Why \_\_\_\_\_
- 3 A I'm not sure if this dress is the right size.
- 4 A I have a bit of a headache.
- 5 A It's my mum's birthday tomorrow.
  - B

## 2 VOCABULARY shopping

- a Match the prices.
  - 1 79c <u>c</u> a fifty-nine pence
  - 2 €30.49 \_\_\_\_ b thirteen pounds ninety-nine
  - 3 \$3.89 \_\_\_ c seventy-nine cents
  - 4 59p d thirty euros forty-nine
    5 £13.99 e three dollars eighty-nine
- b Write the words for the **bold** letters and symbols
- **b** Write the words for the **bold** letters and symbols in these sentences.
  - 1 The chocolate bars are 60**p** each.

pence

- 2 The **XL** feels a bit big. Can I try something smaller?
- 3 In the USA, this phone costs about \$300.
- 4 A cappuccino here costs about €2.
- 5 If you want extra milk, that'll cost 50c.
- 6 That sweater's too small. Try this one, it's a M.
- 7 A return ticket is £22.00.

# 3 TAKING SOMETHING BACK TO A SHOP

Complete the conversation.

A Can I help you,	1 madam?	
B Yes, 12b	this sweat	ter yesterday.
A Yes, I remember	er. Is there a <sup>3</sup> pr_	?
B Yes, I'm <sup>4</sup> a	it's too	small.
A What <sup>5</sup> s	is it?	
B It's a 6s	. Do you ha	ave a
<sup>7</sup> m	?	
A I'll go and 8ch_	. Jus	t a minute
I'm 9s	, but we don	't have this sweater
(40)	t we do have this you can have a <sup>1</sup>	one, and it's the r
B ErmI'll take t	his one then, ple	ase. Can I try it on?
A Yes, of course.	The <sup>11</sup> ch	r
are over there.		
Is everything C	K?	
B Yes, this one fi	ts perfectly.	
A Good. Do you	have the <sup>12</sup> r	for the
other sweater?		
B Yes, here you a	ire.	
A Brilliant.		

### **4 SOCIAL ENGLISH**

Complete the conversation with the phrases from the list.

Can we make it a bit later Have you had a good day? let's make it eight Why don't we go out for dinner you know

- A Hi! You're back early.

  B I finish at 4.00 on Fridays.
- <sup>1</sup>Have you had a good day?
- A Oh, <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. Writing essays, learning grammar.
- B Listen, it's a lovely evening.
- A That sounds like a nice idea. What time?
- A That sounds like a nice idea. What time?
- B Seven?
- A 4\_\_\_\_\_\_?
- B OK, <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. I'll book a table.

# Can you remember...? 1-5

### 1 GRAMMAR

Complete the sentences with a word from the list.

ar	nything	as	because	come	taking	yet	
1	Do you			from Ita	ly?		
2	I didn't	eat		for l	unch.		
3	I haven'	t fin	ished my l	nomewo	rk		
4	I'm not	as ta	all	m	y brothe	r.	
5	We had a lovely		akfast in t rning.	he gard	en		_ it was
6	Dad's _		n	ne to the	airport.		

### 2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

- 1 arriving ironing washing hoovering
- 2 bored stressed depressed excited
- 3 church mosque lake temple
- 4 dangerous clean quiet safe
- 5 website account delivery trolley
- 6 campsite terminal departures gate

### 3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.

S sn	1 card centre succeed city
gir	2 <b>g</b> ift fo <b>gg</b> y lar <b>ge</b> fla <b>g</b>
<b>△</b> up	3 m <b>u</b> ch m <b>u</b> scle en <b>ou</b> gh n <b>o</b> where
ph ph	one 4 know show nothing note
ya ya	5 <b>y</b> et <b>j</b> oke <b>y</b> ou <b>y</b> esterday
co	mput <b>er</b> 6 wh <b>ere</b> fast <b>er a</b> bout old <b>er</b>

### **4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY**

Read a newspaper interview. Circle a, b, or c.

# The book that changed my life

This week we're talking <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_Jim Watts about a book that has been important to him: *In Praise of Slow* by Carl Honoré.

- I So, Jim, when did you first read the book?
- J It was about five years ago. I loved it and thought the ideas about the 'Slow Movement' were very <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_\_.
- I What is the Slow Movement exactly?
- J Well, today everything is <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ than in the past, so the movement is about slowing down and enjoying life. Sometimes speed is a great thing I love my fast broadband, for example. Sometimes speed is good, sometimes it's bad. As the book says, it depends <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_ what you're talking about.
- I What about high-speed travel?
- J Well, you can travel from London to Bruges in two hours, but do you really enjoy it? I <sup>5</sup> \_\_\_\_ that journey last year by bicycle. Yes, it was slow, but I <sup>6</sup> \_\_\_ lots of people and saw the beautiful countryside. When I arrived <sup>7</sup> \_\_\_ Bruges, I cycled along the canals, and it was fantastic.
- I Is there anything else <sup>B</sup>\_\_\_\_ is better if you do it slowly?
- J Almost everything. Like food, for example. I never go to fast food restaurants. It's better to go <sup>9</sup> \_\_\_\_ more traditional, sit down and talk to your friends while you wait half an hour for your food. We don't need to <sup>10</sup> \_\_\_ in a hurry all the time.
- I Thank you for sharing your ideas with us, Jim.

1	а	at	b	to	С	for	
2	а	interesting	b	interested	c	interest	
3	а	faster	b	fast	С	more fast	
4	а	from	b	of	С	on	
5	a	have done	b	did	С	was doing	
6	а	met	b	was meeting	С	have met	
7	а	in	b	at	C	on	
8	a	who	b	where	С	that	
9	а	anywhere	b	somewhere	С	nowhere	
10	2	ao.	h	he	_	do	

# Think positive – or negative?

A pessimist is never disappointed. Janis Joplin, American singer

**G** will / won't (predictions) **V** opposite verbs **P** 'll, won't

1	VOCABULARY opposite verbs		4 A	Have we got enough time to get to the airport?
	Write the opposite verb for each phrase.		В	Yes, don't worry (you / not
2				miss) your flight.
	1 arrive / <u>leave</u> at 6.00			
	2 teach / English		5 A	Do you think you'll win the marathon next
	3 fail / an exam			week?
	4 push / the door		В	No, but I think (I / finish) in
	5 mend / your glasses			about three hours.
	6 lend / a pen		6 A	How do you feel about tomorrow's test?
	7 win / the match			I think, but
	8 turn off / the light			(I / pass / I / not get) an 'A'.
	9 get / emails			(in pass in not get) an in.
b	Complete the sentences with the correct form of		7 A	Do you think we'll leave work on time tonight?
	the opposite verb in brackets.			I doubt it (our meeting /
				not finish) until late.
	1 I hate doing exams. (love)			
	2 Look at those clouds! It's going to	b		lete the conversations with a verb from
	raining soon. (finish)			t and will / won't. Use contractions where
	3 Did you your old car? (buy)		possik	ole.
	4 I'm going to the station to Tim. (drop off)			former have not find not all the first
			Catch	forget have not find not sell not win pas
	5 I can't my keys. Have you seen them? (lose)			
			1 A	We're going camping next weekend.
	6 Are you going to the photos to Instagram? (download)		В	I'm sure you' <u>ll have</u> a great time.
	7 Why do you always my birthday?			Mania Manual
	(remember)			Are you in the tennis final tomorrow?
	8 If we run, we can the 6.14 train. (miss)		В	Yes, but I'm playing Andy, so I'm sure
	o ii we ruii, we can the 6.14 train. (miss)			1
	CRASSES III		3 Д	I told Nick that it's Jane's birthday on Friday.
-	GRAMMAR will / won't			Thanks, but you know Nick!
	Write predictions with the words in brackets and			He
	will / won't. Use contractions where possible.			
			4 A	It's Louisa's exam tomorrow.
	1 A Is this book good?		В	I'm sure she She's worked
	B Yes, <u>you'll love</u> (you / love) it.			very hard.
	Address of the second of the s			
	2 A Do you want me to wash the car?			I'm getting the 8.50 train.
	B Yes, please, or (nobody /		В	It's 8.40 now you
	buy) it.			it?
	3 A Do you think you'll go to the beach tomorrow?		6 A	We can park near the sinesse
	B I don't think so. I'm sure			We can park near the cinema.  At this time? We a parking
	(it / rain) all day.		D	space.
	The state of the s			apaco.
			7 A	I'm going to put my tablet on eBay.

B It's too old. You \_\_\_\_\_ it.

c Look at the picture. Write the predictions with the words in brackets and will / won't.



- Line of heart: a long, strong and unbroken line means your relationships will be happy.
- Line of health: a long, strong and unbroken line means you'll be healthy.
- Line of success: a long, strong and unbroken line means you'll have a lot of money.
- Line of fate: a long, strong and unbroken line means your job will be important to you and you'll have a job for a long time.
- Line of life: a long, strong and unbroken line means you'll live for a long time.
- Line of head: a long, strong and unbroken line means you'll be clever and like learning.

1	marriage)
	you'll have a long and happy marriage.
2	Your line of health is unbroken. (You / have a healthy life) You
3	This line of success isn't very strong. (You / not be very rich) You
4	Your line of fate shows that (you / not always have / same job)
5	Your line of life is quite strong. (You / have a long life) You
6	You have a strong line of head. (You enjoy / learning new things) You

d	Look at the lines on your own hand and write predictions about your future. Use
	the information in <b>c</b> and will / won't.
	The second second
	- are apart of the day of the toleron I
	2000/2000/2000/2000
3	PRONUNCIATION 'II, won't
3	
	1 I'll learn a lot.
	2
	3
	4
	5
	6
0	
С	
	1 (want)/ won't
	2 want / won't
	2 want/won't 3 want/won't
	3 want/won't 4 want/won't
	3 want/won't 4 want/won't 5 want/won't
	3 want/won't 4 want/won't

# I'll always love you

Keep every promise you make and only make promises you can keep. Anthony Hitt, American businessman

G will / won't / shall (other uses)

V verb + back

P word stress: two-syllable verb

## 1 GRAMMAR will / won't / shall (other uses)

- a Complete this extract from a romantic novel with phrases a-g from the list.
  - a I'll lose everything.
  - b Shall I give you my phone number?
  - c I'll always remember you
  - d Shall I stay?
  - e the next stop will be Reading
  - f you will have with me
  - g And I'll never forget you

# Love at first sight

They met on the train. He was reading the newspaper when she sat down next to him. She looked at him with her bright blue eyes. She felt almost frightened as she looked at him.

'Do I know you?' she asked.

'No. But something is happening. I know you feel the same way,' he laughed.

'I know. This is so strange. I've only just met you, but I already know that  $\frac{1}{c}$ .'

<sup>2</sup>, \_\_\_\_,' he said.

They started talking, and as they talked, they began to feel even closer.

An hour later the train stopped at a station. 'This is Oxford,' the man said, suddenly looking worried. 'That means <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_. That's where I get off.'

'We need to meet again,' she said. 4,\_\_\_\_'

'Yes, please,' he replied. They swapped numbers, and 25 minutes later the train began to slow down as it entered the station at Reading. The man stayed in his seat.

'This is my station,' he said.

'Yes, I know,' she replied.

There was silence.

5, he asked.

'Yes, yes please. Please don't go. Come to London with me.'

'I will lose my house, my friends, my family. 6

The man smiled sadly then stood up and got off the train. The train door closed and the train slowly left the station.

b		e these sentences promise , or offers ( <b>O</b> )?	es ( <b>P</b> ), decisions
	1	I won't tell your girlfriend.	P
	2 1	It's too late to get the bus. I'	ll call a taxi
	3 [	Don't worry. I'll remember to	tell her
	4 9	Shall I get you some water?	
	5 I	I'll help you clean your room	if you like
	6 1	I'll have the chocolate cake, ¡	olease
С		emplete the sentences wit all and the verb in bracke	
		If you want to talk, I <u>¶ be</u> you. Always.	(be) there for
	2		(carry) your bag
	- 1	for you? It looks very heavy.	- 6 - 5 · F
	3 (	Come and sit down, Sophie. (do) the	Peter washing-up.
	4 1	I can't find a cheap hotel in \ I (look) a	/enice, so I think at Airbnb.
	5 [	Don't worry, we	(sav)



# d Write a sentence for each picture. Use Shall I / I'll / I won't.













- 1 I'm in a meeting. call / you tomorrow
  I'll call you tomorrow.
- 2 lend / you some money?
- 3 have / the chicken please
- 4 take / your coat?
- 5 Don't worry! forget / to feed the dog
- 6 It's very hot in here. turn on / the air conditioning?
- 2 PRONUNCIATION word stress: two-syllable verbs
- a Underline the stressed syllable.
  - 1 worry relax be come
  - 2 de cide e mail pro mise
  - 3 practise listen repair
  - 4 borrow for get a gree
  - 5 sun bathe in vite com plain
- b @6.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

## 3 VOCABULARY verb + back

a Match sentences 1-6 to a-f.

1	Sorry, Dave, I'm driving.	_е
2	Hard Thatte and all and	

- 2 Hey! That's my phone!
- 3 If you have the receipt for the dress, \_\_\_\_\_ 4 Here's £20.
- 5 The trousers I bought online didn't fit \_\_\_\_
- 6 I thought Dubrovnik was beautiful.
- a Give it back now.
- b so I sent them back.
- c I really want to go back one day.
- d You can pay me back next week.
- e I'll call you back when I get home.
- f you can take it back and get a refund.
- **b** Complete the puzzle.

$^{1}C$	A	M	E	
	2		N	
		-	<sup>3</sup> <i>G</i>	
		4	A	
			<sup>5</sup> G	
6			E	
7			D	

- 1 Jane was on holiday, but she \_\_\_\_ back last week.
- 2 I bought these trainers online but they don't fit. I think I'll them back.
- 3 That's my wallet. \_\_\_\_ it back!
- 4 Jack left a message and wants you to \_\_\_\_ him back it's important.
- 5 I left my phone at home. I'm going to \_\_\_\_ back and get it.
- 6 These trainers are too small. I'm going to \_\_\_\_ them back.
- 7 Tom lent me £50 last week, and I \_\_\_\_ him back yesterday.



# The meaning of dreaming

Only in our dreams are we free. The rest of the time we need wages. Terry Pratchett, British writer

**G** review of verb forms: present, past, and future **V** modifiers **P** the letters ea

1	<b>GRAMMAR</b> review of verb forms: b present, past, and future	of ·	the	lete the conversations with the correct form verbs in brackets. Use contractions where ble.
a	Circle a, b, or c.			
	1 You were shouting in your sleep last night. What about?	1		Are you going to go out tonight? (go out)  No, I'm really tired. I'm to
	a are you dreaming			bed early. (go)
	b did you dream			
	c were you dreaming	2	A	What time you usually
				to bed? (go)
	2 My dad to that school when he was young.		В	At 10.30. Then I for an hour
	a goes			before I go to sleep. (read)
	<b>b</b> went			
	c has been	3	A	Do you think England
	3 Thanks for lending me your car. I promise after it.			tonight? (win)
	a Ilook		В	No, I think they (lose)
	<b>b</b> I'll look			
	c I'm going to look	4	Α	What you at
	4 My brother wants to find a new job because he never			midnight on New Year's Eve? (do)
	any free time.		В	Nothing special. ITV.
	a has			(watch)
	<b>b</b> had			
	c is having	5	A	you ever that you
	5 I'm sorry, what did you say? I			were flying? (dream)
	a haven't listened		В	No, I that
	<b>b</b> didn't listen			dream. (have)
	c wasn't listening			
	6 Could you get me some butter from the shop? a	6	Α	What you ? It's five
	birthday cake for Tim.			o'clock in the morning! (do)
	a I make		В	I can't sleep so I (read)
	b I'll make			
	c I'm going to make	7	Α	What time you
				tomorrow? (leave)
	7 Mum, turn the TV down! to do my homework.		В	Early. The taxi at six
	a I try			o'clock. (come)
	b I'm trying			
	c I've tried	8	Α	youwell last night?
	8 I'll always remember that holiday in Italy a great			(sleep)
	time.		В	No, I in the middle of
	a We had			the night, and I couldn't go back to sleep.
	<b>b</b> We've had			(wake up)
	c We're having			
	9 Oh not I think my lea			

a I was breaking b I've broken c I broke

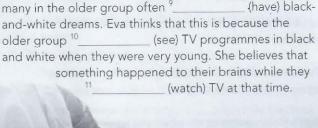
c Complete the text with the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible.

# WHAT COLOUR ARE OUR DREAMS?

Do	we dream	(drea	arri) iri coloui oi iri
black and	white? Scientists 2		(do) a lot of
	nto this question.		
	ogist who 3		
University.	Her name is Eva	Murzyn,	and right now she
4	(study) the ef	fect of te	elevision on our
dreams. E	va <sup>5</sup> j	ust	(publish) the
results of I	ner latest study.		
	eople 6		
research.	They completed a	questio	nnaire and kept
	their dreams. She		(choose)

people who were either under 25 or over 55. When Eva analyzed their diaries, she <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ (discover) that

the younger people usually dreamed in colour, whereas





# 2 VOCABULARY modifiers

- a Re-order the letters in brackets to make modifiers.
  - 1 You need to choose restaurants carefully in London because some are <u>very</u> (yrev) expensive.
  - 2 I had a \_\_\_\_\_ (aeryll) strange dream last night, but I can't remember all of it.
  - 3 I can play the guitar, but I'm \_\_\_\_\_\_(nto yvre) good.
  - 4 That test was \_\_\_\_\_ (uiqet) difficult, but I think I got most of the answers right.
  - 5 It's often cold here in April, but it's usually a \_\_\_\_\_\_(ibt) better in May.
- 6 You'll love Natalia. She's \_\_\_\_\_ (eydlibricn) nice.

- b Complete the conversations with the words in brackets in the correct order and tense. Use contractions where possible.
  - 1 A Do you like doing exams?
    B No, I think they're incredibly stressful.
    (they / stressful / incredibly)

    2 A Why don't you want to go in Caroline's car?
    B Because she
    (dangerously / drive / really)

    3 A What's Jack planning for your birthday?
    B He
    (take me to a / expensive restaurant / very)

    4 A Did you like the museum?
    B Yes, it
    (quite / be / interesting)

    5 A Why didn't you answer the phone when I called?

# **PRONUNCIATION** the letters ea

- a Tick (✓) the groups where all three sounds are the same.
  - 1 theatre near idea

(be / really / busy)

6 A Did you enjoy the film?

(a bit / boring / be)

B Not really. It\_

- 2 already bread hear 3 easy earn beach
- 3 easy earn beach
- 4 weather break sweater
- 5 j**ea**ns dr**ea**m cl**ea**n
- 6 great speak wear
- b 06.4 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
- c Complete the sentences with the correct word from a which rhymes with the **bold** word.
  - 1 Doctors are very **clear** smoking is a bad <u>idea.</u>
  - 2 You'll feel much **better** if you wear a warm \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 3 Do your make-up, do your **hair**, and buy some nice new clothes to \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 4 Things aren't always as they **seem** when you see them in a \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- d 06.5 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the sentences.





# First day nerves

Starting a new job is always scary. It's like the first day of school. Sean Maher, American actor

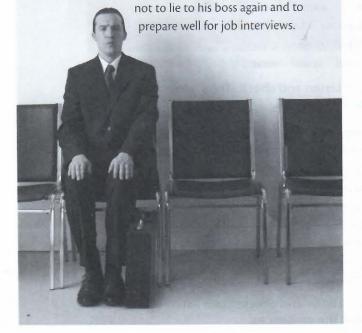
**G** uses of the infinitive with to **V** verbs + infinitive: try to, forget to, etc

## **VOCABULARY** verbs + infinitive

Circle the correct verb.

# A lesson for Charlie

Charlie didn't really like his job, so he started) pretended to apply for new jobs. A few weeks later, a company called him and 2 needed / offered to give him an interview. Charlie 3 didn't want / didn't remember to tell his boss, so he 'pretended / hoped to be ill. He told his boss that he had a stomach ache, and that he stried / needed to go to the doctor. He <sup>6</sup> promised / learnt to call his boss later and tell him how he was feeling. Charlie was really hoping to get the job, so he was a bit nervous. He promised / planned to drive to the interview, but when he saw that there was a lot of traffic, he 8 decided / hoped to get the Underground. He was very late, and he 9 forgot / tried to turn his phone off. Unfortunately, it rang while he was in the interview. The interview didn't go well, and on the way home, his boss saw him. It was a terrible day, and Charlie 10 tried / learnt



b	Comp	lete the	conversations	with	a verb	from	the	list
---	------	----------	---------------	------	--------	------	-----	------

clea	n	close go improve learn stay tell rain
1		Do I look OK for my interview? Not really! You need to <i>clean</i> your shoes.
2		Can you drive?  No, but I'm planning to this year.
3		Why did you talk to Sophie about this?  Don't worry, she's promised not to anybou
4		Are you going to go to evening classes? Yes, I want to my French.
5		Did you remember to the window?  I'm not sure. I think so.
6		What's the weather like where you are?  Not very nice. It's starting to
7		What's Helen going to do when she leaves school?  She's hoping to to university.
8		Have your parents moved house yet?  No, they've decided to where they are.

## 2

lt's

Complete the sentences with the adjective and the correct form of the verb.

1	important / not say	
	It's important not to say	the wrong thing at an interview.
2	difficult / talk	
	Do you find it	to my mum?
3	easy / buy	
	lt's	presents for my nephew – he's only two.
4	great / hear	
	Thanks for calling. It was	from you.
5	fun / be	

with your family.



b	Complete the sentences with the infinitive (	with
	to) of a verb from the list.	

1	John's very polite. He offered <u>to wash up</u> after the meal.
2	Thanks for coming. We hopeyou
	again soon.
3	She wasn't enjoying the lasagne, so she decided it.
4	My boyfriend is unemployed. He needs a job.
5	I'll tell you what she said, but please promise anybody.
6	They want to live together. They're planning a flat.
7	You forgot the rubbish last night.
C +	It's still in the kitchen.  omplete the sentences with a word from the list to and the verb in brackets.  where the sentences with a word from the list to and the verb in brackets.
C +	omplete the sentences with a word from the list to and the verb in brackets.  where who where who
C +	omplete the sentences with a word from the list to and the verb in brackets.  where who we who be to address, but I don't know
C +	omplete the sentences with a word from the list to and the verb in brackets.  where who where who
C + w 1 1 2	omplete the sentences with a word from the list to and the verb in brackets.  The word is a word from the list to and the verb in brackets.  The word is a word from the list to and the verb in brackets.  The word is a word from the list to and the verb in brackets.  The word from the list to and the verb in brackets.  The word from the list to and the verb in brackets.  The word from the list to and the verb in brackets.  The word from the list to and the verb in brackets.  The word from the list to and the verb in brackets.  The word from the list to and the verb in brackets.  The word from the list to and the verb in brackets.
C + he w 1 2 3	omplete the sentences with a word from the list to and the verb in brackets.   ew how many how much hat when where who  Lucy gave me her address, but I don't know how to get there. (get)  My brother is always busy so I don't know him. (call)  My mum asked me to get some eggs, but she didn't
C + he w 1 2 3 4	omplete the sentences with a word from the list to and the verb in brackets.  who we how many how much hat when where who  Lucy gave me her address, but I don't know how to get there. (get)  My brother is always busy so I don't know him. (call)  My mum asked me to get some eggs, but she didn't say (buy)  We'd like to travel around the world, but we don't know first. (go)  Sally wants to go to university, but she doesn't
C + w 1 2 3 4 5	omplete the sentences with a word from the list to and the verb in brackets.   ew how many how much hat when where who  Lucy gave me her address, but I don't know how to get there. (get)  My brother is always busy so I don't know him. (call)  My mum asked me to get some eggs, but she didn't say (buy)  We'd like to travel around the world, but we don't know first. (go)  Sally wants to go to university, but she doesn't

d	Read	the	conver	sations.	Re-orc	er :	the	word	S	to
	make	ans	wers.							

1	What countries would you like to visit?
	like / New / I'd / visit / to / Zealand
	I'd like to visit New Zealand

- 2 What are you planning to do this weekend? tennis / to / I'm / friends / my / play / with / hoping
- 3 What are you doing tonight? to / planning / stay / in / I'm
- 4 Are you learning anything that is very difficult at the moment?
  learn / trying / Japanese / to / I'm
- 5 Why are you learning English? get / to / a / job / better
- 6 What do you find difficult about English? difficult / vocabulary / it's / to / remember

### e Answer the questions in d about you.

1 I'd like to visit\_

2	I'm hoping to	
	I'm planning	
4	I'm	<u> </u>

# 6 lt's\_\_\_

# 3 PRONUNCIATION weak form of to, linking

a <b>1</b> 7.1 Listen and write six sentence	ces.
--	------

1 It started to rain a	s soon as we left.	
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		

**G** uses of the gerund (verb + -ing) **V** verbs + gerund **P** -ing, the letter

## VOCABULARY verbs + gerund

- Match sentences 1-5 to a-e.
  - 1 He hates doing housework.
  - 2 He feels like going for a run.
  - 3 He doesn't mind cooking all the meals.
  - 4 He's stopped playing football.
  - 5 He loves being with his friends.
  - a He doesn't do it any more.
  - b It isn't a problem for him to do it.
  - c He really doesn't like it.
  - d He wants to do it now.
  - e He really likes it.

### b Circle the correct words.

- 1 Jenny never goes to parties because she doesn't mind / doesn't enjoy meeting new people.
- 2 Please don't start / go on eating until everyone has their food.
- 3 I can go with you, but I need to stop / spend an hour doing homework first.
- 4 My dad always gets to the airport very early because he hates / loves arriving late.
- 5 I really start / love taking photos. It's probably my favourite hobby.
- 6 My brother doesn't do much sport, but he spends / likes watching it on TV.
- 7 Let's hire a car when we get there. I don't mind / don't like driving.
- 8 I'm going to go on / stop studying English next year. I'm really enjoying the classes.
- 9 I don't like / feel like going out tonight. I'm too tired.
- 10 A Why did you stop / start going to the gym?
  - B It was too boring!

## 2 GRAMMAR uses of the gerund (verb + -ing)

- a Complete the sentences with the -ing form of the verb in brackets.
  - 1 I hate being (be) late for meetings. I think it's really rude.
  - 2 We stopped \_\_\_\_\_ (study) German because we didn't like the classes.
  - 3 James is celebrating because he's finished (write) his book.
  - 4 I'm bored. I feel like \_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ (go) for a walk.
  - 5 I don't mind \_\_\_\_\_ (get) up early in the morning.
  - 6 Kate really enjoys \_\_\_\_\_ (listen) to music while she's running.



### b Match sentences 1-6 to a-f.

- 1 Do you ever think about 2 Read the instructions before 3 He started his speech by 4 I'm not very good at 5 Miriam left the party without 6 I'm really looking forward to
- a using the machine for the first time.
- b seeing you tonight.
- c stopping work and retiring?
- d thanking everybody for coming.
- e saying goodbye to me.
- f parking my dad's car. It's very big.

c Complete the text with the -ing form of the verbs from the list.

drive feel go have imagine leave listen not get up not talk read send stay take turn off walk work write

# We asked our readers, and here's what they said. • <sup>1</sup>Writing and then <sup>2</sup> sending a funny email or message to my friends. And of course, 3 their faces when they read it. I really like <sup>4</sup> my car at night when there's no traffic, <sup>5</sup> in bed on Sunday morning and <sup>7</sup> to my favourite music. I feel completely free. the newspaper. <sup>8</sup> until about 12 and then <sup>9</sup> my dog for a long walk. • I enjoy <sup>10</sup> to the gym and really <sup>11</sup> hard, then a long hot shower followed by a nice cold drink. There's nothing better. I love 13 alone in the mountains, 14 the wind in

work!

d How do you feel about the following activities? Circle the best answer for you, a, b, or c.

my hair and <sup>15</sup> to anyone.

It's the best moment of the day. I love it!

my computer at the end of the day and <sup>17</sup>\_\_\_\_\_

- 1 Going to the gym
- 2 Chatting to my friends on social media

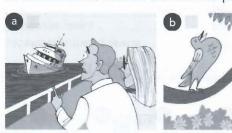
- 3 Being alone

- a 🙀 b 🗀 c 📑
- 4 Walking on the beach
- a 😛 b 🗀 c 🛣
- 5 Going shopping for clothes

- 6 Getting up late

- e Use your answers in d to write sentences. Say what you love, don't mind, or hate doing.
  - \_\_\_\_\_ going to the gym. 2 I \_\_\_\_\_ chatting to my friends on social media.

- PRONUNCIATION -ing, the letter o
- a @7.2 Listen and complete the sentences.
- 1 There's nothing to eat.
  - 2 This film is really \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 3 | hate \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 4 We're \_\_\_\_\_ this afternoon.
  - 5 What are you \_\_\_\_\_?
- b 37.2 Listen again and repeat the sentences.
- c 07.3 Listen to four sentences. Write the number of the sentence next to the correct picture.







7.3 Listen again and repeat the sentences.

# Could you pass the test?

The limits of my language are the limits of my world. Ludwig Wittgenstein, Austrian philosopher

**G** have to, don't have to, must, mustn't **V** adjectives + prepositions: afraid of, etc.

P stress on prepositions

1	GRAMMAR	have to,	don't have	to,	must,
	mustn't				

a Look at the pictures. Complete the conversations with the correct form of have to.







B No, she



travel abroad, but she

speak foreign languages.

1	Α	Do teachers in your coun	try <u>have to</u> look smart?
	В	Not very smart. They	wear formal
		clothes, but they	
2	Α	British taxi	drivers work night
	В	Yes, we sometimes	work at night, but
		wev	vork every night.
3	Α	Well-series	cook meals?
	В	No. You	do the cooking, but you
		help	the children to eat.
4	A	your daugh	ntertravel

What do these signs mean? Write sentences with must or mustn't.



-		
1	You must	pay in cash.
2		turn left here.
3		make a noise.
4		use your phone.
5		stop here.
6	in the second	play football here

	d	on't have to.
	1	The museum is free. You <u>don't have to</u>
		pay.
	2	You have to wear smart clothes. You
		wear jeans.
	3	The speed limit is 120 km/h. You
		drive faster.
	4	Your hours will be 9–5 Monday to
		Friday. You work at
		weekends.
	5	That river is dangerous. You
		swim in it.
	6	It's a very small flat. You
		clean it every day.
d	a U	complete the second sentence so it has similar meaning to the first sentence. se the <b>bold</b> verb in the positive or egative form.
	1	Our school has no uniform.
		have
		We don't have to wear a uniform at
		our school.

We	_be	at school by 8
It's very important that	you	start doing
some exercise.		

2 The rules say we must be at school by 8.

have

3

must You start doing some exercise.

exercise 1, but do exercises 2 and 3. have For homework tonight, you

do exercise 1, but do exercises 2 and 3. 5 It's important that you don't eat any chocolate on this diet.

4 For homework tonight, you can leave

must	
You	eat any chocolate
on this diet.	

# 2 VOCABULARY adjectives + prepositions

a	Complete	the	sentences	with a	word	from	the	list
C.	COMPLETE	LIIC	SCHILCHICCS	AAICIIC		11 0111	LIIC	1100

ba	ad at (x2) bad for good at (x2) good for
1	My sister's always been <u>bad at</u> maths. She hates numbers.
2	Wow! You're very English. Where did you learn it?
3	I really like playing the guitar, but I'm not very it.
4	Everybody knows that smoking isyou.
5	Our school football team is great, but we're very rugby. We've lost every match this yea
6	Cycling is lots of fun, and it's you, too.
C	omplete the sentences with a word from the list
fo	f from in of (x2) to with
1	The town of Pisa in Italy is famous <u>for</u> its leaning tower.
2	I'm very different my younger brother. Sometimes people can't believe we're brothers.
3	We went to a nightclub which was full tourists
4	People always get angry my uncle because he drives so slowly.
5	My husband is afraid flying, so we always trav by car or train.
6	I love going to Italy because I'm very interested old churches.
7	Jack's parents were very nice me when I stayed with them.
	omplete the tips with the words in brackets and se correct prepositions.
1	If you're <u>interested in</u> visiting museums, Berlin has some great ones, and the Alte Nationalgalerie is amazing paintings. (full /
	interested)
2	New York is its top restaurants.
	If you're spending too much
	money, there are lots of cheaper places to eat, too. (afraid / famous)
3	In most countries, people who live in the country are people in cities. They're often
	friendlier and much tourists. (nice / different)
4	Hiring a car in a new city can be difficult. Even if
	you're quite driving, it's easy
	to make mistakes, and other drivers can get
	you (good / angry)

d Read the teacher's notes on students in an English class and then write the reports.

	Marc	Hugo	Ana
Good at	grammar	speaking	speaking
Bad at	listening	doing homework	grammar
Interested in	writing	reading English magazines	watching English / American films
Must	check work	work harder	read more

1	Marc's worked quite hard this year. He's good at
	grammar, but he's still quite bad at listening. He's
	interested in writing, but he must check his work.
2	I haven't been happy with Hugo this term. He's good at speaking, but
3	In some ways, Ana is doing well in class.
	TO MARKET ALONE DOMESTIC

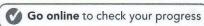
e Write your report and say how well (or badly) you think you are doing in your English class.

I'm good at	
I'm bad at	
I'm interested in	<u> </u>
I must	

# 3 PRONUNCIATION stress on prepositions

a Tick (/) the sentences where the preposition is stressed.

1	What's she famous <b>for</b> ?	
2	Why are you angry with him?	
3	There's nothing to be afraid of.	
4	I'm quite good <b>at</b> tennis.	
5	Sugar is bad <b>for</b> your teeth.	
6	You're always full <b>of</b> great ideas.	
7	What are you interested in?	
8	They weren't very nice <b>to</b> me.	



4

# Practical English At the pharmacy

going to a pharmacy V feeling ill

## 1 VOCABULARY feeling ill

Re-order the letters to make words that complete the sentences.

- 1 Daniel feels terrible. He thinks he has <u>flu</u> (ulf).
- 2 I need to buy some tissues. I have a \_\_\_\_\_\_(Icdo).
- 3 That fish wasn't very nice, and now I have a (dba ochmsta).
- 4 You feel very hot. I think you have a \_\_\_\_\_\_(emretupetra).
- 5 Please turn that music down. I have a \_\_\_\_\_ (chaeheda).
- 6 Kate's had a bad \_\_\_\_\_ (oguhc) for three weeks now.

### 2 GOING TO A PHARMACY

Complete the conversation with words from the list.

allergic better every have help much often symptoms take well



- A Good afternoon. Can I help you?
- B I'm not feeling very 2\_\_\_\_
- A What are your <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_?
- B I have a bad cough.
- A Do you <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ a temperature?
- B No, I don't.
- A Are you <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ to any drugs?
- B No, I don't think so.
- A Take these cough sweets. They'll make you feel
- B How many do I have to <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_?
- A Take one 8\_\_\_\_\_ three hours.
- B Sorry? How 9 \_\_\_\_\_?
- A One every three hours.
- B OK, thanks. How <sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ is that?
- A That's \$4.50, please.

### 3 HAVE GOT

Complete the conversations with the correct form of have got.

- 1 A Have you got any aspirin?
  - B Sorry, we haven't got any aspirin, but we've got some ibuprofen.
- 2 A
  - B Yes, my brother's got two children, a girl and a bov.
- 3 A Have you got any pets at home?
  - B No, we
- 4 A What sort of car \_\_\_\_\_ ?
  - B I've got a Mini.
- 5 A \_\_\_\_\_
  - B I've got one sister, but I haven't got any brothers.
- 6 A Have you got a printer?
  - B Yes, I

### **4 SOCIAL ENGLISH**

Complete the conversations.

- 1 A That was a lovely meal. And my cough has gone, too!
  - B I'm gl\_\_\_\_\_ you're feeling better.
- 2 A Can I have some more cake, please?
  - B There isn't any more. Anyway, too much cake isn't very good f\_\_\_\_\_\_\_you.
- 3 A | think | sh\_\_\_\_\_ get back to the hotel
  - B Shall I drive you back?
  - A No, I'll walk. I'm s I'll be fine.

    Thanks again for a gr evening.

# Can you remember...? 1-7

## 1 GRAMMAR

Circle a, b, or c.

- 1 The weather isn't great, but it was \_\_\_\_ last year
  - a bad b worse c the worst
- We want to go to Slovenia because \_\_\_\_ there before.
  a we've never been b we weren't c we went
- 3 I have problems sleeping because I drink coffee.
  - a enough b too much c too many
- 4 Do you think \_\_\_\_ tomorrow? It's cold enough.
  - a it'll snow b it's snowing c it snows
- 5 Do you know \_\_\_\_ can come to the party?
  - a which b what c who
- 6 In the UK you \_\_\_\_ carry your passport or ID with you, but you can if you want to.
  - a haven't b mustn't c don't have to

### 2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word or phrase that is different.

- 1 enjoy like love hate
- 2 interesting depressing relaxing exciting
- 3 heart muscle harbour liver
- 4 dangerous clean crowded polluted
- 5 bald moustache beard long
- 6 hire a car do the ironing sunbathe go sightseeing

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the sound that is different.

si <b>ng</b> er	1 thing sing thank ring
<b>z</b> ebra	2 like <b>s</b> read <b>s</b> feel <b>s</b> know <b>s</b>
girl	3 guarantee gate gift general
<b>U</b> boot	4 going doing moving losing
<b>A</b> up	5 en <b>ou</b> gh bl <b>oo</b> d p <b>u</b> t sh <b>u</b> t
tree	6 easy break mean beach

## **4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY**

Read the article. Circle a, b, or c.

# Bhutan Kingdom of happiness

The mountain kingdom of Bhutan is a very small country with a population of only 800,000 people.

Countries usually want <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_ more cars and planes, build more houses and roads, and have more teachers and doctors, because this all improves the economy. However, in Bhutan, King Jigme Wangchuck decided <sup>2</sup>\_\_\_ the 1970s that other things were more important and the government had to think about what makes people happy.

The people of Bhutan are now healthier, and they live longer than they did before. The country has <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ roads, schools and hospitals, but the people also believe <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_ looking after the environment. In fact, it's one of the <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_ polluted countries in the world.

Education is also very important. Almost 100% of children go to primary school. The children have lessons in maths and science, and they also learn about farming and the environment. The teachers say that school mustn't just be about <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_

that school mustn't just be about <sup>6</sup>\_exams; it should be about teaching students to be good people.

1 a making b to make
2 a on b in
3 a better b well
4 a at b in
5 a less b last
6 a winning b passing
7 a modern b crowded
8 a slow b slowly

9 a was

10 a has

b in at b well c best b in c for **b** last c least **b** passing c failing **b** crowded c quiet b slowly c more slow b is c has been **b** must c have

c to making

# 8A

# Should I stay or should I go?

Time gives good advice. Maltese proverb

G should

V get

P /u/ and /u

### 1 GRAMMAR should

a Read problems A-G. Complete the advice in 1–7 with should / shouldn't and a verb from the list. Then match the sentences to the problems.

Ca	all drink get give	go see tell
1	You should get	a cat.
2	You	coffee all day.
3	You	to bed earlier.
4	You	a doctor.
5	Don't worry. You	him how you fee
6	You	them sweets.
7	You	her and invite her to dinner.

## PROBLEMS, PROBLEMS, PROBLEMS...

- A I find it really difficult to get up in the morning, and I'm often late for work. My boss has noticed, and she's quite angry with me. What should I do?
- **B** Yesterday, I hurt my foot while I was playing football. It didn't seem very serious at the time, but now my foot has gone blue. What's your advice?
- C I want to have a pet, but I work all day and there is nobody at home. What should I do? \_\_1\_
- D I really like one of my colleagues at work, and I think she likes me, too. I'd really like to go out with her, but I don't know how to ask her. Any advice?
- **E** I have three children, and they all have terrible problems with their teeth. We're always at the dentist's and each visit costs a lot of money. Any advice?
- F I have problems sleeping at night. I have a lot of coffee breaks during the day. Perhaps it's the caffeine? What should I do?
- **G** I've had an argument with my boyfriend, and I don't know what to do. I feel very stupid, and I really want to see him again. What do you think I should do?

b	Rewrite the sentences with should or	shouldn't
	and the verb in <b>bold</b> .	

1		ea for you to <b>apologize</b> . You	have
	done anything w	rong.	
	I don't think you done anything w	should apologize . You have	√en′t
2		160	
2		d idea to <b>wear</b> a hat in the su	ın.
	You	a hat in the sun.	
3	It's a bad idea to	buy that old house.	
	You	that old house.	
4	If you're in Londo British Museum.	on, it's a good idea to <b>visit</b> th	ie
	If you're in Londo British Museum.	on, yout	he
5	I know it isn't a g chocolate.	ood idea for me to <b>have</b> ano	ther
	I know I	another chocolat	te.
6	It's a good idea t	for us to <b>get</b> a new car.	
	We	a new car.	

## 2 PRONUNCIATION /u/ and /uː/

a Circle the word with a different sound.

U bull	1 pull food would
ur boot	2 c <b>oul</b> d y <b>ou</b> soon
U bull	3 w <b>o</b> man w <b>oul</b> dn't s <b>ou</b> p
ui boot	4 b <b>oo</b> k sh <b>oe</b> s t <b>wo</b>

b \$\infty\$ 8.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

## 3 VOCABULARY get

a Match the **bold** phrases to the meaning of *get*. Write a, b, c, or d.

a	buy / obtain b receive c become d arrive
1	When did you <b>get married</b> ? <u>c</u>
2	Jack had an interview and he got the job.
3	It's going to <b>get colder</b> next week
4	I get very nervous when I have to speak in front of a lot of people
5	It's a really great book. I'm sure it'll get a prize.
6	Sorry to hear you're ill. I hope you <b>get better</b> soon
7	Do you think we'll get to the airport on time?
8	When you go to the shop, could you get a newspaper?
9	got an email from an old school friend yesterday.
0	It was almost 3.00 in the morning when we <b>got home</b> from the party
	omplete the sentences with the correct form of gen

divorced fit lost on ready text message tickets to work up worse 1 Her parents aren't happy together, so they're going to get divorced. 2 I don't feel like \_\_\_\_\_\_today. I'm going to stay in bed. 3 Our satnav wasn't working and we \_\_\_\_\_ on the way to our friends' house. 4 I've started going to the gym because I want 5 The pain in my neck was \_\_\_\_\_\_, so I went to the doctor. 6 This morning I \_\_\_\_\_\_ for the concert online. They're very good ones at the front! 7 How well do you \_\_\_\_\_ with your brothers and sisters? 8 I \_\_\_\_\_\_ a \_\_\_\_\_ from my boyfriend saying he's going to be late. 9 Do you always have a coffee as soon as you \_\_\_\_\_

10 Lucy's in her bedroom. She's

\_\_\_\_\_for the party.

c Read Dana's problems. Then make sentences with should and the phrases in the list.

get fit get a new job get up earlier get better get the bus not get stressed

'I spend too much on going out and new clothes.'

'I'm bored at work.'

'I never have enough time for breakfast.'

'It's difficult for me to relax

'I get tired very quickly when I play tennis.'

> 'It takes me an hour to walk to work.'

1	She should get better	at saving money
2	She	
3		
4		
5		



d Write three things you think you should do to make your life better.

1	I think I should
2	I think
3	I

# Murphy's Law

If everything seems to be going well, you have obviously overlooked something. Murphy's Law

G if + present, will + infinitive (first conditional) V confusing verbs P homophones

- **GRAMMAR** if + present, will + infinitive
- Match 1-6 to a-f to make sentences.

Here are six more examples of			
MURPHY	"S LAW		
1 If you lose something,	_c_		
2 If you arrive early at a party,			
3 If you make an appointmen	t to see a doctor,		
4 If you don't do your homework,			
5 If you buy a new carpet,			
6 If you get into a hot bath,			
<ul> <li>a you'll feel better before</li> <li>b you'll drop something o</li> <li>c you'll find it in the last p</li> <li>d your phone will ring.</li> <li>e all the other people will</li> <li>f your teacher will ask yo</li> </ul>	n it the first day. lace you look. I be late.		

- b Circle the correct words.
  - 1 If the plane arrives late tonight, ('Il miss / I miss the last bus home.
  - 2 If you see / you'll see an accident, call the police!
  - 3 We won't get lost if we use / we'll use our satnav.
  - 4 We don't get / won't get to the cinema in time if we don't leave now.
  - 5 If you don't take / won't take an umbrella, it'll definitely rain!
  - 6 If there isn't / won't be much traffic when we leave, it won't take long to get there.

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in brackets. Then match the sentences to the correct pictures, A-F.

	(give) you a knife as a present
	(give) your friend a coin, be (always be) friends.
2 Horseshoe	
If you	(find) a horseshoe and (put) it above your door, it
	luck to you and your family.
3 Ladders	
If you	(walk) under a ladder,
you	(have) bad luck.
	coin into a well
If you	(throw) a coin into a well and _ (ask) for something, your dreams
	_ (come) true.
5 Falling leav	208
	(catch) a falling leaf, (not be) ill all winter.
you	(not be) in an winter.
6 Mirrors	
	(break) a mirror, you
	(B) [57] C U
F. C.	

## 2 VOCABULARY confusing verbs

a Complete the sentences with a verb from the list.

carrying earns found heard listened to looking at looking for watching wearing wins



1 a She's <u>carrying</u> a coat
b She's <u>wearing</u> a coat.



2 a He's \_\_\_\_\_ a picture.
b He's \_\_\_\_\_ TV.



C

d

3 a She's her keys.
b She's her keys.



- 4 a He \_\_\_\_\_\_ a lot of matches.
  - **b** He \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money.



5 **a** We \_\_\_\_\_ the ambulance. **b** We \_\_\_\_\_ the radio.

	Complete the sentences with the <b>bold</b> verbs in the correct
	tense.

1 look,	look like
You lo	very smart in that suit. In fact, you <u>look like</u>
	nessman!
2 miss,	lose
1	my ticket and had to buy another one, so I the train.
3 say, to	ell
alway	n doesn't often lies, but if he does, he s sorry.
4 hope,	
	for the bus. I it'll come soon use it's raining.
5 know,	, meet
	Sam on a safari last summer, so she's him for a year now.
6 borro	w, lend
If you you £	need to some money, I can 50.
7 bring	, take
	you to the shopping centre, but I can't you home.
Comple correct	te the questions with a verb from <b>a</b> or <b>b</b> in the tense.
1 What tonigh	will you do if there's nothing to <u>watch</u> on TV
	you ever something important and then it? What was it?
3 How o	often do you old photos?
4 What	kind of music do youto?
5 Have	you ever a prize? What for?
Answer	the questions in <b>c</b> about you.

# 3 **PRONUNCIATION** homophones

1	know	1	no	5 right	write
2	where		wear	6 meat	meet
3	sea		see	7 wait	weight
4	war		wore	8 one	won

Life is ours to be spent, not to be saved. D.H. Lawrence, British writer

G possessive pronouns V adverbs of manner P reading aloud

## **PRONUNCIATION** reading aloud

- a 38.4 Listen to the sentences. You will hear each one twice. Circle the better version, a or b.
  - 1 'Mr Watson,' she said slowly, 'I am beginning to understand.' Version a / Version b
  - 2 'Sit down,' he said calmly, 'and tell me what you know.' Version a / Version b
  - 3 'Catherine,' he said nervously. 'There's something I have to tell you.'
    - Version a / Version b
  - 4 'Here you are,' the old woman said kindly. 'A nice cup of tea for you.'
    - Version a / Version b
  - 5 The detective looked at her suspiciously. 'Tell me, what were you doing at 12.00 on 11th May?' Version a / Version b
- b @8.5 Listen and repeat the sentences. Copy the rhythm and intonation.

# **GRAMMAR** possessive pronouns

Complete the questions and answers in the chart.

Whose?	Possessive adjective	Possessive pronoun
1 Whose bag is that?	It's my bag.	It's mine
2 Whose books are those?	They're your books.	They're
3?	It's his laptop.	lt's
4?	They're her keys.	They're
5?	It's our car.	lt's
6?	They're your coats.	They're
7?	It's their house.	lt's

b Complete the sentences with a possessive adjective (my, your, etc.) or pronoun (mine, yours, etc.).



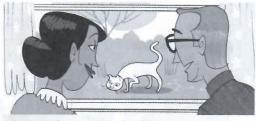
- 1 A Are those my glasses?
  - No, they're mine. Yours are in your pocket!



- 2 A Whose coats are these? Are they
  - B Yes, they're \_\_\_\_\_. Thanks a lot.



- 3 A Is that your boyfriend's car? It looks
  - B No, it isn't. car is bigger than that.



- 4 A Whose cat is that? Is

  - B No, it isn't. I've seen it in the neighbours' garden. I think it's \_\_\_\_\_

С	Complete the sentences with a possessive adjective (my, your, etc.) or pronoun (mine, yours, etc.).	b Make adverbs from the adjectives in the list and complete the sentences.
	<ol> <li>You have to fill this form in with a black pen. Do you want to use mine?</li> <li>I left wallet at home. Can I borrow some money?</li> <li>You'll have to ask James if you want to use this bike. It's, not mine.</li> <li>Melissa can't come out tonight because she has to look after sisters.</li> <li>Wendy and I bought this house, so now it's</li> <li>I'll tidy my room if you do</li> <li>My sister bought a new phone, and now is better than mine.</li> <li>Toby and Sam had to get a taxi because car's in the garage.</li> </ol>	2 Sorry? I can't hear you. You're going too fast! 2 Sorry? I can't hear you. You're speaking very 3 Maria hardly ever laughs. She takes things very 4 'I don't feel like doing anything today,' he said 5 'I'd like to retire early and live by the sea,' Mark said 6 Although the passengers were worried, the flight attendant spoke and explained the problem. c Complete the sentences with words from the list
3	VOCABULARY adverbs of manner	ours / calmly mine / completely ours / slowly mine / well ours / seriously mine / quietly
a	Circle the correct word.  1 I haven't done anything wrong. I don't know why you are angry / angrily.  2 'Come with me, my darling', he said masterful / masterfully. 'You'll always be safe with me.'  3 I had a very lazy / lazily morning. I didn't get up until 10.30.  4 Oliver had a serious / seriously accident, but he's fine now.	1 The other teacher talks too fast! It's difficult to understand her. We're lucky because ours speaks quite slowly 2 I'm surprised your plane was so empty yesterday. Today was full. 3 Your football coach seems very angry always talks to us 4 I'm sorry to hear your exams went badly went quite
	<ul><li>5 This film is very sad / sadly. I can't watch any more!</li><li>6 There were no seats on the train. It was complete /</li></ul>	5 Your teacher doesn't think pronunciation is importar but takes it very



completely full.

6 Your dog is very noisy. \_\_\_\_\_ just lies



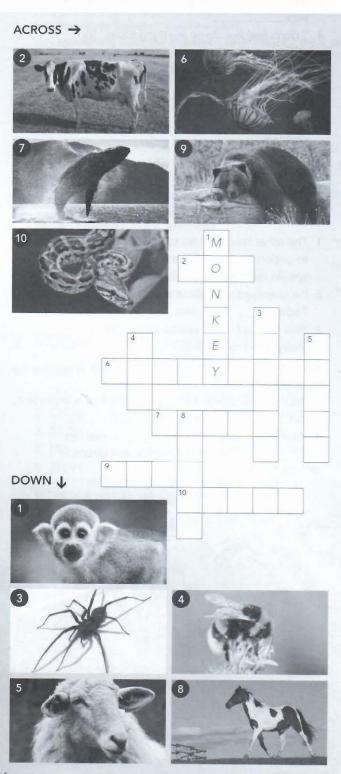
# Beware of the dog

All animals are equal – but some animals are more equal than others. From Animal Farm, by George Orwell, British writer

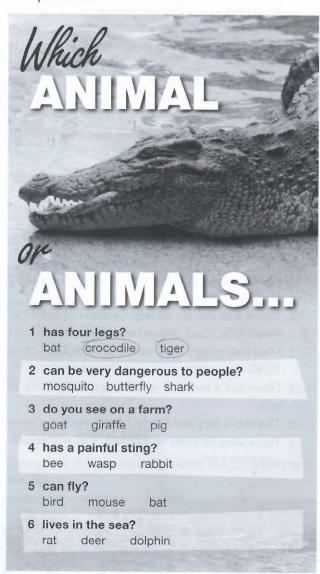
**G** if + past, would + infinitive (second conditional) **V** animals and insects **P** word stress

### **VOCABULARY** animals and insects

Complete the crossword.



b Circle one or two animals in each set to answer the questions.



Complete the sentences with the missing animal.

1	A g <u>iratte</u> has a v		n eat
	leaves from the top of tr	ees.	
2	2 Cows are usually quite o	alm, but b	_ can
	be dangerous.		
3	3 African e a	re the largest land ani	mals.
4	When we were in Austra	alia, we saw lots of k	
	jumping near the road.		
5	Put that food in the fridg	ge or there will be fl	
	all over it!		
6	In the desert, c	are good working	9
	animals because they do	on't need water every	day.



### 2 PRONUNCIATION word stress.

- a Underline the stressed syllable in each word. If they all have the same stressed syllable, tick (✓) the group.
  - 1 je lly fish <u>cro</u> co dile <u>e</u> le phant
  - 2 monkey tiger giraffe
  - 3 butterfly kan garoo mos qui to
  - 4 camel dolphin lion
  - 5 spilder ralbbit chilcken
- b @ 9.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

## 3 GRAMMAR if + past, would + infinitive

- a Circle the correct words.
  - 1 If a bee flew/ would fly into my bedroom, ('d open/ I opened the window.
  - 2 If my sister would see / saw a mouse in the kitchen, she screamed / she'd scream.
  - 3 We'd have / We had pets if we wouldn't travel / we didn't travel for work all the time.
  - 4 If my brother wouldn't be / wasn't allergic to animals, he got / he'd get a cat.
  - 5 If I'd live / I lived in the country, I learnt / I'd learn to ride a horse.
  - 6 What did you do / would you do if a bull attacked / would attack you?
  - 7 If I got / I'd get a dog, I chose / I'd choose a small
  - 8 If I'd see / I saw a crocodile, I'd swim / I swam away fast.

b	Complete the second conditional sentences with
	the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 If you <u>went</u> (go) on safari, what animals <u>would you hope</u> (you / hope) to see?
- 2 If you \_\_\_\_\_ (have) the chance to have any pet, what animal \_\_\_\_\_ (you / get)?
- 3 What \_\_\_\_\_ (you / do) if you \_\_\_\_ (see) a shark in the sea when you were at the beach?
- 4 How \_\_\_\_\_ (you / feel) if someone \_\_\_\_ (ask) you to look after their dog for a week?
- 5 What \_\_\_\_\_ (you / do) if you \_\_\_\_\_ (find) a snake in your house or garden?
- 6 If there \_\_\_\_\_ (be) a mosquito in your room at night, what \_\_\_\_\_ (you / do)?

# c Answer the questions in **b** about you. Use contractions where possible.

1 If I went on safari, I'd \_\_\_\_\_

2 If I had the chance to have any pet, I'd \_\_\_\_\_

- 3 I'd
- 4
- 5 \_\_\_\_\_
- 6

I am not afraid of death. I just don't want to be there when it happens. Woody Allen, American film director

G present perfect + for and since V words related to fear, phrases with for and since P sentence stress

(play in the

+	for	and	since
	+	+ tor	+ for and

Complete the conversations with the correct form of the

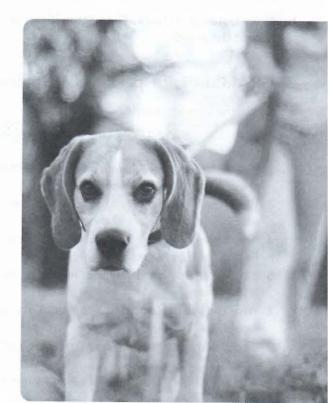
1		Is Laura still frightened of flying?	
	В	Yes, she <u>hasn't been</u> (not be) on a plane fo	r about
		ten years.	
2	A	Do you like snakes?	
	В	No, I (have) a phobia of them	since I
		was a child.	
3		How long (you / live) in Prague	e?
	В	We've been here since 2005.	
4	Α	Does your sister work at the local school?	
		Yes, she (work) there since she	eleft
		university.	
5	A	How's John these days?	
		I don't know. I (not hear) from	him
		since he moved to Washington.	
6	A	Is that a new coat?	
		is that a new coat?	
	В	No, I (have) it for years.	
Rev	B writ Id p How	No, I (have) it for years.  ite the sentences and correct the mistakes in the phrases.  w long do you have your dog?  w long have you had your dog?	ie
Rev	B writ Id p How	No, I (have) it for years.  ite the sentences and correct the mistakes in the phrases.  w long do you have your dog?	ne
Rev	Writ Id p How How	No, I (have) it for years.  ite the sentences and correct the mistakes in the phrases.  w long do you have your dog?  w long have you had your dog?	ne
Rev	B write Id Flow How Gill	No, I (have) it for years.  ite the sentences and correct the mistakes in the phrases.  w long do you have your dog?  w long have you had your dog?  I hates spiders since she was a child.	ne
Review of the second of the se	B write Id post of the Boundary B write Id post of the Boundary B write Id a	No, I (have) it for years.  ite the sentences and correct the mistakes in the phrases.  w long do you have your dog?  w long have you had your dog?  I hates spiders since she was a child.  w much time has your brother been an actor?	ne
Remo	B writ Id p How Gill We'	No, I (have) it for years.  ite the sentences and correct the mistakes in the phrases.  w long do you have your dog?  w long have you had your dog?  I hates spiders since she was a child.  w much time has your brother been an actor?  're married for ten years, and we're very happy.	ne

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets and for or since. Use contractions where possible. 1 Juliet and I were in the same class at school. We 've known each other for (know each other) 20 years. 2 This is our new dog. We (only have him) October. 3 The garden is very dry. It (not rain) weeks. 4 I think Dan and Lucy will get married soon. They \_ together) three years now. 5 Christina is very excited about going to Italy. She\_ be on holiday) a long time. 6 I don't ever want to leave London. I (live here) I was five. 7 I'm really hungry. I \_\_

(not eat anything) breakfast.

band) two years.

8 He



b

# 2 VOCABULARY phrases with for and since

- a Circle the correct words.
  - 1 I've been afraid of snakes since I am / was a child.
  - 2 I haven't seen Amy for age / ages.
  - 3 We've known Claire for a long time / long time.
  - 4 I'm worried about our cat. It hasn't been home since the weekend / a week.
  - 5 I saw Jacob on Friday, but I haven't spoken to him since then / after.
- **b** Use today's time and date to rewrite the **bold** phrases with *for* or *since*.
  - 1 José hasn't been to school **since Christmas**. José hasn't been to school for
  - 2 Peter hasn't visited his sister for ten years. Peter hasn't visited his sister since \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 3 I haven't watched TV for three days.
    I haven't watched TV since
  - 4 Jack's been abroad **since last Monday**.

    Jack's been abroad for
  - 5 They've been at the airport since eight o'clock. They've been at the airport for \_\_\_\_\_
  - 6 I went to Paris three years ago.
    I haven't been to Paris since

A AND IN		
	LUF	
		y Ó Ó
	UUL	
	THI	
	20 H H	

c Write questions with *How long* and the present perfect.

1	you / have / your phone
	How long have you had your phone?
2	you / know your best friend?
3	you / have your computer or tablet?
4	you / live where you live now?
5	you / be in your English class?
6	you / be on Facebook or Twitter?
	nswer the questions in <b>c</b> about you. Use <i>for</i> or <i>nce</i> .
1	I've had my phone
2	I've known my
3	I've
4	
5	
0	

## 3 **PRONUNCIATION** sentence stress

nce he was	a serious phobia <u>si</u>	He's had	1
		a child.	
years.	for	I've	2
,	here for		3
married?			4
Andrew?			5
here?			6

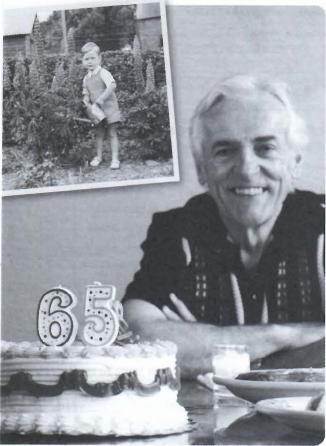
In films the director is God; in documentaries God is the director. Alfred Hitchcock, British film director

**G** present perfect or past simple? (2) **V** biographies **P** word stress, /a:

**b** Complete the sentences with the missing words. Use the

## 1 **VOCABULARY** biographies

Match 1–8 to a–h to make sentences.



١	ď.	
	1	My grandfather was _c_
	2	He went
	3	He fell
	4	He left
	5	He got
	6	He and my grandmother got
	7	They had
	8	He retired
	а	on his 65th birthday.
	b	in love with my grandmother at school
	C	born in 1945.
	d	to primary school when he was five.
	е	three children.
	f	school in 1962.
	g	a job when he was 17.
	h	married in 1968.

	past tense where necessary.	
	1 I think my grandmother is about 70, but I can't remember ex when she was <u>born</u> .	act
	2 Bob and Sue's marriage wasn't happy; they s in 2017 and g d a year later.	
	3 I would like to h ch one day. I'd lik boy and a girl.	e a
	4 When she leaves school, Kate wants to g to u	
	5 I'll never forget my first girlfriend. I fiiii	
	6 My dad worked for the same company for years, but he r last year when he was 65.	
	7 When Jackie was 11, she moved to a big s sc with around 800 students.	
	8 My grandfather had a long and happy life, but sadly he d last year at the age of 96.	
2	PRONUNCIATION word stress, /ɔː/	
а	Under <u>line</u> the stressed syllable in the words.	
	1 di vorced	
	2 married	
	3 se con dary	
	4 primary	
	5 chil dren	
	6 retire	
	7 u ni ver si ty	
	8 separate	
b	9.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.	
С	Tick $(\checkmark)$ the sentences where the last two words have the $(>)$ sound.	
	1 Let's go for a <b>short walk</b> . ✓	
	2 At school, I'm in Form Four.	
	3 Your hair looks worse short.	
	4 I have to do more work.	
	5 You play squash with a <b>small ball</b> .	
	6 She gave quite a long talk.	
d	9.4 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the sentences.	

3	<b>GRAMMAR</b> present perfect or past simple? (2)	c Write questions from the notes. Change the form of the verb if necessary.
a	Read the sentences. Write ${\bf F}$ if the sentence is about finished actions and ${\bf U}$ if it's about unfinished actions.	
	1 Margarita was married to Juan for 11 years. F 2 I've been friends with Luke for a long time. 3 We've lived here since 2010. 4 Our family lived in Pakistan from 1998 to 2000.	
	5 I've had this phone for nearly two years. 6 I only had two days off school last year. 7 Maria's worked here since 2017.	
	8 My first wife and I separated for a year and then got divorced.	
b	Complete the sentences with the past simple or present perfect form of the verb in brackets. Use contractions where possible.	
	1 A How long <u>have</u> you <u>studied</u> English? (study)	
	B Since I was little. I <u>started</u> learning it at school. (start)	1 Where / you born? Where you were born?
	2 A Are Tom and Gail married? B Yes, they are.	2 Where / you live when you were a child?
	A When they married?	3 When / you go to primary school?

(get)

B Yes, he is.

A Howlong\_ (work)

car? (have)

ago, I think. (buy)

boyfriend? (meet)

London? (live)

(arrive)

B Last year. But they \_\_\_\_\_

together for about ten years now. (be)

\_\_ he \_\_\_\_\_\_ here?

3 A Is that man the new assistant?

B Only for two months. He \_\_\_\_\_ university in June. (finish)

4 A How long \_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ your

5 A When \_\_\_\_\_ Sandra \_\_\_\_\_ her

B When she was at university. She \_\_\_\_\_

6 A How long \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_ in

B Not long. I \_\_\_\_\_ six months ago.

him for three years now. (know)

B A long time! I \_\_\_\_\_\_ it about ten years

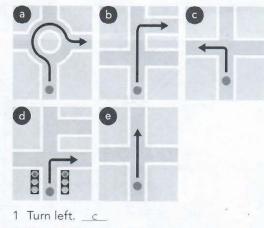
Where / you born?
Where you were born? Where / you live when you were a child?
When / you go to primary school?
/ you enjoy school?
Where / you go to secondary school?
Where / you live now?
How long / you live there?
Where / you work or study?
How long / you be there?
rite a paragraph about your life. Answer the uestions in <b>c</b> .
vas born in

# Practical English Getting around

asking how to get there V directions

## **VOCABULARY** directions

Match the pictures and phrases.



- 2 Go straight on.
- 3 Take the second turning on the right.
- 4 Turn right at the traffic lights. \_
- 5 Go round the roundabout and take the third exit.
- b Complete the directions.

right and	go <sup>2</sup> str	on until you get
to the rour	ndabout. Go <sup>3</sup> r	the
roundabo	ut and take the fou	urth <sup>4</sup> e
Then turn	right at the traffic	<sup>5</sup> I ar
6t	the second	turning on the
71	The hotel is	called The King's

## **ASKING HOW TO GET THERE**

- Match 1-4 to a-d to make sentences.
  - 1 How do I get to <u>d</u>
  - 2 Sorry, could you \_\_\_\_
  - 3 So first I get to Columbus Circle. \_
  - 4 How many stops
  - a OK, and then?
  - b is that?
  - c say that again?
  - d the Museum of Natural History on the subway?

### b Complete the conversation with the sentences from the list.

Ok	ow do I get to SoHo on the subway? K, thanks. See you later. OK. And then? ow many stops is that? Could you say that again? Where is it?
	when you day that again. Which is it.
A	<sup>1</sup> How do I get to SoHo on the subway?
	Go to the subway station at Grand Central – 42nd Street. Take line 6 towards Brooklyn Bridge – City Hall. Get off at Spring Street.
A	
B	OK. Take line 6 from Grand Central – 42nd Street to Spring Street.
В	Seven.
В	Then you can walk to the restaurant.
В	Come out of the subway on Spring Street. Go straight on for about 80 yards and the restaurant is on the right. It's called Balthazar.
В	And don't get lost

## 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Complete the conversation with the words from the list.

fee	el long mean said se
A	I'm <sup>1</sup> so sorry I'm late. I missed the bus.
В	But you're always late! I've already eaten now.
Α	12I'm sorry. Look, why don't we go for a walk?
	I can get a burger or something.
В	I don't <sup>3</sup> like a walk. It's been a <sup>4</sup>
	day and I'm tired.
Α	Listen. I'll take you home now. And tomorrow I'll make dinner
	for you at my house.
В	OK. I suppose that way you can't be late! Sorry, I didn't

# Can you remember...? 1-9

### 1 GRAMMAR

Circle a, b, or c.

- 1 I think you \_\_\_\_ take the job. It's a great opportunity.
  - a would b should c need
- 2 I love my new phone it's the \_\_\_\_ phone I've ever had.
  - a good b better c best
- 3 Louisa \_\_\_\_ at our school for three months now.
  - a was b's c'sbeen
- 4 We couldn't find \_\_\_\_ to park near the cinema.
  - a anywhere b somewhere c nowhere
- 5 We \_\_get up early tomorrow because there's no school.
  - a mustn't b don't have to c must
- 6 If I had more time, \_\_\_\_ all the housework myself.
  - a l'Il do b do c l'd do

### **2 VOCABULARY**

Circle the word that is different.

- 1 married divorced separated retired
- 2 get fit get to work get to school get home
- 3 butterfly wasp goat mosquito
- 4 extrovert friendly talkative mean
- 5 castle terminal temple palace
- 6 windy dirty foggy cloudy

## 3 PRONUNCIATION

a Circle the word with a different vowel sound.

3 bird	1 word beard skirt learn
U bull	2 good would blood push
chair chair	3 where were wear bear

- b Circle the word that is stressed on a different syllable.
  - 1 slowly after along
  - 2 exciting expensive beautiful
  - 3 de cide practise repair

### **4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY**

Read the text. Circle a, b, or c.

# Words of wisdom

There's one thing that everybody is happy to give you – their advice. But 1\_\_\_\_ people love giving advice, not many people 2\_\_\_\_ for it, and even fewer people actually take it.

If we were lucky, our parents probably gave us some good advice when we were children. I remember <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_ a good luck card from my mother before my school exams. It said 'You can only do your best, but DO it!' It was just an Irish mother's way of saying 'Be the best you can be!'

Here are some words of wisdom  $^4$ \_\_\_ celebrities have found useful over the years.

My mother, Eve, always taught me you should never look back and worry about the mistakes you have  $^5$ ....... When something goes wrong, it's just another one of life's lessons. Move on to the next thing.

### Sir Richard Branson, businessman

A long time ago, my lovely grandmother told me: 'When you  $^6$  \_\_\_ somebody for the first time, try to  $^7$  \_\_\_ something nice to say about them. It always makes them happy.' She really made people happy, and I've always tried to be like her.

#### Jilly Cooper, writer

The  $^8$  way to give advice to your children is to find out what they want and advise them to do it.

### Harry S Truman, US President

'Everything matters, but nothing matters very much.' I read this —— and love it because it seems just right.

### Deborah Moggach, writer

<sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_ give up, because if you keep believing and trying, anything can happen.

### Goran Ivanisevic, tennis player

1	а	because	b	although	С	so
2	а	ask		tell	С	answer
3	а	got	b	to get	c	getting
4	а	who	b	where	c	that
5	a	made	b	done	C	been
6	a	meet	b	know	C	look
7	a	found	b	finding	C	find
8	a	easy	b	easily	С	easiest
9	а	someone	b	somewhere	c	something
10	a	Never	b	Ever	С	Always

# Into the net

A lifetime of training for just 10 seconds. Jesse Owens, American athlete and winner of the Olympic 100m in 1936

G expressing movement V sports, expressing movement P word stress

## 1 VOCABULARY sports, expressing movement

a Match the sports to the photos.

baseball basketball cycling gymnastics karate rugby tennis windsurfing















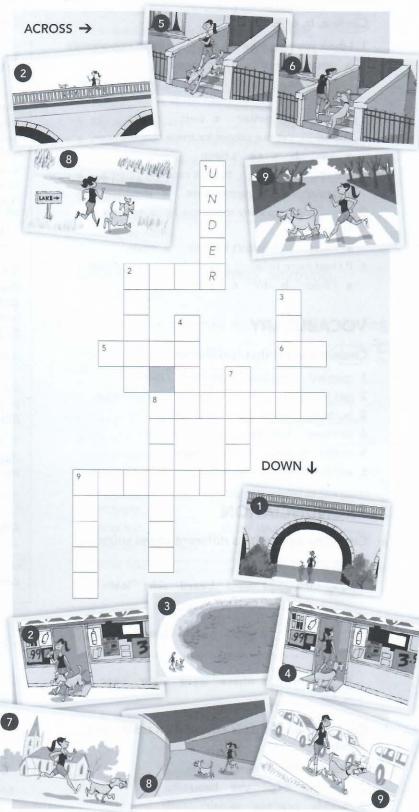


b Complete the phrases with play, go, or do.

8

1 play football \_\_ cycling \_\_ handball 4 \_\_\_\_\_\_ yoga 5 \_\_\_\_\_ gymnastics 6 \_\_\_\_\_skiing \_\_\_\_volleyball 8 \_\_\_\_\_ athletics

c Complete the crossword.



### 2 PRONUNCIATION word stress

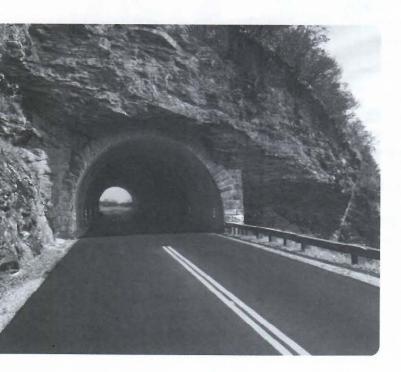
- a Under<u>line</u> the stressed syllable in each word. Then tick (✓) the groups where all three stress patterns are the same.
  - 1 skii ng yo ga tenn is

1

- 2 gymnastics karate basketball
- 3 volley ball athletics wind surfing
- 4 cycling handball rugby
- 5 football baseball tennis
- b @10.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words. Copy the rhythm.

## 3 **GRAMMAR** expressing movement

- a Circle the correct words.
  - 1 The goalkeeper stopped the ball from going into/out of the net.
  - 2 In the 800 metres, athletes go along / round the track twice
  - 3 My ex-girlfriend ran over / past me, but she didn't say hello.
  - 4 The footballer kicked the ball across / through the field to a player on the other side.
  - 5 I was running down / under the bridge when I saw a big black dog coming towards / across me.
  - 6 Go up / over the stairs to the next floor.
  - 7 My sister said: 'Go back / away! I don't want to talk to anybody.'
  - 8 The tunnel goes through / under the mountain and out the other side.



b Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with the past simple of the verb and the correct preposition from the list.



eyele go hit kick run throw across into over through under up

- 1 They cycled up the hill.
  2 She the ball the net.
  3 He the ball the goal.
  4 The boy the ball the car.
  5 The train the tunnel.
  6 The children the road.
- c Complete the sentences with a preposition from the list and the words in brackets.

down into over round through up and down

1 In skiing, you have to go down hills fast
(go / hills fast)

2 In volleyball, you have to
(hit / the ball / the net)

3 In cycling, you have to
(ride / hills)

4 In athletics, you have to
(run / the track)

5 In football, you have to
(kick / the ball / the goal)

6 In basketball, you have to

(throw / the ball / the hoop)

Woke up, got out of bed, dragged a comb across my head. John Lennon and Paul McCartney, British songwriters

G word order of phrasal verbs V phrasal verbs P linking

## **VOCABULARY** phrasal verbs

Complete what the people are saying in each picture.



2	Don't worry! The n	soon.	
3	We need someone we're on holiday.	who can look	our dog while
4	Take	your shoes before you co	me in!
5	Can you fill	this form, please?	
6	Why don't you put looks awful!	a different j	acket? That one

b Complete the sentences with a verb from the list.

1	Chris listens to the radio to <u>find</u> out about the traffic in the morning.
2	I never away old books, I sell them on eBay.
	It's very cold in here. Can you up the heating?
4	Use your dictionaries to up the words you don't understand.
5	I don't on with my boss. He thinks he's always right.
6	They always off really early when they go to the airport as they don't want to miss their flight.
7	Can you wake me up if my alarm doesn't off?
	We're going to back our new coffee machine because it doesn't work properly.

Complete the conversations with a phrasal verb from the list.

	_	
		get on drop you off give up off looking forward to it
		ou up run out try it on turn it off
1		To tell you the truth, John and I don't like each other. I know. I think it's sad that you two don't get on.
2	A B	I don't smoke anymore. That's fantastic – well done. When did you?
3		Jilly is excited about our holiday! Yes, she's really
4	A	Can you help me? I want to see if this dress fits.
	В	Sure. You can in the changing room over there.
5	A	When you go to bed, please don't leave the TV on all night.
	В	Don't worry. I promise
6	Α	Our neighbour's car alarm started in the middle of the night.
	В	
7	A	Jack's dad can't take me to school today. He's ill.
	В	Don't worry. I can
		on my way to work and this afternoon.
8	A	I'm a bit worried that we don't have enough petrol.
	В	It's only 10 miles to the next petrol station – I don't think

we'll

2	GRAMMAR phrasal verbs	d	Complete the questions with a phrasal verb from the list.	
a	Match 1–7 to a–g to complete the sentences.		verb from the fist.	
	1 I'm really sorry I'm late. My alarm clock didn't go _b		get up go away go off go out set off	
	<ul> <li>2 I wasn't sure how to spell 'practice', so I looked</li> <li>3 The sound in this cinema is too loud! I don't understand why they don't turn</li> <li>4 It was a really boring film – I couldn't wait till it was</li> <li>5 Jemma can't take her cat on holiday, so I'm going to look</li> <li>6 I have the application form, so now I just have to fill</li> <li>7 I've lost my bank card. Can you help me look?</li> </ul>		A What time does your alarm clock  1 go off ?  B At 6.30, but I usually stay in bed for a bit longer.  A What time do you 2 ?  B Usually at about 6.45.  A What time do you 3 for work?	
	a it in b—off c it up d over		B At 8.00. I get the 8.15 train.  A Do you usually <sup>4</sup> on Saturday night?  B Yes, I often meet up with friends and we	
	e for it f after it g it down		go to a bar or have dinner.  A Do you ever 5 for the weekend?  B Not often – I don't have enough money!	
b	Read the sentences. If both options are correct, tick (/) the sentence. If only one option is correct, circle the correct words.	е	A second	
	<ol> <li>Our flight's at 9.00 tomorrow, so we need to get up early / get early up.</li> <li>My diet's going OK, but giving up bread / giving bread up has been really difficult.</li> <li>My daughter isn't very well, so I'm staying at home today to look her after / look after her.</li> </ol>		2	
	4 Sorry – I didn't know you were on the phone. I'll turn down the TV / turn the TV down a bit.	3	PRONUNCIATION linking	
	5 It's freezing. Put your coat on. / Put on your coat. 6 You're wearing shoes. If you want to go into the mosque, you'll have to take them off / take off them.	а	<ul><li>10.2 Listen and write the missing words.</li><li>1 Leat too much chocolate. I'm going to try</li></ul>	
С	Rewrite the sentences with a pronoun. Change the word order if necessary.		and give it up.  2 My laptop's broken. I can't	
	1 Can you write down <b>your email address</b> ?  Can you write it down?		That's my jacket!!  This camera cost a lot of money.	
	2 The teacher will give back <b>the exams</b> on Friday.		Please !  5 This jumper looks nice. Is there anywhere	
	3 Are you looking forward to <b>your weekend in Paris</b> ??		I can? 6 Your pen doesn't work. You	
	4 I called back <b>my mother</b> when I arrived at the station.	b	should  ① 10.2 Listen again and repeat the	
	5 We don't get on with <b>our new neighbours</b> .	D	sentences.	

6 Can you turn on the TV?

sentences.

# International inventions

Necessity is the mother of invention. Anonymous

G the passive V people from different countries P ///, /t//, and /d

- **VOCABULARY** people from different countries
- a Complete the chart with the missing words.

Country	Adjective	People
Turkey	Turkish	the Turks
America		the Americans
	Chinese	the
		the Swiss
Poland		the
	Japanese	the
		the Spanish
	Irish	the
	Russian	the
ltaly		the
	English	the

- b Complete the sentences with the correct nationality adjective.
  - 1 We love going to places like Paris because the French have the most amazing markets.
  - 2 I really enjoyed living in Rome, and I think the are the best cooks.
  - 3 If you visit Durham, East London, and Cornwall, you'll realize that the \_\_\_\_\_ have lots of different accents.
  - 4 I loved New York, and all the \_\_\_ really friendly.
  - 5 When we visited Istanbul, we learnt a lot about the and their culture and history.
  - 6 You can understand why the of cities like Seville and Granada.
  - 7 The \_\_\_\_\_ have super-fast trains which run between cities like Tokyo and Osaka.

- **PRONUNCIATION** /ʃ/, /tʃ/, and /dʒ/
- Circle the word with a different sound.

<b>sh</b> ower	1 Belgian Spanish musician
d3 jazz	2 Japanese German Swedish
chess	3 shop watch cheese
chess	4 <b>ch</b> ocolate <b>ch</b> air <b>sh</b> ut
<b>sh</b> ower	5 <b>sh</b> ip <b>ch</b> eap Ru <b>ss</b> ia

- b @10.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.
- 10.4 Listen and write the sentences.

1	Fish and chips is an English dish.
2	
3	
1	
4	
5	

d 10.4 Listen again and repeat the sentences.



# 3 **GRAMMAR** the passive

- a Circle the correct words.
  - 1 In 1848, gold discovered / was discovered in California.
  - 2 Today most of the food we eat is bought / bought in supermarkets.
  - 3 Spanish speaks / is spoken widely in North and South America.
  - 4 The Indian film industry calls / is called Bollywood, and they make / are made lots of films every year.
  - 5 When were the Pyramids built / built the Pyramids and who built / was built them?
  - 6 My grandfather gave / was given me this lovely old watch.
- **b** Write sentences and questions in the present or past passive.
  - 1 what / your new baby / call? What's your new baby called?
  - 2 contact lenses / invent / a Czech chemist
  - 3 where / olives / grow?
  - 4 the VW Beetle / design / in the 1930s
  - 5 diamonds / find / in many different colours
  - 6 when / vitamins / discover?
- c Complete the conversations with a verb from the list in the correct present or past passive form.

be born build grow invent make

- 1 A Were you born in Germany?
  - B Yes, in Berlin, but I moved to England when I was 11.
- 2 A Are these cars 100% British?
  - B No, the engines \_\_\_\_\_\_ in Japan.
- 3 A Does tea come from China?
  - B Some of it does, but it \_\_\_\_\_ in India and some other countries, too.
- 4 A Is the Tower of London very old?
  - B Yes, the oldest part \_\_\_\_\_\_ in 1078.
- 5 A Who invented the ballpoint pen?
  - B It \_\_\_\_\_\_ by a Hungarian called László Bíró.

d Write sentences about the inventions.



5 fly / Wright brothers / 1903



# Ask the teacher

The beautiful thing about learning is that no one can take it away from you. BB King, American musician

G used to V school subjects P used to / didn't use to

1 VOCABULARY sch	nool subjects
------------------	---------------

- a Match the school subjects to the questions.
  - 1 foreign languages
  - 2 geography
  - 3 history
  - 4 literature
  - 5 maths
  - 6 PE
  - 7 chemistry
  - 8 IT
  - 9 art
  - 10 biology
  - a What's 15 times 99?
  - b Who wrote Macbeth?
  - c How do you say 'Thank you' in German?
  - d How do you create an XML document?
  - e Which English king had six wives?
  - f How many metres is one lap of an athletics
  - g Where was Pablo Picasso from?
  - h Are snakes warm-blooded or cold-blooded?
  - i What's the chemical symbol for water?
  - j What's the capital of Sweden?

1 Stockholm

10 Cold-blooded

Match the questions in a to the answers.

2	Spain	
3	Danke	
4	1,485	
5	William Shakespeare	
6	H <sub>2</sub> O	
7	400 metres	
8	Click on the link and find out.	
9	Henry VIII	

c Look at sentences 1-8 and complete the puzzle with school subjects. What's the mystery word?

		1_	А	N	G	U	A	G	E	S
2		1111								
	3									
	4									
		NH F								
					-			7		
	6							-		
×	6									

- 1 Lenjoy French and German, so I'm going to study foreign at university.
- 2 Jason loves studying English \_\_\_\_ especially writers like George Orwell.
- 3 \_\_\_\_ is my worst subject I'm terrible with numbers.
- 4 Kitty loves \_\_\_\_ she's really good at painting and drawing.
- 5 You have to be good at \_\_\_\_ if you want to be a doctor.
- 6 In our \_\_\_\_ class we're learning about the Russian Revolution.
- 7 I think Karen likes programming because her Information teacher is really good.
- 8 In the \_\_\_\_\_ test tomorrow, we have to remember the names of all the big rivers in the USA.



	<b>GRAMMAR</b> used to		d	Answer the questions in ${f c}$ about you
	Complete the sentences with and the words in brackets.	the correct form of used to		own experience at a school. If you're at secondary school, write about you primary school.
	1 ? Did you use to be at school?			1
	2 🖃 I	(work) hard at school.		2
	3 + We	(wear) a uniform at		
	school.			3
	4 ?	(you / have) a favourite		
	teacher at school?			1
	5 - Children	(not study) IT when		4
	I was at school.			Г.
	6 + My school	(be) smaller than		5
	it is now.			
	7 - We	(not play) football in PE.		6
	8 ?	(your teachers / give) you a		
	lot of homework?			7
	Correct the mistakes in the <b>bo</b>	ld phrases.		
	1 I use to sit at the back of the cla	ass.		
	Lused to		3	<b>PRONUNCIATION</b> used to /
	2 <b>Jon used go</b> to school on Satur	day mornings.		didn't use to
			а	11.1 Listen and write the sentence
	We didn't used to understand	our German teacher.		1 Lused to be good at maths.
4	4 <b>Did you used to</b> go to school b	y bus?		2
	School use to start at 9.00 but r	now it starts at 8.30.		5
ć	Did your friends use help you	with your homework?	b	0 11.1 Listen again and repeat the
١	Make questions about your old and the correct form of used to	school with the words below	J	sentences. Copy the rhythm.
1	what school / you / go?			
	What school did you use to go to	0?		
2	What subject / you / like most?			
		?		
2	What subjects / you / hate?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
		?		
4	Which teacher / you / like most?			
		?		
5	Did / you / work hard?	f		
	z. jes, workhara:			
4	What sports / you / do?	?		
	mat sports / you / do!			
7	What / you / do after all 10	?		
	What / you / do after school?			
		2		

G might V word building: noun formation P diphthong

# **GRAMMAR** might

a Complete the sentences with might or might not and a verb from the list.

be	e come fail get give o <del>go out</del> have miss rain
1	I'm really tired so I <u>might not go out</u> tonight.
2	Miguel speaks English very well, so he the job with the
	American company.
3	If you have a temperature, you flu.
4	If the taxi doesn't come soon, we the train.
5	I haven't seen Johnny with Vanessa for a long time. They
	together anymore.
6	Mike and Karen to our party – they're thinking of going on holiday then.
7	We love skiing, so we to Switzerland for our next holiday.
8	Sue hasn't had much time to practise, so she her driving test tomorrow.
9	Let's have something to eat before we board our flight. They
0	us a meal on the plane.  Take an umbrella. I think it later.

b Complete the article with words from the lists.

THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	UTURE S ROBOTS
į	
might be m	ight see might succeed
for us, but we to see a lot me known as the do 90% of the already greet	can be sure about one thing – we're going ore of them. The Henn-na hotel in Japan is world's first robot hotel. They hope robots will work. The robots, which look like humans, people, answer questions, and help guests with the hotel does well, and there are signs that it, then this is the kind of thing that we in other kinds of business soon, too.
might learn	might not be might start
like cooking or 4 that robots <sup>5</sup> and <sup>6</sup>	ink that robots could only do simple jobs r cleaning, but there are signs that this true. Now some scientists are saying how to do more difficult jobs doing the kind of work that doctors, other professionals do at the moment.
might begin	might have might lose
If businesses s	start using robots, a lot of people their jobs, but it's also true that people to do new and more interesting jobs
work, people 9	its, for example. If robots do a lot of the boring
	- gerana, nom mo computer screen.

# 2 **PRONUNCIATION** diphthongs

a Look at the words in the square. Circle any three sounds in a line that are the same. The lines can go across, down, or diagonally.

m <b>igh</b> t	decide	b <b>uy</b>	ann <b>oy</b>	south
w <b>o</b> n't	alth <b>ough</b>	kn <b>ow</b>	owl	here
br <b>ea</b> k	sc <b>are</b> d	now	slow	id <b>ea</b>
m <b>ay</b>	w <b>ear</b>	h <b>air</b>	th <b>ere</b>	souven <b>i</b> l
fail	n <b>oi</b> sy	enj <b>oy</b>	b <b>oy</b>	s <b>ure</b>

b 11.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

# 3 VOCABULARY word building: noun formation

a Complete the chart with the correct nouns.

Verb	Noun	
choose	<sup>1</sup> choice	
confuse	2	
decide	3	
die	4	
compete	5	
educate	6	
invite	7	
live	8	
invent	9	
fly	10	
succeed	11	
revise	12	
advise	13	
pronounce	14	

b	Complete the sentences with a verb or noun
	from a.

1	I made the right of	choice to co	ontinue studying
	when I left school	. I loved university	<i>y</i> .
2	After thesad for weeks.	of our dog,	we were all really
3	They're going to party.	all th	neir friends to their
4	The	was very long, bu	ut I watched three
	films on the plane		
5	The documentary author, Charles Di		of the
6	Have you done er tomorrow?	nough	for your exam
7	The computer was	s a very important	
	The new Chinese		



# c Complete the sentences with might or might not and a noun from **a**.

1	I'd love to go to Lo	uisa's party, but I <u>might not</u>				
		. We had an argument				
	last week.					
2	We	win the				
	tomorrow. The tear	m we're playing isn't very good.				
3		get a better				
		_ if we teach them at home. The				
	local school is terril					
4	1	book the to				
	Miami. It's very expensive and I don't have much					
	money.					
5		take Marta's				
		She's usually wrong.				
5	Carlos	watch some English films				
	to improve his	3				



# Twinstrangers.net

There are two things in life for which we are never truly prepared: twins. Josh Billings, American writer

G so, neither + auxiliaries V similarities and differences P & and A

list.

# 1 VOCABULARY similarities and differences

- a Circle the correct word.
  - 1 My sister and I are similar / identical twins even our mum sometimes doesn't know who's who!
  - 2 I have the same colour eyes as / that my dad.
  - 3 My brother and I are both / same in a band. I'm a guitarist and he's a drummer.
  - 4 My cousin and I are quite similar / identical, but she's taller than me.
  - 5 Do you look like / as your mother?
  - 6 When we went back to the house where we used to live, it seemed very different from / as how I remembered it.
- b Complete the text with words from the list.

as both different identical like similar

# The same but different People think my best friend Sam and I are sisters, because we're very 1 similar from the same town <sup>2</sup> me, and we look 3 each other, but we aren't because her eyes are 5 from mine. We <sup>6</sup> like shopping, and we have the same taste in clothes, too. We even have the same surname - Johnson. This confuses a lot of people!

2 GRAI	<b>MMAR</b>	so,	neither +	auxiliaries
--------	-------------	-----	-----------	-------------

M	atch the sentences with the replies.
1	I'm from Oxford.
2	I really hated the film.
3	I'm going to be 21 this month.
4	I was really bad at history at school.
5	Dave doesn't have time to take me to the airport.
6	I had a great time at the party.
7	Caroline has never been to Greece.
а	So did I. It was very boring.
b	So am I. What day is your birthday?
С	So did I. I stayed until five in the morning.
d	So was I. I could never remember all those dates.
е	Neither have I. That's why we want to go there.

g So am I. Where do you live? b Complete the conversation with phrases from the

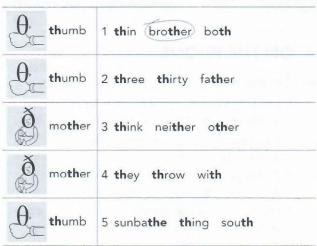
Neither did | Neither have | Neither was | So am I (x2) So would I

f Neither do I. Why don't you take the bus?

Α	are? You know, tha	rer watch <i>Who do you think you</i> t TV series where celebrities find
	out about the histo	ory of their families?
В	Yes, I do. But I didi	n't see it last night.
Α	<sup>1</sup> Neither did I.	_ I wasn't at home.
В	2	But I'm going to watch it on
	catch-up later.	
Α	3	I think it's really interesting. I'd
	love to find out ab	out my family.
В	4	I'm thinking about doing some
	research online.	
А	5	But I haven't done anything
	about it yet.	
В	6	

Respond to the statements with So or Neither to say that you are the same. I'm going out tonight. So am I thumb thumb I went away last weekend. mother mother I haven't done my English homework. thumb I got up late today. repeat the words. I'm not very hungry. I'm going away for the weekend. I can't drive. I don't like spicy food. I'd love to travel round the world. I don't have any pets. I didn't sleep very well last night. 10 I hate queuing.

Circle the word with a different sound.



- 11.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and
- c 11.4 Listen and respond. Say you're the same.





# Practical English Time to go home

on the phone

1 (	1C	1.	TH	HE	PH	10	N	E
		W .		III Illianos			n an	lba

- a Circle a, b, or c.
  - 1 Hello, Marketing. \_\_\_ can I help you?
    - a Which b Who c How
  - 2 Can I speak \_\_\_\_ Laura Jones, please?
    - a on b at c to
  - 3 I'll put you \_\_\_\_ now.
    - a across b over c through
  - 4 Hello, \_\_\_\_ is Laura Jones.
    - a here b these c this
  - 5 Oh sorry. I have the \_\_\_\_ number.
    - a wrong b bad c false
  - 6 Can I \_\_\_\_ a message for Anna, please?
    - a make b say c leave
  - 7 Don't worry. I'll call later.
    - a over b back c into
  - 8 I'm sorry, the line's \_\_\_\_ at the moment.
    - a occupied b busy c full
  - 9 I'm afraid Teresa isn't \_\_\_\_ her desk at the moment.
    - a by b with c at
  - 10 Sure, I'll \_\_\_\_ him a message for you.
    - a say b tell c give
- **b** Complete the conversations.
  - 1 A I'm sorry, I can't take your call at the moment. Please I\_\_\_\_\_\_ a message after the beep.
    - B Hi, Oliver, this is Mark r\_\_\_\_\_\_ your call.
  - 2 A Hi, Amy.
    - B I'm s , you have the wr number.
  - 3 A Hello, this is Reception. How can I help you?
    - B Good morning. Mr Clarke, please.
    - A I'm sorry, the I\_\_\_\_\_ is b\_\_
    - B OK, can I I \_\_\_\_\_\_ a m\_\_\_\_
    - A Yes, of course.
    - B Can you tell him Fiona called? I'll c\_ b\_\_\_\_\_later.
  - 4 A Good morning, London 24seven.
    - B Hello, can I speak to Alison, please?
    - A Just a second, I'll p\_\_\_\_\_\_ you through.

- Write the correct question or response for the situations.
  - 1 In a hotel, you want the receptionist to let you talk to the manager on the phone.
    - Can I speak to the manager, please?
  - 2 Someone phones you, but they haven't called the right number.
    - I'm sorry, you \_
  - 3 Someone calls you at work. You offer to help them.
  - 4 You call an office, but Mrs Jones is not at her desk. You want to tell her something.
  - 5 Someone asks you if it's OK for you to wait. You want to say that's fine.
    - OK, I'll
  - 6 The person you want to talk to is not there. You want to say that you will phone again in a few hours.
  - 7 Someone says your colleague is not answering her office phone. Suggest ringing her mobile. You could

## 2 SOCIAL ENGLISH

Circle the correct word or phrase.

- 1 A Does your girlfriend know you're here?
  - B No, I'll call her / call to her now.
- 2 A I have a new job!
  - B That's great news / a great news.
- 3 A I've got something to tell you.
  - B Me, too. But you do first / go first.
- 4 A What are you doing here?
  - B I'll explain after / later.
- 5 A Is everything all right?
  - B Never better / Ever better.

# Can you remember...? 1-11

#### 1 GRAMMAR

Circle a, b, or c.

- 1 If we \_\_\_\_ London, I'd have to find another job.
  - a would leave b will leave c left
- 2 We can't find the TV remote control so we can't \_\_\_\_
  - a turn on it b turn up it c turn it on
- 3 Leonardo da Vinci \_\_\_\_ in France from 1516 to 1519.
  - a was living **b** has lived **c** lived
- 4 These glasses are very expensive because \_\_\_\_ by hand.
  - a they are made b they make c they have made
- 5 I'm lucky because I don't work at weekends.
  - a have to b should c must
- 6 Sue is a woman I \_\_\_\_ know a long time ago.
  - a used b use to c used to

#### 2 VOCABULARY

Circle the word that is different.

- 1 geography history classroom art
- 2 cycling sightseeing tennis skiing
- 3 noisy exciting dangerous polluted
- 4 quite quickly very really
- 5 checkout changing room rubbish receipt
- 6 cap sandals trainers boots

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

Circle the word with a different sound.

mother	1 nei <b>th</b> er wea <b>th</b> er ba <b>th th</b> ose
chair	2 hair wear there near
horse	3 call part talk four
d3 jazz	4 ima <b>g</b> ine <b>j</b> eans <b>G</b> erman <b>G</b> reek
/rd/	5 invited needed arrived wanted
computer	6 p <b>er</b> son train <b>er</b> sweat <b>er a</b> rrive

#### 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

Read the article. Circle a, b, or c.

Cycling superstar

Danny MacAskill, who comes from Dunvegan in Scotland, is one of the <sup>1</sup>\_\_\_\_ trials bike riders in the world.

If you don't know what a trials bike is, it's a bit smaller than a mountain bike, and you can do some amazing things on it. Or at least, Danny MacAskill can. When he <sup>2</sup> on his bike, he can go up or down steps, fly over walls, or climb mountains. Sometimes it's difficult <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_ that this is just a bike and not a <sup>4</sup>\_\_\_ of magic machine.

Danny's professional career began when he was 23 and his flatmate David Sowerby made a short video of him on his bike.

Danny put it up on YouTube, where it <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_ by millions of people. From that moment on, Danny discovered that he was <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_ becoming an internet superstar. In the United States, the *New York Times* and *National Geographic* wrote stories about him. He <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_ up his job as a bicycle mechanic and moved to Edinburgh to ride his bike full time. He <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_ lots of awards, and he was chosen to carry the Olympic torch through the city of Glasgow.

Since then, Danny 9\_\_\_\_ other great videos such as 'Way Back Home' and 'The Ridge'. He is now 10\_\_\_\_ to travel across Europe,

and this new video will show people some of his most



- 1 a well **b** good c best 2 a got **b** gets c will get 3 a to believe **b** believe c believing 4 a kind b way c piece 5 a has seen **b** saw c was seen 6 a quick **b** quickly c quicker 7 a gave **b** set c got 8 a earned b won c beat
- 9 **a** has made **b** made
- 10 **a** planning **b** deciding **c** pretending

c makes

For truth is always strange; stranger than fiction. Lord Byron, British poet

**G** past perfect **V** time expressions **P** the letter *i* 

## **VOCABULARY** time expressions

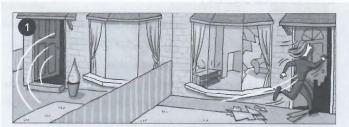
- Match sentences 1-5 with a-e.
  - 1 I arranged to meet Jack at the cinema at 8.00, but he was late. d
  - 2 He was in the living room, relaxing and reading a
  - 3 On the way to the station, he realized he didn't have his wallet.
  - 4 Alice fell off her bike, and Peter was worried when he
  - 5 Frank's date with Wendy was a disaster. He was at the King's Arms and was waiting there.
  - a He phoned her straight away to find out how she was.
  - b He turned round immediately and went back to pick it up.
  - c Meanwhile, she was waiting for him at the King's
  - d He eventually arrived, but the film was nearly finished.
  - e Suddenly there was a loud noise outside and someone was shouting.
- b Complete the sentences with a word from the list.

eventually immediately meanwhile straight away suddenly

- 1 'You're going to miss the bus!' Max's mother shouted. 'Get up immediately. '
- 2 We were watching TV last night. the electricity went off, so we missed the end of the film.
- 3 Dave was in his room hoping that Elsie might call. \_\_\_\_\_, Elsie was in her room waiting for her phone to ring.
- 4 Carol waited and waited for Sam to arrive at the restaurant. \_\_\_\_\_\_, after two hours, she gave up and went home.
- 5 I'm sorry, I forgot to go to the supermarket. I'll do

# 2 GRAMMAR past perfect

- Complete the sentences with the past perfect form of the verb in brackets.
  - 1 The streets were white because it had snowed during the night. (snow)
  - 2 | suddenly remembered that | the windows before I left the house. (not close)
  - 3 We got to the cinema ten minutes after the film \_\_\_\_\_\_. (start)
  - 4 Tina felt nervous when she got on the plane because she \_\_\_\_\_\_ before. (not fly)
  - 5 Paul lent me the book after he it. (read)
  - 6 When Jack got back to the car park, he saw that someone \_\_\_\_\_ his car. (take)
- b Circle the correct words.



Last week my neighbour was on holiday. One night I heard / I'd heard a strange noise in her house. <sup>2</sup>I opened / I'd opened her front door to have a look, and I immediately saw that someone 3 broke / had broken into the house.

Luckily, he (or she!) 4 already left / had already left when I got there, and they 5 didn't steal / hadn't stolen very much - just the TV.



I was looking for my phone yesterday morning, but I couldn't find it. I was sure 6 I didn't lose / I hadn't lost it. because 7I saw / I'd seen it twenty minutes before. Then I realized that 8 I left / I'd left it in my trouser pocket, and <sup>9</sup>I put / I'd put my trousers in the washing machine!

c Read the stories, then write mini-paragraphs of two or three sentences. Use the past perfect and time expressions where necessary.



Write about a time when you missed or nearly missed a bus, train, or plane.

- · say where and when this happened to you
- · say why you were delayed
- · say what eventually happened



A few weeks ago, I arranged to meet my friend Jack at the football stadium. I arrived at 6.30, but he wasn't there. He was at home watching TV because he'd forgotten. Eventually I went in and watched the match, but I was really angry with him.

Write about a time when you tried to meet a friend but things went wrong.

- · say who you were meeting and where
- · say what went wrong with your plans
- · say what your friend was doing or had done meanwhile
- · say what eventually happened

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION the letter i

a Circle the word with a different sound.

<b>T</b>	bike	1 arrive drive signal
	f <b>i</b> sh	2 driven surprise miracle
<b>T</b>	bike	3 kill spider outside
	f <b>i</b> sh	4 notice while miss

b 12.1 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

# Think before you speak

Gossip is what no one claims to like, but everyone enjoys. Joseph Conrad, Polish writer

**G** reported speech **V** say or tell? **P** vowel + double consonant

1 GRAMMAR reported speec	1	GRAMMAR	reported	speec	h
--------------------------	---	---------	----------	-------	---

а	Match the direct speech to the reported	d speech.
	1 'I work hard.' e	a Emma said that she had worked hard.
	2 'I worked hard.'	b Emma said that she could work hard.
	3 'I'm working hard.'	c Emma said that she would work hard.
	4 'I can work hard.'	d Emma said that she was working hard.
	5 'I'll work hard.'	e Emma said that she worked hard.
b	Complete the reported speech.	
	Direct speech	Reported speech
	1 'I want to leave my husband.'	Jane said that she wanted to leave her husband.
	2 'I don't like my wife's parents.'	Peter told me that he
	3 'I'm getting divorced.'	Katie told me that she
	4 'I've been to the hospital.'	Matt told me that he
	5 'I haven't met my brother's girlfriend yet.'	Susan said that she
	6 'I saw James with another woman.'	Robert said that he
	7 'I can't cook.'	Lucy told me that she
	8 'I won't tell anyone.'	Martin said that he
	9 'I'll speak to my boss.'	Katherine said that she
	10 'I have a lot of work to do.'	My boyfriend told me that he
С	Write the sentences in direct speech.	
	1 Alice said she was busy.	
	She said: 'I'm busy.'	
	2 Amelia said that she wanted a cup of coffe	ee.
	She said: '	
	3 They told me that they hadn't seen their n	
	4 Steve told me that he didn't want to go to	
	He said: '	Y
	5 Helen and Paul said they would come to the	
	They said: '	
	6 Fabio said that he had broken his arm.	
	He said: '	
	7 The guide told me that the building was ve	ery old.
	She said: '	
	8 My friends said that they couldn't help me	
	They said: '	

# 2 VOCABULARY say or tell?

a Circle the correct word.



- 1 They said /told us that they were getting married next month.
- 2 Did Angela say / tell you that she wasn't happy?
- 3 Janet's husband said / told that he was working late.
- 4 You said / told that you didn't like men with beards.
- 5 I said / told you that I had a new girlfriend.
- 6 We said / told that we were going away this weekend.
- 7 Did Paul say / tell that he couldn't come tonight?
- 8 I said / told Mary that you were in a meeting.
- 9 The teacher said / told that we had to do exercise 5.
- 10 You didn't say / tell me that Mike had called this morning.

#### b Complete the sentences with said or told.

another woman.

1	Lucy said	that she'd been to a friend's house.
2	We	our parents that we wouldn't be
	home for lund	ch.
3	1	you that the man she was with wasn't
	her brother.	
4	They	that they were going to Turkey this
	summer.	
5	Jack	me that he didn't have a girlfriend.
6	You	that you weren't going out tonight.
7	James	that he was busy tonight.
8	1	_ that the film started at eight o'clock
	not seven o'c	lock.
9	We	our friends that we were going to
	get married.	
10	Olivia.	

c Match 1-5 with a-e to make	ce sentences.
------------------------------	---------------

1	My neighbour told <u>c</u>
	The teacher said that
1000	My parents told
	When I saw my friend, I told
	My friend Sophie said that
а	her that she looked lovely in her new dress.
b	I needed to speak more in class.
C	me that he was going away for the weekend.
d	she hadn't enjoyed her holiday.
е	me that they'd always be there for me.
S	omplete the sentences about things people have aid to you recently, or that you have said to them. se reported speech and say or tell.
1	My neighbour told me
2	My teacher
3	My parents
4	When I saw my friend, I
	My friend
	3 4 5 a b e d e C s 6 U 1 2 3 4

# 3 PRONUNCIATION vowel + double consonant

a Look at the words in the square. Circle any three vowel sounds in a line that are the same. The lines can go across, down, or diagonally.

miss	bitten	middle	<b>o</b> pposite	b <b>o</b> rrow
h <b>u</b> rry	l <b>e</b> tter	wr <b>i</b> tten	little	g <b>o</b> ssip
h <b>a</b> ppy	different	t <b>e</b> nnis	b <b>o</b> ttle	r <b>u</b> bbish
<b>e</b> gg	m <b>a</b> rried	<b>o</b> ffer	l <b>e</b> ggings	f <b>u</b> nny
b <b>a</b> ggage	<b>a</b> ccident	r <b>a</b> bbit	b <b>i</b> gger	s <b>u</b> mmer

b 12.2 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

# The English File quiz

Douglas Adams, English author

G questions without auxiliaries V revision of question words P question words

# **PRONUNCIATION** question words

- Tick (✓) the words that start with the same sound.
  - 1 who how
- 3 what whose
- 5 how whose

7 which whose

- 2 where when
- 4 when who

**b** 12.3 Listen and check. Then listen again and repeat the words.

- 6 why what

# 2 VOCABULARY revision of question words

Complete the questions in the English File quiz with a word from the list.

how what when where which who whose why

# The English File Quiz



- 1 Q Where \_\_\_\_ did Jim Springer meet his twin brother?
  - A In a café in Dayton.
- 2 Q \_\_\_\_\_ does Maggie Alderson do?

......

- A She's a journalist.
- ...... 3 Q \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the lead singer of Arctic Monkeys?
  - A Alex Turner.
- 4 Q \_\_\_\_\_\_ is orange juice bad for your teeth?
  - A Because there's a lot of acid in it.
- 5 Q \_\_\_\_\_ was the saxophone invented?
  - A In 1846.
- of these sports uses a net: volleyball, rugby, or karate?
  - A Volleyball.
- 7 Q long has Chloe been afraid of buttons?
  - A Since she was a baby.
- \_ illustrations of happiness have appeared on Facebook?
  - A Ralph Lazar and Lisa Swerling's.

# 3 **GRAMMAR** questions without

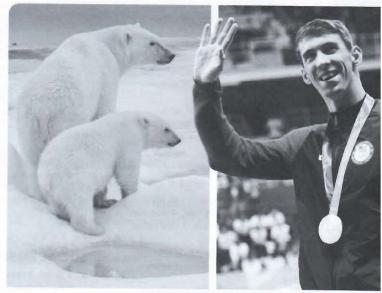
а	ux	riliaries		
C	irc	le the correct form of the question.		
1	a	Who did paint The Kiss?		
<	b	Who painted The Kiss?		
2	а	How many lives do cats have?		
	b	How many lives have cats?		
3	а	Who did become president of France in 2017?		
	b	Who became president of France in 2017?		
4	а	Which British singer did die on 10 January 2016?		
	b	Which British singer died on 10 January 2016?		
5	a	Who did Amal Alamuddin marry in 2014?		
	b	Who Amal Alamuddin married in 2014?		
6	a What animal went into space in 1957?			
	b	What animal did go into space in 1957?		
7	a	What invented Peter Durand in 1810?		
	b	What did Peter Durand invent in 1810?		
M	late	ch the questions in <b>a</b> to these answers.		
а	Ni	ne. <u>2</u>		
b	Da	avid Bowie		
С	Emmanuel Macron.			
d	The state of the s			
е	Ge	eorge Clooney		
f	Tir	n cans for food		
g	Α	dog called Laika		

	_				0.2	12	
C	Comp	lete	the	questions	for	the	answers.

1	What inade Wark Zuckerberg	tamous:
	Facebook made Mark Zuckerberg famous.	
2	How many Oscars	?
	The film La La Land won six Oscars.	
3	Where	?
	Polar bears live in the Arctic.	
4	Who	Sunflowers?
	Vincent van Gogh painted Sunflowers.	
5	How many Olympic medals	
	for swimming?	
	Michael Phelps won 28 Olympic medals for	
	swimming.	
6	Which country in	
	India produces the most bananas in the wor	·ld.
7	Who the World V	Vide Web?
	Tim Berners-Lee invented the World Wide V	Veb.
8	When	?
	The Second World War ended in 1945.	

# d Write questions.

1	What / you / usually do at weekends	
	What do you usually do at weekends?	
2	Who / sit next to you in class?	
		?
3	How often / you / usually go to the cinema?	
	AUCLOR	?
4	Which city in your country / have the most beautiful buildings?	
		?
5	What / you / like watch on TV?	
		?
6	How many times a week / you / do sport or exercise?	
		?
A	nswer the questions in <b>d</b> about you.	
1	l usually	
2	My friend	
3	l usually	
4		
5		





# 1A

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2f, 3h, 4c, 5g, 6b, 7a, 8e, 9d
- 2 do, 3 sport, 4 music, 5 lunch, 6 pets,
   7 live, 8 do / learn / study, 9 do, 10 born

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 can l
  - 3 were you
  - 4 Do the children want
  - 5 Did you see
  - 6 does your boyfriend do?
  - 7 did she learn
  - 8 do you get up
- **b** 2 Is your girlfriend a student?
  - 3 What do you do at the weekend?
  - 4 How often do you go out?
  - 5 Where did you go last Saturday?
  - 6 Did you have a nice time?
- c 2 What did you do last night?
  - 3 What TV series do you watch?
  - 4 When is your birthday?
  - 5 Where are you from?
- 6 Where did you go on holiday last year?
- 7 What kind of books do you read?
- d Students' own answers

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2R, 3B, 4P, 5K, 6M, 71
- c 2 A, 3 U, 4 P, 5 O, 6 Y

# 1B

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 blonde, 3 long, 4 bald
- b 2 funny, 3 friendly, 4 lazy, 5 clever, 6 unkind, 7 stupid, 8 shy, 9 quiet
- 2 bald, 3 extrovert, 4 beard, moustache,
  5 like, 6 thin, overweight,
  7 hard-working, 8 like, talkative,
  9 serious, 10 mean

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 Does, want, 3 doesn't, rain, 4 watches, 5 Does, speak, 6 Do, work, 7 don't play, 8 loves
- b 2 You're never too old to get married.
  - Candice sees her boyfriend every day.
  - 4 Alice **sometimes** meets people on the internet.
  - 5 It's always fun to go on a date.
  - 6 I hardly ever see my wife these days.
  - 7 I never go out during the week.
- c 2 earns, 3 study, 4 want, 5 lives, 6 share, 7 have, 8 doesn't come, 9 doesn't like, 10 prefer, 11 don't see, 12 get on
- d 2 a Where do you live? b Where does Anna live?
  - 3 a Who do you live with? b Who does Anna live with?
  - 4 a Do you like going to parties? b Does Anna like going to parties?
  - 5 a Are you shy or extrovert? b Is Anna shy or extrovert?
- e Students' own answers

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

a 2 lives, 3 likes, 4 starts, 5 leaves, 6 cooks

## 1C

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 leggings, 3 trousers, 4 shirt, 5 cap, 6 tracksuit, 7 trainers, 8 belt, 9 coat, 10 dress, 11 tie, 12 shorts
- b 2a, 3i, 4h, 5f, 6c, 7b, 8g, 9j, 10d
- c 2 behind, 3 between, 4 in front of, on, 5 next to, 6 above, 7 under

#### 2 PRONUNCIATION

a /a/ fashion sandals sweater trainers trousers /31/ shirt skirt third T-shirt world

#### 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2 'm looking, 3 's doing,
   4 's wearing, 5 isn't smiling
- b 2 drives, 3 are sleeping, 4 's raining,5 drinks, 6 wears, 7 're studying, 8 live
- 2 are, playing, 3 is, doing, 4 is, wearing, 5 is, wearing,
  - 6 is, carrying, 7 is, wearing, 8 is, doing
- d 2 are playing football
  - 3 is riding a bike
  - 4 She's wearing a tracksuit and trainers.
  - 5 The woman on the right is wearing a dress and a cardigan.
  - 6 She's carrying a bag.
  - 7 He's wearing shorts, a T-shirt and trainers.
  - 8 He's sleeping.

# Practical English

#### 1 CALLING RECEPTION

- a 2 put, 3 send, 4 bother, 5 This, 6 's
- **b** 2 There's a problem with the shower
  - 3 I'll send somebody right up now
  - 4 I'm sorry to bother you
  - 5 I have a problem with the wi-fi
  - 6 I'll put you through to IT

#### 2 I'LL

2 a, 3 d, 4 b

#### 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

- a 2 to be, 3 must, 4 guess, 5 too, 6 By the way
- b 2 good view, 3 must be, guess,4 By the way, too

# Can you remember...? 1

#### 1 GRAMMAR

1 are you doing, 2 don't think, 3 can I, 4 She's always, 5 do, 6 works

#### 2 VOCABULARY

1 slim, 2 height, 3 generous, 4 kind, 5 jeans, 6 tights

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

1 shirt, 2 painter, 3 A, 4 dates, 5 likes, 6 glasses

## 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

1 b, 2 a, 3 c, 4 b, 5 c, 6 a, 7 b, 8 b, 9 a, 10 a

# 2A

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a Regular: arrived, asked, invited, rented, stayed, studied Irregular: bought, could, chose, ate, felt, said
- b 2 didn't buy, 3 weren't, 4 didn't swim,5 didn't rent, 6 didn't spend
- c 2 wanted, 3 booked, 4 took, 5 arrived, 6 went, 7 asked, 8 looked, 9 couldn't, 10 went
- d 2 did they want, 3 did they book,
   4 did they arrive, 5 did the woman,
   6 did they go

#### 2 PRONUNCIATION

a 2 wanted, 3 booked, 4 invited, 5 waited

#### **3 VOCABULARY**

- a 2 go for a walk, 3 book a flight online, 4 go abroad, 5 go swimming, 6 go out at night, 7 stay in a hotel, 8 go sightseeing, 9 sunbathe on the beach, 10 go away for the weekend
- b 2 sunny, 3 crowded, 4 noisy, 5 unhelpful
   6 basic, 7 friendly, 8 lovely, 9 cloudy
   10 luxurious
- c 2 How did you get there? I went by plane.
  - 3 Where did you stay? I stayed in a hotel.
  - 4 How long did you stay? I stayed for ten days.
  - 5 What did you do? I went swimming.
  - 6 What was the weather like? It was sunny.
- d Students' own answers

# 2B

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 in, in, 3 on, 4 in, 5 on, at, in, at, on, 6 at, on, 7 at, in, at, 8 At, in, in
- **b** 2 on, in, 3 on, in, on, 4 in, on, 5 at, 6 on, 7 at, in, 8 at
- c bin, cin, don, e on, fat, gon, hat
- d 2a, 3h, 4e, 5c, 6b, 7f, 8g

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 Were, working, 3 were you doing, 4 wasn't raining, 5 wasn't living, 6 was getting
- **b** 2 Mark was talking on the phone when he got a text.
  - 3 The children were playing computer games when the visitors arrived.
  - 4 We were having a barbecue when it started to rain.
  - 5 I was writing a report when my computer crashed.

# **ANSWER KEY**

- c 2 We were trying to find the exit.
  - 3 I was closing the windows.
  - 4 We were washing the coffee cups.
  - 5 I was counting the money.
  - 6 Students' own answer

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

a 2 U, 3 U, 4 S, S, 5 U, S, S, 6 U

## 2C

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 The next day, 3 when, 4 Suddenly,
   5 Two minutes later, 6 After that
- b 2a, 3b, 4a, 5b
- c 2 but, 3 Although, 4 so, 5 Although, 6 because, 7 but

#### 2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 1 First syllable stressed: awful, birthday, evening, hurry, perfect, quickly, summer
  - 2 Second syllable stressed: again, along, although, because, before, behind, invite

#### 3 VOCABULARY

- a 2g, 3f, 4b, 5h, 6a, 7e, 8c
- **b** 2 waiting, 3 invited, 4 'm, 5 driving, 6 played, 7 ran, 8 gave
- c Students' own answers

# **3A**

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 lifts, 3 gates, 4 trolley, 5 customs,
   6 arrivals, 7 terminal, 8 departures
- b 2 security check, 3 passport control, 4 gate number, 5 bag drop
- 2 lifts, 3 departures, 4 bag drop, 5 gate,
   6 passport control, 7 baggage reclaim,
   8 trolley, 9 customs, 10 arrivals

#### 2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 change, 3 bigger, 4 foggy, 5 region,6 gate
- c Sentence 3 also has the same g sounds.

#### 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2d, 3a, 4b, 5q, 6e, 7f
- b 2 'm going to book, 3 isn't going to sleep, 4 are, going to stay,
  5 isn't going to fly, 6 is, going to get
- c 2 Sam isn't going to buy a new suitcase today.
  - 3 Dave's going to meet Claire at Terminal 2 at 12.30.
  - 4 Sally's going to fly from London to New York on Wednesday.
  - 5 Esme's going to book an airport taxi this evening.
- d Students' own answers

### 3B

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 about, 3 on, 4 for, 5 for, 6 at, 7 in, 8 to
- b 2 about, 3 with, 4 for, 5 on, 6 to, 7 to
- c 2 arrived in, 3 depends on, 4 waiting for 5 agree with, 6 think about

#### **2 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 2 L, 3 L, 4 Not L, 5 Not L
- 2 depends on, 3 forgot about 4 worried about, 5 talk about

#### 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2 Are you staying, 3 we're having, 4 I'm flying, 5 I'm travelling, 6 are you getting, 7 Marika's coming, 8 Is she going, 9 she isn't going, 10 are you getting
- **b** 2 Both forms possible
  - 3 it's going to snow
  - 4 he's going to get
  - 5 aren't going to miss
  - 6 Both forms possible
  - 7 Both forms possible
- 8 she's going to have
- c 2 he's going to Cambridge
  - 3 On Wednesday, he's working at home.
  - 4 On Thursday, he's having dinner with Cassie.
  - 5 On Friday, he's listening to a new pianist.
  - 6 On Saturday, he's having a barbecue.
- d Students' own answers

# 30

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2a, 3d, 4h, 5b, 6g, 7e, 8c
- **b** 2 where, 3 that, 4 that, 5 which, 6 where, 7 that
- c 2 which, 3 who, 4 which, 5 where, 6 which, 7 which
- d Sentences 2, 3, 4, 6 and 7
- e Students' own answers

#### 2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 play, 3 cap, 4 thin, 5 wallet, 6 blouse, 7 teacher, 8 hotel The hidden word is alphabet.
- b 2 opposite, 3 similar, 4 like, 5 something, 6 example, 7 somcone, 8 somewhere

#### Suggested answers

- c Down:
  - 2 It's the opposite of badly.
  - 3 It's something you take photos with.
  - 4 It's a place that has lots of interesting old things like statues or paintings.
  - 5 It's a word that describes someone or something that makes you laugh.
  - 7 It's the opposite of short.

#### Across:

- 3 It's somewhere where you can sleep in tents.
- 6 It's something which can take you up or down to a different floor.
- 8 It's a place where young people learn.
- 9 It's a long line of people who are waiting for something.
- 10 It's the opposite of hard-working.
- 11 It's something that tells you what you can eat in a restaurant.

#### **3 PRONUNCIATION**

a 2 cute, 3 hate, 4 plane, 5 cut, 6 note,
 7 plan, 8 bite, 9 not, 10 bit

# Practical English

#### 1 VOCABULARY

 $2\ \text{menu},\ 3\ \text{course},\ 4\ \text{waiter}\ /\ \text{waitress},\ 5\ \text{bill},\ 6\ \text{tip}$ 

#### 2 AT THE RESTAURANT

- 2 Yes, please.
- 3 Can I get you something to start with?
- 4 No, thank you. Just a main course. I'd like the steak, please.
- 5 And how would you like your steak? Rare, medium or well done?
- 6 Rare, please.
- 7 Would you like that with fries or with a baked potato?
- 8 A baked potato, please.
- 9 OK. And to drink?
- 10 Water, please.
- 11 Still or sparkling?
- 12 Still.
- 13 Here's your steak, madam.
- 14 I'm sorry, but I asked for my steak rare, and this is well done.
- 15 I'm very sorry, madam. I'll take it back to the kitchen.

#### 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

- a 1 start with, 2 any suggestions, be great,
   3 Could, 4 a mistake, 5 to go
- **b** 2 that would be great
  - 3 Do you have any suggestions?
  - 4 Could we have the bill, please?
  - 5 there's a mistake
  - 6 tell me, to start with

# Can you remember...? 1-3

#### 1 GRAMMAR

1 a, 2 c, 3 b, 4 c, 5 a, 6 c

#### 2 VOCABULARY

1 sightseeing, 2 comfortable, 3 leggings, 4 hire, 5 station, 6 unfriendly

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

1 R, 2 forget, 3 clever, 4 misses, 5 shirt, 6 arrived

#### **4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY**

1 b, 2 c, 3 c, 4 b, 5 a, 6 b, 7 b, 8 c, 9 a, 10 b

# 4A

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 dust the furniture, 3 do the shopping,
  4 make lunch, 5 do the vacuuming,
  6 lay the table, 7 load the dishwasher,
  8 take out the rubbish
- b 2 make, 3 tidy, 4 clear, 5 clean, 6 do, 7 put away
- c 2 make, 3 make, 4 do, 5 do, 6 make, 7 do, 8 make

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 Have you done, 3 I haven't made, 4 I've cut, 5 I've made
- **b** 2 Have you made any plans for the weekend **yet**?
  - 3 We haven't finished lunch yet.
  - 4 Daniel has already tidied his room.
  - 5 I've already done the ironing.
  - 6 Have you been to the supermarket yet?
  - 7 I haven't cleaned the bathroom yet.
  - 8 Edward has already taken out the rubbish.
- c 2 He's just fallen off his bike.
  - 3 They've just won the cup.
  - 4 I've just cleaned the floor.
  - 5 She's just laid the table.
  - 6 She's just done the washing-up.
- d 2 Have you made dinner yet?
  - 3 I haven't started yet.
  - 4 I've just been to the shop.
  - 5 I've cleaned the flat
  - 6 I've already laid the table.
- e Students' own answers

#### **3 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 2 I've just got a new job!
  - 3 A lot of young people like jazz.
  - 4 Do you want your yellow jacket?
  - 5 The journey took over a year.

# **4B**

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 item, 3 basket, 4 payment, 5 auction, 6 checkout, 7 website, 8 delivery
- b 2 changing room(s), 3 checkout, 4 receipt, 5 suit, 6 size, 7 fit, 8 take, back, 9 shop assistants
- 2 sales, 3 till, 4 shopping bag, 5 debit, 6 next-day

#### **2 PRONUNCIATION**

a 2 chemist's, 3 clothes, 4 machine

#### 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2 I haven't brought my credit card.
  - 3 Have Anna and Kay been/gone shopping?
  - 4 Has your sister ever worked as a model?
  - 5 I've been to the shopping centre twice today.
  - 6 We haven't sold anything on eBay recently.
- **b** 1 did you buy, bought
  - 2 Have you ever been, have, went, did you stay, found
  - 3 Have you ever bought, you've never worn, have, did you buy, bought
  - 4 Have you ever lost, have, did you lose, left
  - 5 Have you ever done, haven't, tried, met
- c 2 Dan's booked a flight online.
  - 3 Dan's never stayed in an Airbnb house or flat.
  - 4 Jon and Mia haven't bought something on eBay.
  - 5 Jon and Mia have never booked a flight online.
  - 6 Jon and Mia have stayed in an Airbnb house or flat.
- d 2 Have you ever booked a flight online?
  - 3 Have you ever stayed in an Airbnb house or flat?
- e Students' own answers

# 40

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- 2 boring, 3 excited, 4 relaxed,
   5 frightened, 6 interesting, 7 relaxing
- b 2 relaxing, 3 boring, 4 depressed,5 interested, 6 exciting, 7 depressing,8 frightening, 9 bored, 10 excited

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 anybody, 3 nowhere, 4 anywhere,
   5 someone, 6 something, 7 no one,
   8 somewhere
- b 2 T, 3 T,
  - 4 F There's something on the ground. 5 T.
  - 6 F The man who's cooking is wearing something on his head.
  - 7 F There is somebody in the water.
- c 2 The children were bored because there was nothing to do.
  - 3 Claire thought the party was a bit boring because she didn't know anyone.
  - 4 Tim is relaxed because there's no homework. He isn't doing anything.
- d Students' own answers

#### **3 PRONUNCIATION**

a lel clever dress friendly sweater website lou coat don't goes home photos la funny gloves lunch nothing something

# 5A

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 forty-seven per cent
  - 3 five thousand
  - 4 four point three
  - 5 one thousand eight hundred and fifty
  - 6 two hundred and ten thousand
- b 2a 28 2b twenty-eight
  - 3a ¾ 3b three-quarters 4a 1,750 4b one thousand seven
  - hundred and fifty 5a 50% 5b fifty per cent

# 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 fluently, 3 good, 4 carefully, 5 easy, 6 bad, 7 well, 8 clearly
- b 2 more slowly, 3 hotter, 4 harder, 5 further, 6 better, 7 more dangerous, 8 more quickly
- c 2 Her handbag wasn't as expensive as her shoes.
  - 3 My office isn't as big as my sister's (office).
  - 4 Germany didn't play as well as Spain.
  - 5 I don't drive as carefully as you.
  - 6 Sally doesn't look as relaxed as Harry.
- d 2 more popular than, 3 expensive as,
  4 smaller than they were five years ago.
  5 is worse than it was five years ago.
  6 are less happy than they were five years ago. / aren't as happy as they were five years ago.

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 not@s old@s, 3 better, 4@s good@s, 5 more than, 6 quicker
- c 2 His last book wasn't@s good@s his first one.
  - 3 I'm busier than I was last year.
  - 4 It's cheaper to buy that kind of thing online.
  - 5 I don't spend@s much time working @s before.
  - 6 This test isn't as easy as it looks.

# 5B

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 west, 3 north, 4 east, 5 River, 6 medium-sized, 7 coast
- **b** 2 polluted, 3 safe, 4 noisy, 5 boring, 6 crowded
- c 2 church, 3 museum, 4 harbour, 5 lake, 6 castle
  - The puzzle spells out Quebec.
- d 1 market, hill, 2 bridge, canals, 3 ruins, lake, temples, statues

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 the friendliest, 3 The safest,
   4 the least attractive, 5 the wettest,
   6 the furthest
- b 2 It's the most beautiful building we've ever seen.
  - 3 That's the most expensive thing I've ever bought.
  - 4 It's the best photo you've ever taken.
  - 5 That's the worst flight we've ever had.
- c 2 What's the worst hotel you've ever stayed in?
  - 3 What's the best holiday you've ever had?
  - 4 What's the most interesting museum you've ever visited?
  - 5 What's the nicest restaurant you've ever been to?
- d Students' own answers

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 What's the funniest film you've ever seen?
  - 3 What's the most famous building you've ever seen?
  - What's the most interesting thing you've learnt this year?
  - 5 What's the bost meal you've ever had?

# 5C

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 muscles, 3 heart, 4 liver, 5 blood,
   6 bone
- b 1 teeth, 2 liver, 3 bones, 4 muscles,5 heart, 6 blood

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 a few, 3 many, 4 much, 5 a little, 6 a lot of, 7 A little, 8 a few
- b 2d, 3e, 4f, 5a, 6b
- c 2 too much beer
  - 3 go to bed early enough
  - 4 enough sleep
  - 5 too many biscuits
  - 6 enough fruit and vegetables

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 muscle, 3 enough, 4 blood, 5 none
- c 2 Being in hospital wasn't much fun.
  - 3 I like to give blood every few months.
  - 4 We all need to get enough sun.
  - 5 I don't really do much running.

# Practical English

#### 1 WHY DON'T YOU...?

- 2 don't you take it back
- 3 Why don't you try it on?
- 4 Why don't you get something from the chemist?
- 5 Why don't you buy her some flowers?

#### 2 VOCABULARY

- a 2d, 3e, 4a, 5b
- b 2 extra large, 3 dollars, 4 euros, 5 cents6 medium, 7 pounds

#### 3 TAKING SOMETHING BACK TO A SHOP

2 bought, 3 problem, 4 afraid, 5 size, 6 small, 7 medium, 8 check, 9 sorry, 10 refund, 11 changing rooms, 12 receipt

#### **4 SOCIAL ENGLISH**

- 2 you know
- 3 Why don't we go out for dinner
- 4 Can we make it a bit later
- 5 let's make it eight

## Can you remember...? 1–5

#### 1 GRAMMAR

1 come, 2 anything, 3 yet, 4 as, 5 because, 6 taking

#### 2 VOCABULARY

1 arriving, 2 excited, 3 lake, 4 dangerous, 5 trolley, 6 campsite

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

1 card, 2 large, 3 nowhere, 4 nothing, 5 joke, 6 where

#### **4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY**

1 b, 2 a, 3 a, 4 c, 5 b, 6 a, 7 a, 8 c, 9 b, 10 b

# 6A

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 learn, 3 pass, 4 pull, 5 break, 6 borrow, 7 lose, 8 turn on, 9 send
- b 2 start, 3 sell, 4 pick up, 5 find,6 upload, 7 forget, 8 catch

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 nobody will buy
  - 3 it'll rain
  - 4 You won't miss
  - 5 I'll finish
  - 6 I'll pass, I won't get
  - 7 Our meeting won't finish
- b 2 won't win, 3 'll forget, 4 'll pass, 5 Will, catch, 6 won't find, 7 won't sell
- c 2 You'll have a healthy life.
  - 3 You won't be very rich.
  - 4 You won't always have the same job.
  - 5 you'll have a long life.
  - 6 You'll enjoy learning new things.
- d Students' own answers

#### **3 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 2 He'll meet somebody new.
  - 3 You'll have a good time.
  - 4 She won't get the job.
  - 5 They won't lend you the money.
  - 6 We won't arrive on time.
- c 2 won't, 3 won't, 4 want, 5 won't, 6 want

### 6B

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2g, 3e, 4b, 5d, 6a, 7f
- b 2D, 3P, 4O, 5O, 6D
- c 2 Shall, carry, 3 'II do, 4 'II look, 5 won't say
- d 2 Shall I lend you some money?
  - 3 I'll have the chicken, please.
  - 4 Shall I take your coat?
  - 5 I won't forget to feed the dog.
  - 6 Shall I turn on the air conditioning?

#### 2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 decide, email, promise
  - 3 practise, listen, repair
  - 4 borrow, forget, agree
  - 5 sunbathe, invite, complain

#### 3 VOCABULARY

- a 2a, 3f, 4d, 5b, 6c
- b 2 send, 3 give, 4 call, 5 go, 6 take, 7 paid

# 6C

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2b, 3b, 4a, 5c, 6c, 7b, 8a, 9b
- b 1 going to go
  - 2 do, go, read
  - 3 'll win, 'll lose
  - 4 were, doing, was watching
  - 5 Have, dreamt, 've, had
  - 6 are, doing, 'm reading
  - 7 are, leaving, 's coming
  - 8 Did, sleep, woke up
- c 2 have, done / are doing, 3 works, 4 's studying, 5 's, published, 6 helped, 7 chose, 8 discovered, 9 had, 10 saw, 11 were watching

#### 2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 really, 3 not very, 4 quite, 5 bit,
   6 incredibly
- **b** 2 drives really dangerously
  - 3 's taking / going to take me to a very expensive restaurant
  - 4 was quite interesting
  - 5 was really busy
  - 6 was a bit boring

#### **3 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 5
- c 2 sweater, 3 wear, 4 dream

# 7A

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 offered, 3 didn't want, 4 pretended,
   5 needed, 6 promised, 7 planned,
   8 decided, 9 forgot, 10 learnt
- b 2 learn, 3 tell, 4 improve, 5 close, 6 rain, 7 go, 8 stay

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 difficult to talk, 3 easy to buy, 4 great to hear, 5 fun to be
- **b** 2 to see, 3 not to finish, 4 to find, 5 not to tell, 6 to rent, 7 to take out
- c 2 when to call, 3 how many to buy, 4 where to go, 5 what to study, 6 how much to make, 7 who to take
- d 2 I'm hoping to play tennis with my friends.
  - 3 I'm planning to stay in.
  - 4 I'm trying to learn Japanese.
  - 5 To get a better job.
  - 6 It's difficult to remember vocabulary.
- e Students' own answers

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 I really don't know what to do.
  - 3 She learnt to swim when she was very young.
  - 4 He told us not to come tonight.
  - 5 Do you want to send Tom a card?
  - 6 I think I forgot to turn my phone off.

## **7B**

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2d, 3b, 4a, 5e
- b 2 start, 3 spend, 4 hates, 5 love, 6 likes, 7 don't mind, 8 go on, 9 feel like, 10 stop

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 studying, 3 writing, 4 going, 5 getting,
   6 listening
- b 2a, 3d, 4f, 5e, 6b
- c 3 imagining, 4 driving, 5 listening,
  6 Staying, 7 reading, 8 Not getting up,
  9 taking, 10 going, 11 working,
  12 having, 13 walking, 14 feeling,
  15 not talking, 16 Turning off, 17 leaving
- d Students' own answers
- e Students' own answers

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 boring, 3 ironing, 4 going shopping,5 doing
- c 2c, 3b, 4a

# 7C

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 1 don't have to, have to
  - 2 Do, have to, have to, don't have to
  - 3 Do, have to, don't have to, have to
  - 4 Does, have to, doesn't have to, has to
- b 2 You must, 3 You mustn't,
  - 4 You mustn't, 5 You must, 6 You mustn't
- c 2 mustn't, 3 mustn't, 4 don't have to, 5 mustn't, 6 must
- d 2 have to, 3 must, 4 don't have to, 5 mustn't

#### 2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 good at, 3 good at, 4 bad for,5 bad at, 6 good for
- b 2 from, 3 of, 4 with, 5 of, 6 in, 7 to
- t I full of, 2 famous for, afraid of,
   different from, nicer to,
   4 good at, angry with
- d 2 he's still quite bad at doing homework. He's interested in reading English magazines. He must work harder.
  - 3 She's good at speaking, but is still quite bad at grammar. She's interested in watching English / American films. She must read more.
- e Students' own answers

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

a 3 and 7

# Practical English

#### 1 VOCABULARY

2 cold, 3 bad stomach, 4 temperature, 5 headache, 6 cough

#### **2 GOING TO A PHARMACY**

2 well, 3 symptoms, 4 have, 5 allergic, 6 better, 7 take, 8 every, 9 often, 10 much

#### 3 HAVE GOT

- 2 Has your brother got any children?
- 3 haven't, 4 have you got?
- 5 Have you got any brothers and sisters?
- 6 have

#### **4 SOCIAL ENGLISH**

1 glad, 2 for, 3 should, sure, great

# Can you remember...? 1-7

#### 1 GRAMMAR

1 b, 2 a, 3 b, 4 a, 5 c, 6 c

#### 2 VOCABULARY

1 hate, 2 depressing, 3 harbour, 4 clean, 5 long, 6 do the ironing

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

1 thank, 2 likes, 3 general, 4 going, 5 put, 6 break

#### 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

1 b, 2 b, 3 a, 4 b, 5 c, 6 b, 7 a, 8 b, 9 a, 10 c

# **8A**

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 shouldn't drink (F)
  - 3 should go (A)
  - 4 should see (B)
  - 5 should tell (G)
  - 6 shouldn't give (E)
  - 7 should call (D)
- b 2 should wear, 3 shouldn't buy,
- 4 should visit, 5 shouldn't have,
  - 6 should get

#### **2 PRONUNCIATION**

a 2 could, 3 soup, 4 book

#### **3 VOCABULARY**

- a 2a, 3c, 4c, 5b, 6c, 7d, 8a, 9b, 10d
- b 2 getting up, 3 got lost, 4 get fit,
  5 getting worse, 6 got tickets, 7 get on,
  8 got, text message, 9 get to work,
  10 getting ready
- c 2 She should get a new job.
  - 3 She should get up earlier.
  - 4 She shouldn't get stressed.
  - 5 She should get fit.
  - 6 She should get the bus.
- d Students' own answers

### 8B

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2e, 3a, 4f, 5b, 6d
- b 2 you see, 3 we use, 4 won't get, 5 don't take, 6 isn't
- c 2 find, put, 'll bring, C
  - 3 walk, 'll have, E
  - 4 throw, ask, will come, A 5 catch, won't be ill, F
  - 6 break, 'Il have, B

#### 2 VOCABULARY

- a 2a looking at, 2b watching, 3a looking for, 3b found, 4a wins, 4b earns, 5a heard, 5b listened to
- b 2 lost, missed, 3 tell, says, 4 waiting, hope, 5 met, known, 6 borrow, lend, 7 take, bring
- c 2 lost, 3 look at, 4 listen, 5 won
- d Students' own answers

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

**b** 2 wear, 3 sea, 4 wore, 5 write, 6 meet, 7 weight, 8 one

# 8C

#### 1 PRONUNCIATION

a 2 Version b, 3 Version a, 4 Version b, 5 Version a

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 yours
  - 3 Whose laptop is that?, his
  - 4 Whose keys are those?, hers
  - 5 Whose car is that?, ours
  - 6 Whose coats are those?, yours
  - 7 Whose house is that?, theirs
- **b** 2 yours, ours, 3 his, His, 4 yours, theirs
- c 2 my, 3 his, 4 her, 5 ours, 6 yours, 7 hers, 8 their

#### 3 VOCABULARY

- a 2 masterfully, 3 lazy, 4 serious, 5 sad, 6 completely
- b 2 quietly, 3 seriously, 4 lazily, 5 dreamily, 6 calmly
- 2 mine, completely, 3 Ours, calmly,
   4 Mine, well, 5 ours, seriously,
   6 Mine, quietly

# 94

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a Across: 2 cow, 6 jellyfish, 7 whale, 9 bear, 10 snake
  - Down: 3 spider, 4 bee, 5 sheep, 8 horse
- b 2 mosquito and shark, 3 goat and pig, 4 bee and wasp, 5 bird and bat, 6 dolphin
- c 2 bulls, 3 elephants, 4 kangaroos, 5 flies, 6 camels

#### 2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 monkey tiger giraffe
  - 3 butterfly kangaroo mosquito
  - 4 camel dolphin lion ✓
  - 5 spider rabbit chicken /

#### 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2 saw, she'd scream
  - 3 We'd have, we didn't travel
  - 4 wasn't, he'd get
  - 5 I lived, I'd learn
  - 6 would you do, attacked
  - 7 I got, I'd choose
  - 8 I saw, I'd swim
- 2 had, would you get
  - 3 would you do, saw
  - 4 would you feel, asked
  - 5 would you do, found
  - 6 was, would you do
- c Students' own answers

# 9B

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 've had, 3 have you lived, 4 's worked, 5 haven't heard, 6 've had
- 2 Gill's hated spiders
  - 3 How long
  - 4 We've been married
  - 5 since February
  - 6 for eight years
  - 7 for a long time
- c 2 've only had him since
  - 3 hasn't rained for
- 've been together for
- 5 hasn't been on holiday for
- 've lived here since
- 7 haven't eaten anything since
- 8 's played in the band for

#### 2 VOCABULARY

- a 2 ages, 3 a long time, 4 the weekend, 5 then
- b Students' own answers
- c 2 How long have you known your best friend?
  - 3 How long have you had your computer or tablet?
  - 4 How long have you lived where you live now?
  - 5 How long have you been in your English class?
  - 6 How long have you been on Facebook or Twitter?
- d Students' own answers

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- 2 studied English, three
  - We've lived, six months
  - How long have they been
  - How long has she known
  - 6 How long have you worked

## 9C

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2d, 3b, 4f, 5g, 6h, 7e, 8a
- b 2 separated, got divorced, 3 have children, 4 go, university, 5 fell in love, 6 retired, 7 secondary school, 8 died

#### 2 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 married, 3 secondary, 4 primary, 5 children, 6 retire, 7 university, 8 separate
- c 2 and 5

#### 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2U, 3U, 4F, 5U, 6F, 7U, 8F
- b 2 did, get, 've been
  - 3 has, worked, finished
  - 4 have, had, bought
  - 5 did, meet, 's known
  - 6 have, lived, arrived
- c 2 Where did you live when you were a child?
  - When did you go to primary school?
  - Did you enjoy school?
  - 5 Where did you go to secondary
  - Where do you live now?
  - How long have you lived there?
  - Where do you work or study?
  - How long have you been there?
- d Students' own answers

# Practical English

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2e, 3b, 4d, 5a
- b 2 straight, 3 round, 4 exit, 5 lights, 6 take, 7 left, 8 right

#### 2 ASKING HOW TO GET THERE

- a 2c, 3a, 4b
- 2 Could you say that again?
  - 3 How many stops is that?
  - 4 OK. And then?
  - 5 Where is it?
  - 6 OK, thanks. See you later.

#### 3 SOCIAL ENGLISH

2 said, 3 feel, 4 long, 5 mean

# Can you remember...? 1–9

#### 1 GRAMMAR

1b, 2c, 3c, 4a, 5b, 6c

#### 2 VOCABULARY

1 retired, 2 get fit, 3 goat, 4 mean, 5 terminal, 6 dirty

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 1 beard, 2 blood, 3 were
- b 1 along, 2 beautiful, 3 practise

#### **4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY**

1 b, 2 a, 3 c, 4 c, 5 a, 6 a, 7 c, 8 c, 9 b, 10 a

# 10A

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 basketball, 3 windsurfing, 4 cycling, 5 gymnastics, 6 rugby, 7 karate, 8 baseball
- b 2 go, 3 play, 4 do, 5 do, 6 go, 7 play, 8 do
- c Across: 2 over, 5 down, 6 up, 8 towards,
  - Down: 2 out of, 3 round, 4 into, 7 past, 8 through, 9 along

#### **2 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 2 gym<u>nastics karate basketball</u>
  - volleyball athletics windsurfing

  - cycling handball rugby ✓ football baseball tennis ✓

#### 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2 round, 3 past, 4 across, 5 under, towards, 6 up, 7 away, 8 through
- 2 hit, over, 3 threw, into, 4 kicked, under, 5 went through, 6 ran across
- 2 hit the ball over the net
  - 3 ride up and down hills
  - 4 run round the track
  - 5 kick the ball into the goal 6 throw the ball through the hoop

# 10B

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 over, 3 after, 4 off, 5 in, 6 on
- b 2 throw, 3 turn, 4 look, 5 get, 6 set, 7 go, 8 take
- c 2 give up, 3 looking forward to it, 4 try it on, 5 turn it off, 6 goes off, 7 drop you off, pick you up, 8 run out

## 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2c, 3g, 4d, 5f, 6a, 7e
- **b** 2 √, 3 look after her, 4 √, 5 √, 6 take them off
- c 2 The teacher will give them back on Friday.
  - 3 Are you looking forward to it?
  - 4 I called her back when I arrived at the station.
  - 5 We don't get on with them.
  - 6 Can you turn it on?
- d 2 get up, 3 set off, 4 go out, 5 go away
- e Students' own answers

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

a 2 turn it on, 3 Take it off, 4 look after it. 5 try it on, 6 throw it away

### 10C

#### 1 VOCABULARY

1	Country	Adjective	People
	Turkey	Turkish	the Turks
	America	American	the Americans
	China	Chinese	the Chinese
	Switzerland	Swiss	the Swiss
	Poland	Polish	the Poles
	Japan	Japanese	the Japanese
	Spain	Spanish	the Spanish
	Ireland	Irish	the Irish
	Russia	Russian	the Russians
	Italy	Italian	the Italians
	England	English	the English

b 2 Italians, 3 English, 4 Americans, 5 Turks, 6 Spanish, 7 Japanese

#### **2 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 2 Swedish, 3 shop, 4 shut, 5 cheap
- c 2 This shop sells Belgian chocolate.
  - 3 She showed me the shoes.
  - 4 Which garage has a cash machine?
  - 5 The cheese I chose was cheap.

#### 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2 is bought, 3 is spoken, 4 is called, make, 5 were the Pyramids built, built, 6 gave
- b 2 Contact lenses were invented by a Czech chemist.
  - 3 Where are olives grown?
  - 4 The VW Beetle was designed in the 1930s.
  - 5 Diamonds are found in many different colours.
  - 6 When were vitamins discovered?
- c 2 were made, 3 is grown, 4 was built, 5 was invented
- d 2 The first photograph was taken by Joseph Niépce in 1826.
  - 3 The first car was driven by Karl Benz in 1886.
  - 4 The first X-ray was taken by Wilhelm Röntgen in 1895.
  - 5 The first aeroplane was flown by the Wright brothers in 1903.

# 11A

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2j, 3e, 4b, 5a, 6f, 7i, 8d, 9g, 10h
- b 2 g, 3 c, 4 a, 5 b, 6 i, 7 f, 8 d, 9 e, 10 h
- c 2 literature, 3 maths, 4 art, 5 science, 6 history, 7 technology, 8 geography, The mystery word is learning.

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 didn't use to work
  - 3 used to wear
  - 4 Did you use to have
  - 5 didn't use to study
  - 6 used to be
  - 7 didn't use to play
  - 8 Did your teachers use to give

- b 2 Jon used to go
  - 3 We didn't use to understand
  - 4 Did you use to
  - 5 School used to
  - 6 Did your friends use to help
- c 2 What subject did you use to like most?
  - 3 What subjects did you use to hate?
  - 4 Which teacher did you use to like most?
  - 5 Did you use to work hard?
  - 6 What sports did you use to do?
  - 7 What did you use to do after school?
- d Students' own answers

#### **3 PRONUNCIATION**

- a 2 We used to hate the history teacher.
  - 3 My sister didn't use to like school.
  - 4 We didn't use to wear a uniform.
  - 5 I used to love languages.
  - 6 Did you use to play football in PE?

### 11B

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2 might get, 3 might have, 4 might miss,
   5 might not be, 6 might not come,
   7 might go, 8 might fail, 9 might not give, 10 might rain
- b 2 might succeed, 3 might see, 4 might not be, 5 might learn, 6 might start, 7 might lose, 8 might begin, 9 might have

#### **2 PRONUNCIATION**

might decide buy annoy south although won't know ow here break scared now slow idea there hair may wear souvenir fail noisy enjoy boy sure

#### **3 VOCABULARY**

- a 2 confusion, 3 decision, 4 death,
  5 competition, 6 education, 7 invitation,
  8 life, 9 invention, 10 flight, 11 success,
  12 revision, 13 advice, 14 pronunciation
- **b** 2 death, 3 invite, 4 flight, 5 life, 6 revision, 7 invention, 8 success
- c 2 might, competition
  - 3 might, education
  - 4 might not, flight
  - 5 might not, advice
  - 6 might, pronunciation

#### 11C

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2 as, 3 both, 4 similar, 5 like, 6 from
- **b** 2 as, 3 like, 4 identical, 5 different, 6 both

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2a, 3b, 4d, 5f, 6c, 7e
- b 2 Neither was I, 3 So am I, 4 So would I, 5 So am I, 6 Neither have I
- c 2 So did I., 3 Neither have I., 4 So did I.,
  5 Neither am I., 6 Neither can I.,
  7 So would I., 8 Neither do I.,
  9 Neither did I., 10 So do I.

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

- a 2 father, 3 think, 4 throw, 5 sunbathe
- So would I., 4 So did I.,
  Neither have I., 6 Neither can I.,
  So am I., 8 Neither did I., 9 So have I.,
  Neither do I.

# Practical English

#### 1 ON THE PHONE

- a 2c, 3c, 4c, 5a, 6c, 7b, 8b, 9c, 10c
- **b** 1 leave, returning, 2 sorry, wrong, 3 line, busy, leave, message, call back, 4 put
- c 2 I'm sorry, you have the wrong number.
  - 3 How can I help you?
  - 4 Can I leave a message, please?
  - 5 OK, I'll hold.
  - 6 I'll call back later.
  - 7 You could try her mobile.

#### **2 SOCIAL ENGLISH**

2 great news, 3 go first, 4 later, 5 Never better

# Can you remember...? 1-11

#### 1 GRAMMAR

1 c, 2 c, 3 c, 4 a, 5 a, 6 c

#### 2 VOCABULARY

1 classroom, 2 sightseeing, 3 exciting, 4 quickly, 5 rubbish, 6 cap

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

1 bath, 2 near, 3 part, 4 Greek, 5 arrived, 6 person

#### 4 GRAMMAR & VOCABULARY

1 c, 2 b, 3 a, 4 a, 5 c, 6 b, 7 a, 8 b, 9 a, 10 a

# 12A

#### 1 VOCABULARY

- a 2e, 3b, 4a, 5c
- 2 Suddenly, 3 Meanwhile, 4 Eventually, 5 straight away

#### 2 GRAMMAR

- a 2 hadn't closed, 3 had started,4 hadn't flown, 5 'd read, 6 had taken
- b 2 I opened, 3 had broken,
  4 had already left, 5 hadn't stolen,
  6 I hadn't lost, 7 I'd seen, 8 I'd left,
  9 I'd put
- c Students' own answers

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

a 2 surprise, 3 kill, 4 while

# 12B

#### 1 GRAMMAR

- a 2a, 3d, 4b, 5c
- **b** 2 didn't like his wife's parents
  - 3 was getting divorced
  - 4 'd been to the hospital
  - 5 hadn't met her brother's girlfriend yet
  - 6 'd seen James with another woman
  - 7 couldn't cook
  - 8 wouldn't tell anyone
  - 9 'd speak to her boss
  - 10 had a lot of work to do
- c 2 I want a cup of coffee
  - 3 We haven't seen our new neighbours yet
  - 4 I don't want to go to the cinema
  - 5 We'll come to the party
  - 6 I've broken my arm
  - 7 The building is very old
  - 8 We can't help you

#### 2 VOCABULARY

- 2 tell, 3 said, 4 said, 5 told, 6 said, 7 say, 8 told, 9 said, 10 tell
- b 2 told, 3 told, 4 said, 5 told, 6 said,7 said, 8 said, 9 told, 10 told
- c 2b, 3e, 4a, 5d
- d Students' own answers

#### 3 PRONUNCIATION

a

miss	bitten	middle	<b>o</b> pposite	borrow
hurry	l <b>e</b> tter	written	little	g <b>o</b> ssip
happy	different	tennis	b <b>o</b> ttle	r <b>u</b> bbish
<b>e</b> gg	married	offer	leggings	f <b>u</b> nny
b <b>a</b> ggage	accident	rabbit	bigger	summer

## 12C

## 1 PRONUNCIATION

a 21,3-,4-,51,61,7-

#### 2 VOCABULARY

2 What, 3 Who, 4 Why, 5 When, 6 Which, 7 How, 8 Whose

#### 3 GRAMMAR

- a 2a, 3b, 4b, 5a, 6a, 7b
- b b4, c3, d1, e5, f7, g6
- c 2 did the film La La Land win
  - 3 do polar bears live
  - 4 painted
  - 5 did Michael Phelps win
  - 6 produces the most bananas
  - 7 invented
  - 8 did the Second World War end
- d 2 Who sits next to you in class?
  - 3 How often do you usually go to the cinema?
  - 4 Which city in your country has the most beautiful buildings?
  - 5 What do you like watching on TV?
  - 6 How many times a week do you do sport or exercise?
- e Students' own answers



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